# Chapter 5: STA Performance, Compliance and Optimization

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SUMMARY

The ability of wetlands to assimilate phosphorus is a crucial component of the Everglades restoration program. For this purpose, about 40,000 acres of freshwater wetlands have been built in the Everglades area (STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, and STA-6) (**Figure 5-1** and **Table 5-1**) to remove excess total phosphorus (TP) from surface waters entering into the Everglades Protection Area. Since 1994, these constructed wetlands, referred to as Stormwater Treatment Areas (STAs), have reduced the TP load that would have gone into the Everglades by over 800 metric tons (mt).

Over this past water year, numerous events occurred that impacted the performance of the STAs. For the second water year in a row, the STAs experienced the devastating effects of hurricane winds with accompanying increases in hydraulic and nutrient loads and water column turbidity [Hurricanes Frances and Jeanne in Water Year 2005 (WY2005) (May 1, 2004–April 30, 2005), and Hurricane Wilma in WY2006]. Another issue experienced in some of the STAs was the temporary reduction of effective treatment area due to rehabilitation of the treatment cells or implementation of physical and vegetative enhancement components. The presence of endangered or nesting migratory-protected birds also altered operations.

There have also been many groundbreakings for the STA expansion and enhancements projects. The STA expansion projects involve the addition of large treatment cells to STA-2, STA-5, and STA-6, which will increase the total amount of effective treatment area by about 5,336 acres. STA enhancements, which include construction of interior levees and water control structures, improvements for water flow, and vegetation conversions, continue to be implemented. Recreational facilities for three of the STAs are now designed and will be constructed over the next year, and increased recreational use opportunities, such as duck hunting, bird watching, and hiking, continue to be offered in the STAs.

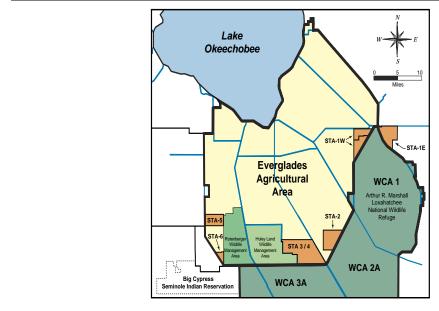


Figure 5-1. Location of the Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas (STAs).

**Table 5-1**. Sequencing of STA start-up dates. ENR refers to the Everglades Nutrient Removal Project STA-1W Cells 1 through 4. STA-1W encompasses Cells 1 through 5.

		STA Start-up Dates Water Years (May - April)											
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
STA-1E													
ENR													
STA-1W													
STA-2													
STA-3/4													
STA-5													
STA-6													

 The South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD or District) has expended much effort in resolving the difficulties encountered in rehabilitating and restarting STA treatment cells following enhancements projects and hurricane damage. STA operational and management issues are discussed by District staff in biweekly STA Leadership Team meetings, and daily activity coordination is continued through weekly and monthly communication meetings. Operational recommendations are made using real-time flow and TP loading data compared to design parameters and target water depths. To fortify the STAs against hurricane impacts, alternate power sources such as installation of hook-ups for portable generators are being installed at key structures, vegetation strips have been added to some of the STAs to reduce the effects of waves and high winds, and loadings into impacted treatment cells, if possible, have been reduced. To address vegetation issues and associated poor TP removal performance of STA-1W Cell 5, a recovery plan (http://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml) was written and a comprehensive sediment reconsolidation plan has been developed (Appendix 5-8). This multifaceted plan included planting rice to stabilize sediments, removing unconsolidated

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sediment at the water control structures, surveying remnant farm roads, and planting emergent vegetation strips in the submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) cell. Measures aimed at minimizing impacts to protected birds included maintaining water stages to prevent the nests from flooding, conducting surveys through a cooperative effort with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and developing an Avian Protection Plan aligned with STA treatment objectives and operations.

An overview of the hydraulic and nutrient loadings, operations, vegetation management, phosphorus and nutrient removal performance, and permit compliance for each of the STAs is presented in this chapter, along with an update of the progress of the STA enhancement projects that were identified in the Everglades Protection Area Tributary Basins Long-Term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals (Long-Term Plan) (Burns and McDonnell, 2003) and subsequent revisions (see Chapter 8 of this volume). This information documents compliance with appropriate conditions of the Everglades Forever Act and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's National Pollution Discharge Elimination System permits.

#### WY2006 STA HIGHLIGHTS

- The six STAs in operation (STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, and STA-6) are in full compliance with state operating permits (**Table 5-2** and within each STA section).
- In Water Year 2006 (WY2006) (May 1, 2005 through April 30, 2006), the STAs combined received over a million acre-feet (ac-ft) of inflow (1,446,316 ac-ft), equating to an average hydraulic loading rate of 3.62 centimeters per day (cm/day) and an average nutrient loading rate of 1.31 grams per square meters per year (g/m²/yr) (**Table 5-1**). Overall, the flow-weighted total phosphorus entering into the STAs was 144 parts per billion (ppb) and the TP load was 257 mt. The STAs retained 175 mt of TP, reducing the inflow TP load by 68 percent and the inflow TP concentration down to 44 ppb (**Table 5-3**).
- Hurricane Wilma impacted all the STAs, resulting in widespread loss of power and damage to the levees and plants (**Figure 5-2** and each STA section).
- Long-Term Plan enhancements construction and vegetation conversion (i.e., divide levees, water control structures, hydraulic improvements) occurred in STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, and STA-6 (Table 5-4). Some of the STAs experienced temporary reduction of effective treatment area due to Long-Term Plan construction and plant regeneration efforts.
- Some of the STAs experienced dry-out conditions, either due to low rainfall amounts or dry-down for plant reestablishment or Long-Term Plan construction.
- Major efforts by the District to rehabilitate STA-1W Cell 5 and STA-2 Cell 3 occurred over this water year. The plant re-growth has been very slow in some of the treatment cells after rehydration and, as a result, water column TP concentration and turbidity have increased in some treatment cells. The biological systems in the STAs have shown stress responses to major storm events, high loadings, and dry out.
- Issues pertaining to threatened, endangered, and migratory birds were addressed; STA operation was affected. The District is currently developing an Avian Protection Plan to be used in conjunction with STA operations.

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- Vegetation management activities, such as SAV rehabilitation research, exotic plant eradication, and creation of buffering vegetation strips within the treatment area, in addition to maintenance management, have occurred.
  - The WY2006 preferred outflow data for STA-3/4 was updated in August 2006. The data presented in this chapter reflects this data change; however, the data is still under review and may be updated in the final report.
  - Recreational opportunities include duck and alligator hunting, bird watching, and tours
  - STA management continues through coordination with multidisciplinary teams: STA Leadership Team, and weekly and monthly communication meetings.



Figure 5-2. Avid bird watchers flock to the STAs (left). Recreational opportunities in the STAs include bird watching, hunting, and hiking. The impacts of Hurricane Wilma damage to the submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) and damage to the high voltage electrical lines (center). Vegetation strips were planted in STA-1W Cell 5 to protect the SAV from wind and wave damage (right).

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The District has performed all sampling and analysis under the latest Chemistry Laboratory Quality Assurance Manual and a Field Sampling Quality Assurance Manual (SFWMD, 2005). A signed copy of these statements is provided in Appendix 5-1 of this volume. The water quality parameters that are addressed include nutrients and physical parameters including but not limited to pH, turbidity, dissolved oxygen, pesticides, major ions, and mercury. A summary of STA operations and issues is presented in **Tables 5-1** and **5-2**. The appendices presented with this chapter provide additional details of the monitoring program, as required by state operating permits, as well as plots showing the annual flow, TP load, and TP concentrations for the inflow and outflow of each STA for each of the years of operation (see Appendix 5-2).

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#### STA PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

Since 1994, the STAs have been retaining TP that would have otherwise entered into the Everglades (Figure 5-4). The amount of phosphorus removed increased as more STAs became operational (Figure 5-1). A complete summary of the STA performance, beginning at start-up, is found in the STA Performance Synopsis section of this chapter. The operational status of the STAs and issues faced this last water year are found in **Table 5-2**, along with the amount of Lake Okeechobee water received by the STAs and the amount of water diverted around the STAs.

Over WY2006, the STAs received variable hydraulic and nutrient loadings (Table 5-3). Large storm events occurred in June and October 2005 and February 2006, but not all the STAs were impacted (refer to each STA section of this chapter for monthly information). TP concentrations from Lake Okeechobee were high following Hurricane Wilma (see Chapter 2 of this volume). Compared to last water year, the amount of loading received by STA-1W was lower and was about the same for STA-2. For STA-3/4, the hydraulic loading rate (HLR) was slightly lower and the nutrient loading rate (NLR) was about the same. Both HLR and NLR were higher for STA-5 and STA-6. Additional details are found in each STA section and in the STA Performance Synopsis section of this chapter. The progress of the STA Long-Term Plan enhancements and expansion projects is also discussed in each STA section (Table 5-4).



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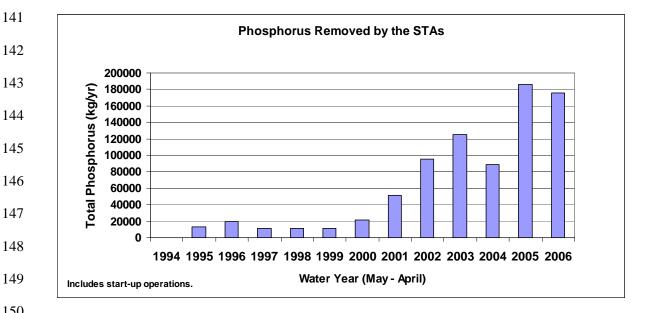
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Figure 5-3. The annual phosphorus removal by the STAs. The STAs began operation at different times: the original section of STA-1W (ENR Project) began start-up in October 1993, expansion of the ENR to become STA-1W in March 1999, STA-2 began in June 1999; STA-3/4 began in October 2003; STA-5 began in October 1999; STA-6 began in October 1997; and STA-1E began in September 2004.

DRAFT 5-5 09/12/06 Table 5-2. Summary of STA operations and issues. Operational phases: (1) Start-up, inundate for vegetation growth. No discharge, phase ends when cell demonstrated net improvement in phosphorus and mercury. (2) Stabilization: discharge, phase ends when 12-month outflow total phosphorus (TP) ≤ 50 parts per billion (ppb). (3) Post-stabilization: after stabilization phase. The terms "fully operational" and "partially operational" refer to the status of the treatment cells.

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STA-1E	Operational WY2006 Diversions and Lake Status Okeechobee Water Received		Operational Issues
	In Stabilization phase	No Diversions lake water received: 16,551 ac-ft, 3.89 mt TP	<ul> <li>Partially operational:</li> <li>Cells 1 and 2 remain closed due to construction of the PSTA demonstration project by the USACE.</li> </ul>

#### Permit timeline:

- Construction completed for Cells 3, 4N, 4S, 5, 6, 7: June 2004
- Start-up operations began September 2004
- Flow-through operations September 30, 2005 (emergency discharges in September and October 2004 due to hurricanes)

STA-1W	Operational Status	WY2006 Diversions and Lake Okeechobee Water Received	Operational Issues			
	In Stabilization Phase	Lake water received: 12,769 ac-ft, 3.37 mt  Diversions through G-300: 20,682 ac-ft, 6.04 mt TP  Diversions through G-301: 26,126 ac-ft, 7.97 mt TP	<ul> <li>Partially operational:</li> <li>Hurricane damage Cell 5</li> <li>Long-Term Plan construction in Western Flow-way January 2005—August 2005. Remains off-line for plant re-growth.</li> <li>Long-Term Plan construction and plant rehabilitation in Northern Flow-way December 2005—present.</li> </ul>			
			Additional 3,018 acres:  Construction completed March 18, 1999  Start-up operations began March 18, 1999  Net improvement: January 21, 2000  Flow-through operations: July 7, 2000			
STA-2	Operational Status	WY2006 Diversions and Lake Okeechobee Water Received	Operational Issues			
	In Stabilization Phase  Lake water received: 6,977 ac-ft, 0.78 mt  Diversion through G-339: 19 ac-ft, 0.002 mt TP		Hurricane damage to Cell 3			

#### Permit timeline:

- Start-up operations began June 1999
- Demonstrated net improvement for phosphorus began October 2000
- Flow-through operations began October 2000 as part of pump station commissioning, although drought prevent normal operations until summer 2001

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# Table 5-2. Continued

STA-3/4	Operational Status	WY2006 Diversions and Lake Okeechobee Water Received	Operational Issues
	In Stabilization Phase	Lake water received: 54,805 ac-ft, 12.26 mt TP Diversion through G-371, G-373, G-373BC: 75,050 ac-ft, 8.74 mt	Partially operational; Long-Term Plan construction in Western Flow-way October 2004–June 2005

#### Permit timeline:

- Cells 1A/1B and 2A/2B began start-up October 2003
- Cell 3 began start up November 2003
- Cell 1 passed start-up January 2004, but lack of flow delayed flow-through until February 2004
- Cell 3 began flow-through June 2004
- Cell 2A/2B began flow-through September 2004

STA-5	Operational Status	WY2006 Diversions	Operational Issues
	In Stabilization Phase	Diversion through G-406: 86,124 ac-ft, 44.04 mt TP	Partially operational: Long-Term Plan construction in Northern Flow-way January 2005–December 2005 Long-Term Plan construction in Southern Flow-way January 2006–September 2006

#### Permit timeline:

- Start-up began December 30, 1998
- Flow-through began October 6, 1999

STA-6	Operational Status	WY2006 Diversions	Operational Issues
	In Post- stabilization Phase	No diversions	

#### Permit timeline:

- Start-up began October 1997
- Flow-through began December 1997

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Table 5-3. STA hydrology and TP removal for Water Year 2006 (WY2006). Refer to each STA section for details regarding the operation of each STA, such as treatment cell start-up and flow-through status and temporary loss of effective treatment area due to vegetation rehabilitation or implementation of the Long-Term Plan enhancements. Effective treatment areas change when treatment cells are temporarily off-line for rehabilitation or construction activities. 31-year (1965–1995) average hydraulic and nutrient loading rates are based on model simulated data.

Average Effective Treatment Area	STA-1E*	STA-1W	STA-2	STA-3/4**	STA-5	STA-6	All STAs
							WY2006
(acres)	3,146	4,181	6,430	15,780	2,612	870	33,019
Inflow:							
Total Inflow Volume (ac-ft)	41,989	142,678	297,364	697,161	216,514	40,467	1,446,316
Hydraulic Loading Rate (HLR) (cm/day)	1.74	3.22	3.86	3.52	4.39	3.88	3.62
31-yr average HLR (cm/day)	2.06	2.00	3.02	3.32	2.62	1.32	
Flow-weighted Mean Inflow TP (ppb)	202	213	120	123	199	104	144
TP Loading Rate (NLR) (g/m²/yr)	1.29	2.49	1.69	1.57	3.18	1.47	2.04
31-yr average NLR (g/m²/yr)	1.33	1.01	1.11	1.07	1.69	0.42	
Total Inflow TP Load (mt)	10.5	37.4	44.0	105.4	53.0	5.2	257.2
Outflow:							
Total Outflow Volume (ac-ft)	31,592	137,890	322,303	776,251	201,102	26,312	1,504,430
Flow-weighted Mean Outflow TP (ppb)	166	113	21	24	96	26	44
Total Outflow TP Load (mt)	6.5	19.3	8.2	22.5	23.7	8.0	81.9
Hydraulic Residence Time (d)	41	13	15	14	6	22	18
TP Retained (mt)	4.0	18.2	35.8	82.9	29.3	4.3	175.3
TP Removal Rate (g/m²/yr)	0.52	1.21	1.38	1.24	1.76	1.23	1.31
Load Reduction (%)	38%	49%	81%	79%	55%	84%	68%
Period of Record:							
Start date	Sep-04	Oct-93	Jun-99	Oct-03	Oct-99	Oct-97	1994 - 2006
TP Retained to Date (mt)	1.6	314.1	149.5	160.7	151.2	32.2	809.4
TP Outflow to Date (ppb)	214	52	18	19	100	19	43

Note:

Average effective treatment areas reflect treatment cells off-line for plant rehabilitation or Long-Term Plan enhancements. Period of record calculations Include start-up data.

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<sup>\* =</sup> STA-1E is a partial water year, October 2005–April 2006.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The STA-3/4 data contains draft, estimated values based on some provisional flow data for WY2006. Upon completing review of the provisional flow data, the value may be revised and updated in the final report. It should also be noted that the inception-to-date numbers presented for the STAs now include start-up flows and loads and therefore will reflect a revision to the STA removal reported in previous SFERs.

# **Table 5-4**. STA enhancements and expansion projects, as listed in the Long-Term Plan and subsequent revisions.

STA	Enhancements and Expansion Projects
STA-1E	<ul> <li>Convert emergent Cells to SAV Cells 2, 4N, 4S, and 6</li> <li>PSTA wetland under construction</li> </ul>
STA-1W	<ul> <li>Replace existing Cell 2 inflow structure G-255 (7 culverts) with a fully operable control structure [three gated culverts, nominal capacity of approximately 585 cubic feet per second (cfs)]</li> <li>Construct a new levee across Cell 2, together with a series of culverts for improved flow distribution (G-249 structures)</li> <li>Convert Cells B to SAV</li> <li>Construct a small seepage pumping station (designated as G-327B) near the northwest corner of Cell 5B to permit withdrawal from the seepage canal to maintain stages in the SAV Cell 5B</li> <li>Addition of a 150-cfs structure (G-307) to replace G-256 as the primary discharge for Cell 4</li> <li>Demolish Cell 4 original outflow G-256 structure and restore levee section</li> <li>Remove tussock material from Cell 2</li> <li>Excavate flow-way cuts along the C-7 canal within Cell 4</li> <li>Excavate flow-way cuts along north end of Cell 2A (submerged remnant farm road)</li> <li>Replace five existing galvanized pipes along the G-254 levee</li> <li>Earthwork for improved flow distribution, Cell 5 (G-304 and G-306 berms)</li> <li>Cell 5 G-304 automation</li> </ul>
STA-2	<ul> <li>Construct interior levees and associated water control structures in the existing treatment cells</li> <li>Conversion of emergent vegetation to SAV in the new downstream cells.</li> <li>Initial expansion of STA-2 includes the construction of an additional 2,015-acre treatment cell on Compartment B</li> <li>Expansion of STA-2 on the remainder of Compartment B</li> </ul>

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Table 5-4. Continued.

STA	Enhancements and Expansion Projects
STA-3/4	<ul> <li>Construct about 3.3 miles of interior levee, subdividing Cell 3 into Cells 3A and 3B</li> <li>Construct additional water control structures through the new levee subdividing Cell 3 into Cells 3A and 3B</li> <li>Extend an overhead power distribution line from the intersection of Interior Levee 3 and Interior Levee 4, extending north along Interior Levee 4 to the new levee across Cell 3, and then west along the new levee across Cell 3 (total length of approximately 3.6 miles)</li> <li>Construct small forward-pumping stations along the interior levees between cells in series to permit withdrawal from upstream emergent marsh cells to maintain stages in the downstream SAV cells. Supplemental flows can be transferred from Cell 2A to Cell 1A through structure G-382A, and between Cell 2A and Cell 3B through structure G-382B</li> <li>Herbicide treatment of Cells 1B, 2B, and 3B for removal of emergent macrophyte vegetation to permit development of SAV</li> <li>Inoculate SAV from STA-2 into STA-3/4 by helicopter to accelerate vegetation recruitment</li> <li>Construction of the full-scale PSTA demonstration project (see PSTA Investigations [BC83(3)] and PSTA Demonstration Project in STA-3/4 [BC83(4)] sections for additional details)</li> </ul>
STA-5	<ul> <li>Modification of G-343 structures.</li> <li>Construct an additional seepage return pumping station near the northwest corner of Cell 1B. This pump station will provide a nominal capacity of 45 cfs, similar to the capacity of existing pumping stations G-349A and G-350A.</li> <li>Remove Obstructions to Flow.</li> <li>Initial expansion of STA-5 includes construction of an additional 2,560-acre treatment cell (i.e., a new flow-way 3) on Compartment C</li> <li>Expansion of STA-5 on remainder of Compartment C</li> </ul>
STA-6	Construct new flow-way (1,440 acres), i.e., STA-6 Section 2

#### **STA MANAGEMENT**

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A detailed breakdown of the sources of inflow water to the STAs, as well as to the Everglades Protection Area is found in Table 3C-3 of Chapter 3 of this volume. Information about the phosphorus source controls within the basins tributary to the Everglades Construction Project (ECP) is detailed in Chapter 4 of this volume.

The management of the STAs has been based on using an adaptive approach and real-time data interpretation tools. The management of STAs continues through coordination with multidisciplinary teams, such as the STA Leadership Team, and weekly and monthly communication meetings. The various communication meetings and the involvement of the site managers and construction engineers and other technical working group meetings have contributed to the operation and management of the STAs. The real-time data evaluation tools use both stage and water quality information as presented by the site managers to the operations staff, as well as a graphical output that compares the actual flow and TP loads to the long-term average annual values that were anticipated for each STA (Goforth, 2004: www.sfwmd.gov/org/ema/toc/archives/docs/design\_envelope\_STA\_051004.pdf).

General operational principles that are currently performed in the STA operations are to ensure that inflows (flows and TP loads) are within the design envelope, to avoid dry out and maintain a minimum of 15 cm depth of water, to avoid keeping the water stage too deep for too long by limiting depth to a maximum of 137 cm for 10 days, to maintain target depths between storm events (emergent vegetation: 38 cm; SAV: 45 cm), and to have frequent field observations by site managers. A complete set of references regarding STA operations can be found on the District's web site at <a href="www.sfwmd.gov/org/ema/everglades/consolidated\_00/ecr2000/intro.pdf">www.sfwmd.gov/org/ema/everglades/consolidated\_00/ecr2000/intro.pdf</a>, and the 1995 Basis for Design paper is available online at <a href="http://wwwalker.net/pdf/stadesign.pdf">http://wwwalker.net/pdf/stadesign.pdf</a>.

As part of the adaptive implementation process envisioned by the Long-Term Plan, it is anticipated that further refinements to the recommended water quality improvement measures would be made at the earliest achievable dates as more scientific and engineering information is obtained. Investigations are under way in each STA, and are summarized in later sections of this chapter. Examples of the adaptive management process are evident in the recovery plan developed for STA-1W (<a href="www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml</a>), written to encompass both short- and long-term projects aimed at reestablishing the vegetation and water flow patterns; the STA-1W Cell 5 Sediment Reconsolidation Project, which entailed drying down the treatment cell, removing flow-obstruction areas, and planting rice in an effort to stabilize the sediments and encourage SAV re-growth; and the reduction of nutrient loadings to STA-2 Cell 3 to encourage vegetation regrowth.

#### **HURRICANE WILMA IMPACTS**

Hurricane Wilma affected levees, structures, power, vegetation, and water clarity in the STAs (**Figure 5-2**). Most structures lost power during the storm. Wooden and high voltage poles were broken, some telemetry to the structures was lost with the power outage, and auto-samplers and intakes were damaged by high winds and wave action. Minor damage was done to the structures. Water clarity was poor and highly turbid. The hurricane also adversely affected the plants, especially the SAV communities. All SAV and open water treatment cells experienced some turbidity problems. STA-1W Cell 5B and STA-2 Cell 3 experienced severe turbidity problems. Those treatment cells with damaged SAV communities had highly turbid water, unconsolidated sediments, increased water column TP concentrations, and little to no plant reestablishment. The

- effects of the hurricane impacts prompted efforts to fortify the marsh to increase plant
- survivability and the implementation of a "lost power" scheme for both pre- and post-storm
- operations. In STA-1W Cell 5B, vegetation strips were established to help prevent vast SAV
- 217 roll-up across the marsh and reduce wave action.

#### **VEGETATION MANAGEMENT**

Vegetation management activities in the STAs contain operational as well as research components. The various management activities conducted over the water year have included monitoring the success of a large-scale plant inoculation to accelerate SAV recruitment in STA-3/4, conducting research studies to evaluate the best methods to treat undesirable vegetation, estimating the percent coverage of plant communities, and conducting routine maintenance. In general, emergent vegetation is encouraged at the beginning of the treatment system where nutrient concentrations are higher and SAV is encouraged further down the flow path, in areas where phosphorus concentrations are expected to be lower.

Overall, vegetation management focuses on keeping floating aquatic vegetation at maintenance control levels. The floating aquatic vegetation "shades out" or impedes beneficial SAV and emergent vegetation, which is necessary for proper STA performance. Additionally, emphasis was also placed on controlling emergent vegetation, mainly torpedograss (*Panicum repens*) and cattail (*Typha*, spp.), which appears in SAV cells. The final report on the torpedograss control experiment conducted in STA-3/4 can be found on the District's web site at <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml</a>. A summary of the monitoring phase of the vegetation management demonstration project in STA-3/4 Cell 2B is found in the *STA-3/4* section of this chapter. Research experiments using varying dosages of herbicide along with different water depths and fire regimes were conducted in WY2006. Vegetation strips consisting of emergent plant species were established in STA-1W Cell 5B to help prevent vast SAV roll-up across the marsh and reduce wave action during large storm events. A summary of the herbicide applications used in the STAs during WY2006 is presented in **Table 5-5** as well as under each STA section in this chapter.

Floating vegetation consists of water hyacinths (*Eichhornia crassipes*) and water lettuce (*Pistia stratiotes*) and is controlled with a contact herbicide called Reward<sup>®</sup>. Reward<sup>®</sup> is the product name, and the active ingredient is diquat. Emergent vegetation consists of numerous species like cattail, torpedograss, paragrass (*Brachiaria mutica*), and many others. These plants are controlled using systematic herbicides like glyphosate and arsenal. Glyphosate is the active ingredient and is marketed in many different product names. For example, the District uses Aquastar<sup>®</sup>, Aquaneat<sup>®</sup>, and Glypro<sup>®</sup>. Arsenal<sup>®</sup> is a product name with imazapyr being the active ingredient. Garlon 3<sup>®</sup> is also a product name with triclopyr being the active ingredient. The one submerged treatment targeting hydrilla (*Hydrilla verticillata*) within STA-2 Cell 3 used 3,950 pounds of the product Aquathol K Granular<sup>®</sup> to treat 167 acres of hydrilla. The active ingredient in Aquathol K<sup>®</sup> is endothall.

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**Table 5-5**. Summary of the amount of herbicides applied to the STAs during WY2006. The active ingredient in the herbicide is listed. Floating vegetation, such as water hyacinth and water lettuce, was controlled using herbicide containing diquat. Emergent vegetation, such as cattail, torpedograss, and para grass, was controlled using herbicides containing glyphosate or imazapyr. The submerged plant *hydrilla* was controlled using herbicide containing endothall.

STA	Acres	Herbicide containing Glyphosate (gallons)	Herbicide containing Imazapyr (gallons)	Acres	Herbicide containing Diquat (gallons)	Acres	Herbicide containing Endothall (pounds)
STA-1E	2,003	689	290.75	540	88.45	0	0
STA-1W	2,501	1,332	351.00	216	81.00	0	0
STA-2	52	108	14.25	219	87.00	167	3,950
STA-3/4	2,511	931	616.00	1,233	592.75	0	0
STA-5	3,448	3,192	828.00	414	96.40	0	0
STA-6	170	147	33.00	0	0	0	0

#### **PSTA INVESTIGATIONS**

A Periphyton-Based Stormwater Treatment Area (PSTA) is generally defined as a constructed wetland with a sparse emergent macrophyte community that provides structure to support a dominant periphyton assemblage. PSTA wetlands were studied extensively as part of the District's Advanced Treatment Technology (ATT) Program and are envisioned to be a post-STA technology that is operated at inflow TP concentrations of 50 micrograms per liter (μg/L) (or ppb) or less. The primary nutrient removal mechanisms in a PSTA wetland are direct phosphorus uptake by the periphyton and algal-mediated co-precipitation of phosphorus with calcium carbonate. The objective of the PSTA Investigations Project is to track the performance of ongoing PSTA research projects. The USACE is currently constructing a PSTA demonstration project in STA-1E and the PSTA Investigations Project will track the performance of this demonstration project as data becomes available. During WY2006, the District operated one PSTA research site: the STA-1W south PSTA test cells. The PSTA field-scale test facility discussed in previous annual reports was decommissioned in October 2004. Construction of the full-scale implementation PSTA project in Cell 2B of STA-3/4 was completed during WY2006.

#### **PSTA Field-Scale Test Facility**

The PSTA field-scale test facility was a 20-acre site located immediately west of STA-2 that consisted of four 5-acre constructed wetlands. Treatment performance in these wetlands was monitored from November 2001 to October 2003. Descriptions of the facility, its operation and a summary of phosphorus treatment results can be found in Newman et al. (2003), Chimney et al. (2004), and Goforth et al. (2005). The site was decommissioned in October 2004 and is being incorporated into the footprint of the STA-2 Cell 4 expansion project.

#### 2006 STILT NESTING SUMMARY FOR THE STAS

The 2006 breeding season for black-necked stilts (*Himantopus mexicanus*) in the STAs was a very active season, with an overall total of 380 surveyed nests. This number includes all nests surveyed during the first and second sampling events, active (with eggs) and inactive (no eggs) nests, and non-inundated and inundated nests. Assuming that all inactive nests have fledged, overall success for the 2006 breeding season was approximately 94 percent (**Table 5-6**). Areas within the STAs to be surveyed by boat for stilts were determined by observing the breeding/nesting behavior of *Himantopus* from the levee road in early to mid May 2006. Thereafter, a more intensive nesting survey was performed by MSA (Milian, Swain & Associates, Inc.) between the dates of May 3, 2006, and June 1, 2006, in which they documented both active and inactive nests. Some of the less intensive initial surveys in what was considered undesirable habitat for nesting were performed by District personnel.

A second survey was completed by MSA during the last week of June 2006. This survey encompassed all STAs that contained active nests previously identified during the initial survey and documented activity status of nests and any observations of new nests encountered. Two important observations were noted during this survey that (1) numbers of active nests were much lower than during the original survey and (2) some inactive (without eggs) nests in STA-5 and STA-1E were flooded due to rainfall and not the District's operations. A final survey was performed to make a determination of whether or not to resume normal operations of treatment cells that contained active nests identified during the second survey. All nests identified during this survey were inactive.

In summary, results gathered during the 2006 breeding season in the STAs for *Himantopus* reveal that the height of the nesting season appears to be from late May through early June, which corresponds with published literature on this species. Furthermore, the increased nesting activity that was seen in the STAs appears to be the result of drought conditions (rainfall in the Everglades Agricultural Area was 8.73 inches below normal for the January to June period of record) experienced during this year's dry season, which decreased the availability of water resulting in low water levels in most treatment cells. In all but three cases, the District was able to maintain water levels so as to not inundate active nests in identified nesting areas and offspring from those nests were assumed to have fledged. Most inundated inactive nests that were observed during the second survey were due to rain and not District operations. Those areas that were inundated by the District did not harm a large number of active nests (five active nests in Cell 5 of STA-1W and three active nests in Cell 3B of STA-3/4, and two active nests in Cell 6 of STA-1E) and were done to improve environmental conditions within treatment cells and/or for the betterment of downstream areas. The District is currently working on an Avian Protection Plan to help minimize impacts to nesting black-necked stilts and potentially other ground nesters. This document should be finalized in December 2006.

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**Table 5-6**. 2006 stilt nesting summary for the STAs.

CTA	Call	Cell		First Survey			Second Survey			Check Out Survey				
STA	Cell	Date	Total	N	Nests		Active	e Nests	Status	Comments				
			#	Active	Inactive		Old	New						
	4N	5/22, 5/24	80	51	29	6/27	1	0	FLDG		Assume All Nests Successful – on second survey some inactive nests were flooded			
1F	4S	5/26, 5/30	60	44	16	6/28	6	2	FLDG			sts Successful - on active nests were flo		
12	6	5/18, 5/19, 5/25, 5/26	46	32	14	6/27	1	2	INUND District	ina	Most Nests Successful – on second survey some inactive nests were flooded two nests inundated due to water in basin			
	5	5/3, 5/9, 5/10	5	5	0	IN	IN	IN	INUND District		All Nests Inundated due to Rehabilitation Effort of Cell 5			
	2A	5/19	2	2	0	6/21	0	0	FLED	Ass	Assume All Nests Successful			
1W	2B	5/19	2	2	0	6/21	0	0	FLED	Ass	sume All Nes	sts Successful		
	4	6/12	40	30	10	6/29	8	5	INUND Natural?	ren rair	Final Survey unable to be completed – assume remaining nests were inundated due to high rainfall (two new families were observed after rain)			
3/4	3B	6/7	5	3	2	IN	IN	IN	INUND District		All Nests Inundated to comply with long-term plan goals			
5	1B	5/31, 6/1, 6/6	122	87	35	6/26 6/30	1	0	FLDG		Assume All Nests Successful - on second survey some inactive nests were flooded			
Number of Nests Fledged 352(O) + 3(N) = 355 (Active and Inactive) 94% Success				N	lumber of N Inundate		12 Status Unknown 13			13				

FLDG All nests fledged
INUND District District inundated area
INUND Natural Natural inundation from rain
INUND Natural? Unsure whether nests were inundated
from rain but were assumed inundated

IN Inundated
O Old fledged nests
N new fledged nests

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#### RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES

Recreational facilities are proposed to provide public access to all six of the ECP STAs (refer to each STA section for details). The proposed facilities will include components such as boardwalks, bird watching blinds, parking areas, canoe launching sites, boat ramps, composting toilets, information kiosks, landscaping, pedestrian gates, road improvements, signs, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment.

Design of the STA-3/4, STA-1E, and the STA-1W recreational facilities was under way in fiscal year (FY2006) and construction of these facilities will occur in FY2007. The recreational facilities associated with STA-2, STA-5, and STA-6 are scheduled to be constructed concurrently with the Compartment B and C Buildout projects. The District has developed public access rules as well as a standard design for the recreational facilities.

#### WATER QUALITY PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

- Water quality parameters with Florida Class III standards are identified in Table 5-7. 340 Compliance with the Everglades Forever Act (EFA) permit is determined based on the following three-part assessment:
- 342 1. If the annual average outflow concentration does not cause or contribute to violations of 343 applicable Class III water quality standards, then STA-1W shall be deemed in compliance.
- 344 2. If the annual average concentration at the outflow causes or contributes to violations of applicable Class III water quality standards but does not exceed or is equal to the annual 345 346 average concentration at the inflow stations, then STA-1W shall be deemed in compliance.
- 347 3. If the annual average concentration at the outflow causes or contributes to violations of 348 applicable Class III water quality standards and also exceeds the annual average 349 concentration at the inflow station, then STA-1W shall be deemed out of compliance.
- 350 The District has included the following documentation to satisfy the remaining monitoring 351 requirements of the EFA permit.
  - The District has performed all sampling and analysis under the latest Laboratory Quality Assurance Manual (SFWMD, 2005) and a Field Quality Assurance Manual (SFWMD, 2005).
- 355 A signed copy of these statements is provided in Appendix 5-1 of this volume.

The STA flow volumes are based on surface water flow and the TP loads are calculated using flow or time-proportional auto-sampler data. If auto-sampler data is not available, then concentration data from grab samples are used instead. A Site-Specific Alternative Criterion (SSAC) for dissolved oxygen in the Everglades was adopted in June 2004. The SSAC recognizes natural background conditions in the Everglades and shall be applied as compliance criterion in future permits to be issued for the STAs.

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**Table 5-7.** Water quality parameters with Florida Class III criteria specified in Section 62-302.530, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

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Parameter	Units	Class III Criteria
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	Greater than or equal to 5.0 mg/L
Specific Conductivity	µmhos/cm	Not greater than 50% of background or greater than 1,275 µmhos/cm, whichever is greater
рН	standard units	Not less than 6.0 or greater than 8.5
Turbidity	NTU	Less than or equal to 29 NTU above background conditions
Unionized Ammonia	mg/L	Less than or equal to 0.02 mg/L
Alkalinity	mg/L	Not less than 20 mg/L
Total Iron	μg/L	Less than or equal to 1,000 μg/L

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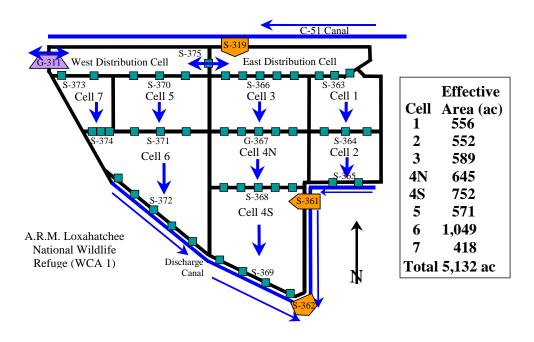
**STA-1E** 

#### **STA-1E CONFIGURATION**

The construction of Stormwater Treatment Area 1 East (STA-1E) was managed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). Construction of the STA was completed in June 2004. The EFA and National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) final permits were issued by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) on August 30, 2005. On September 20, 2005, the FDEP officially concurred with the District's submittal which documented that the start-up compliance tests for phosphorus and mercury, as outlined in the EFA and NPDES permits, was achieved for the Western (Treatment Cells 5, 6, and 7) and Central Flow-ways (Treatment Cells 3, 4N, and 4S) of STA-1E. Accordingly, flow-through operations for these flow-ways was authorized. The USACE is currently designing a Periphyton-Based Stormwater Treatment Area (PSTA) demonstration project in Cell 2, and Treatment Cells 1 and 2 will remain off-line until the demonstration project is finished. A schematic of STA-1E is presented in **Figure 5-4**.

STA-1E receives inflow from the C-51 West basin and from the S-5A basin through the G-311 structure. Actual deliveries vary based on hydrologic conditions in the basins. An updated water quality analysis for the C-51 West basin (Pietro and Goforth, 2004) is listed as the District Technical Publication ERA #430 and also on the Long-Term Plan web site at <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml</a>. Plans are under way to divert untreated stormwater from Acme Basin B that currently enter the Water Conservation Area 1 (WCA-1) to C-51 for treatment in STA-1E, with a scheduled completion around September 2007. Upon initial operation of STA-1E, though, there will be no Acme Basin B contributing to STA-1E.

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**Figure 5-4**. Schematic of STA-1E (not to scale). The orange boxes denote pump stations. Green boxes represent culverts.

#### **STA-1E WY2006 HIGHLIGHTS**

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- Operational permit issued August 30, 2005. STA-1E is being operated on an interim basis in an adaptive manner that balances the water quality, flood control, and water supply purposes and adapts to major regional activities planned and underway that will affect STA-1E operations over the next several years.
- Treatment Cells 3,4N, 4S, 5, 6, and 7 are on-line.
- Treatment Cells 1 and 2 continue to be off-line for construction of the PSTA wetland.
- Hurricane Wilma caused power outages and minor damage to the levees and plant communities.
- Wildlife issues include presence of burrowing owls in Cell 2; black-necked stilts in Cells 4N, 4S, and 6 requiring stage restrictions.
- Vegetation management include transplanting *Sagittaria* spp. (duck potato) from Cell 6 to Cell 4N, creating vegetation strips in Cells 4N, 4S, and 6, and vegetation transplant experiments in Cell 6.
- A fuel tanker over-turned along the eastern levee of Cell 2 on May 30, 2006. The USACE is responsible for the spill cleanup.
- A large flow and TP loading event occurred in the Western Flow-way in February 2006.
- Discussions about distributing flow and loads to the Central and Western flow-ways are ongoing.

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#### 422 STA-1E HURRICANE IMPACTS

Hurricane Wilma caused minor levee damage to the southern levee in Cell 4N and eastern levee in Cell 4S, and minor damage to the SAV and emergent plants, particularly in Cell 4N. Power outage varied depending on the structures, resulting in the manual operation of gates. The power was out for about two weeks and was restored between November 4 and 9, 2005.

#### **STA-1E PERMIT STATUS**

The data presented in this section demonstrates that STA-1E was in compliance with the EFA and the USEPA's NPDES operating permits for this reporting period and that discharges do not pose any known danger to public health, safety, or welfare. EFA and NPDES final permits were issued by the FDEP on August 30, 2005. On September 20, 2005, the FDEP officially concurred with the District's submittal which documented that the start-up compliance tests for phosphorus and mercury, as outlined in the EFA and NPDES permits, was achieved for the Western (Treatment Cells 5, 6, and 7) and Central Flow-ways (Treatment Cells 3, 4N, and 4S) of STA-1E. Accordingly, flow-through operations for these flow-ways was authorized. Treatment Cells 1 and 2 remain off-line for construction of the PSTA demonstration project. The PSTA demonstration project is currently scheduled for expected completion of construction in October 2006.

#### 438 STA-1E OPERATIONS

**Table 5-8**. Operational status of the treatment cells in STA-1E.

**STA-1E Operational Treatment Cells** 2004 2006 2005 Sep Hurricanes Oct Jul Hurricane Jan -Apr -Francis and Oct -Jan -Apr -Nov -Jan -Apr -Jul - Ser Jul - Sep Mar Dec Mar Jun Wilma Dec Mar Flow-through begins Emergency Operations (Sep - Dec), cell hydration **Central and Western Flow-ways Central and Western Flow-ways** Operational Eastern Flow-way off-line for construction of PSTA project

# **STA-1E Hydrology**

Although STA-1E was in start-up in August 2004, flow-through permitted operations began in October 2005 and the values listed reflect the partial year of operation (**Table 5-2**). The loadings listed below reflect performance since October 2005 when the Central and Western Flow-ways were operational (**Table 5-8**). During partial WY2006, 41,989 ac-ft of water was captured and treated by STA-1E through structures S-319, G-311, and S-361 (**Table 5-3**). This amount was approximately 68 percent lower than the anticipated in the 31-year long-term average annual flow. This inflow loading was equal to an average hydraulic load of 1.74 cm/day over the treatment area. The volume of water that passed through S-319 that was then immediately discharged out of the STA through G-311 was subtracted out the inflow loading calculations. The annual volume of treated water discharged to Arthur R. Marshall Loxahatchee National Wildlife

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450 Refuge (Refuge) was 31,592 ac-ft. The difference between the inflow and outflow volumes reflects the net contributions of direct rainfall, ET, seepage losses to adjacent lands, deep 452 percolation, and flow measurement error. A summary of monthly flows is presented in Figure 5-5. During WY2006, STA-1E received 16,551 ac-ft of flow from Lake Okeechobee 453 through S-319 and G-311. There was not any flow diverted around STA-1E during WY2006. 454

# **STA-1E Total Phosphorus**

During the partial WY2006 of operation, STA-1E received 6.5 mt of TP, equal to a nutrient loading rate of 1.29 grams per square meter (g/m<sup>2</sup>) (**Table 5-3**). The TP loading to the system was about the 31-year long-term average design amount. During WY2006, STA-1E received about 3.9 mt of TP with a flow-weighted mean (FWM) TP concentration of 191 ppb from Lake Okeechobee. About 4.0 mt of TP were removed by STA-1E during WY2006. STA-1E reduced TP discharge loads by 38 percent, compared to inflow loadings measured at S-319, G-311 and S-361. Summaries of monthly TP loads and FWM TP concentrations are presented in **Figures 5-5** through **5-7**. The flow-weighted mean (FWM) outflow concentration was 166 ppb, an 18 percent reduction from the inflow concentration of 202 ppb. For informational purposes, the geometric mean TP concentration of the outflow for the partial water year was calculated as 91 ppb, using auto-sampler data from S-362.



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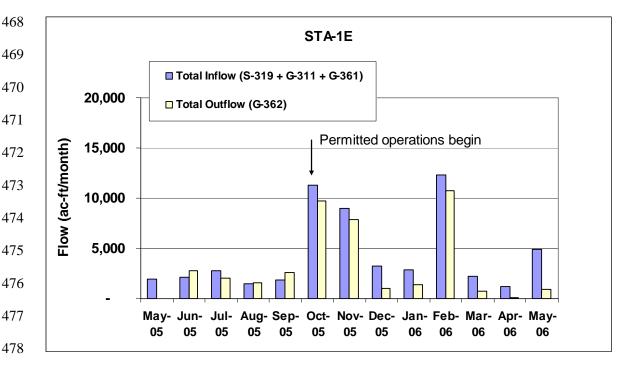


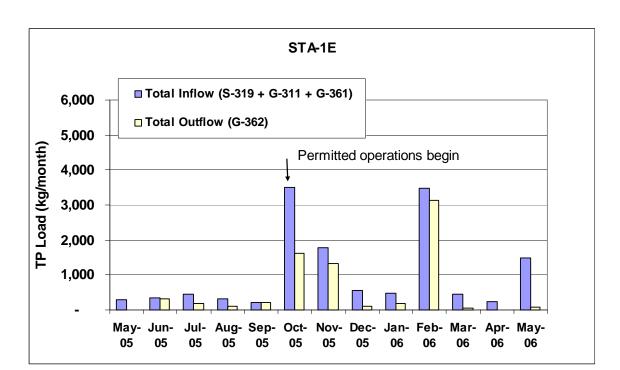
Figure 5-5. Summary of WY2006 flow for STA-1E. The Central and Northern Flow-way (Cells 3, 4N, 4S, 5, 6, 7) were operational for part of the water year; Cells 1 and 2 are off-line for construction of the PSTA demonstration wetland.

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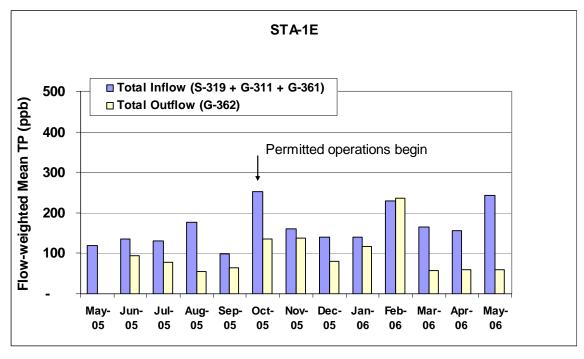
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**Figure 5-6**. Summary of WY2006 TP load for STA-1E. The Central and Northern Flow-way (Cells 3, 4N, 4S, 5, 6, 7) were operational for part of the water year; Cells 1 and 2 are off-line for construction of the PSTA demonstration wetland.



**Figure 5-7**. Summary of WY2006 flow-weighted mean (FWM) TP for STA-1E. The Central and Northern Flow-way (Cells 3, 4N, 4S, 5, 6, 7) were operational for part of the water year; Cells 1 and 2 are off-line for construction of the PSTA demonstration wetland.

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# **STA-1E Other Water Quality Parameters**

Water quality parameters with Florida Class III standards are identified in **Table 5-7**. Compliance with the EFA permit is determined based on the three-part assessment presented in the *Water Quality Permit Requirements* section of this chapter. The monitoring data over the partial water year for non-phosphorus parameters at STA-1E during this reporting period are presented in Appendix 5-3 of this volume, and are summarized in **Table 5-9**. Temperature, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen (DO), and pH values reported in this chapter are field measurements.

Discharges from STA-1E were determined to be in compliance with the permit by satisfying criterion number 1 for all non-phosphorus and non-DO parameters with applicable numeric state water quality standards. Only one inflow site (S-361) had DO concentrations lower than the Class III numeric standard. Annual average concentrations of total nitrogen and sulfate were slightly higher at the outflow compared to the inflow. However, because these parameters have no applicable numeric state water quality standards, STA-1E is deemed to be in full compliance with the permit.

**Table 5-9.** Summary of annual arithmetic averages and FWM for all parameters other than total phosphorus monitored in STA-1E. Parameters that were measured higher at the outflow compared to the inflow are shaded in gray.

Parameter		Arithmet Inflow	ic Means	Outflow	Flow-We Total Inflow*		ghted Means <u>Total Outflow</u>	
- aramotor	G311	S319	S361	S362	n	Conc.	n	Conc.
Temperature (°C)	25.0	25.4	25.6	25.4	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	5.1	5.7	4.6	6.9	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	896	517	929	956	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
рН	7.7	7.6	7.4	7.9	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Sulfate (mg/L)	55.1	32.9	26.8	40.8	20 (42)	39.0	5 (13)	48.1
Alkalinity (mg/L)	197	128	285	208	20 (42)	140	5 (13)	207
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	2.9	1.7	2.0	2.7	20 (43)	1.8	5 (12)	3.0

-NA-: Not Applicable

n: number of samples with flow (total number of samples)

\* S-361 has 2.5 months of missing flows due to sensor failure.

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# STA-1E Dissolved Oxygen Monitoring

The existing STA-1E permits require DO monitoring only at the inflow and outflow and redirection (G-311) structures. There is no diel cycle or downstream marsh DO monitoring requirements. The permits require the SSAC to be used for compliance analysis purposes.

#### STA-1E VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

A small-scale transplant experiment, transplanting *Sagittaria*, spp. (duck potato) from Cell 6 to Cell 4N, was conducted to determine if the plant species would establish in the northern section of Cell 4N in the higher ground areas. Another small scale vegetation transplant experiments in Cell 6, where three small corrals were set up and the plant growth was monitored. Vegetation strips, consisting of emergent vegetation, were allowed to establish in Cells 4N, 4S, and 6.

Specific Condition 13(b) of the EFA permit requires that the annual Everglades Consolidated Report (currently known as the *South Florida Environmental Report*) include information regarding the application of herbicides used to exclude and/or eliminate undesirable vegetation within the treatment cells. In WY2006, the District treated a total of 2,543 acres to control vegetation in the STA-1E marsh using 88.45 gallons of diquat to treat the floating vegetation, and 689 gallons of glyphosate and 290.75 gallons of imazapyr to control emergent vegetation (**Table 5-4**). The District used both aerial and ground-based spray equipment to apply these herbicides.

#### STA-1E WILDLIFE AND RECREATION

Wildlife issues include the presence of burrowing owls (*Athene cunicularia floridana*) in Cell 2 and black-necked stilts in Cells 4N, 4S, and 6. A summary of the activities regarding the black-necked stilts is found in the *Summary* section of this chapter. Operationally, the stage within the treatment cells where the black-necked stilts were found was restricted during the active nesting period. The USACE is responsible for mitigation activities involving the burrowing owls.

Recreational facilities are proposed to provide public access to STA-1E. The proposed recreational facilities include an asphalt parking area, road improvements, a composting toilet, landscaping, and an information kiosk. Pedestrian gates, signage, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment are also proposed. The current recreational activity available in STA-1E is bird watching.

#### **STA-1E ENHANCEMENTS**

The STA-1E Enhancements project listed in the Long-Term Plan was for herbicide treatment of Cells 2, 4N, 4S, and 6 and for the conversion from emergent (cattail dominant) to SAV vegetation communities (**Table 5-4**). In the revised Part 2 of the Long-Term Plan dated November 2004, it was also recommended that the SFWMD coordinate with the USACE regarding its proposed PSTA demonstration project in Cell 2.

The start-up plan for STA-1E included efforts to establish Cells 6, 4N, and 4S as SAV cells from the beginning. Activities in these three cells during FY2006 included vegetation management activities such as herbicide application of emergent vegetation and less desirable vegetation. Cells 1 and 2 remain off-line for construction of the PSTA demonstration project.

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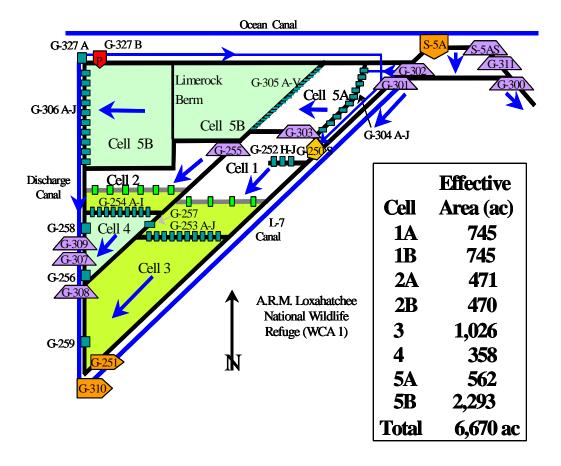
**STA-1W** 

#### STA-1W CONFIGURATION

 Stormwater Treatment Area 1 West (STA-1W) contains approximately 6,670 acres of effective treatment area arranged in three flow-ways (**Figure 5-8**). The Eastern Flow-way contains Cells 1 and 3, with a combined effective treatment area of approximately 2,516 acres. The Western Flow-way contains Cells 2 and 4, with a combined effective treatment area of approximately 1,300 acres. The Northern Flow-way (Cell 5) consists of approximately 2,855 acres. In addition, STA-1W includes the STA-1 inflow basin consisting of inflow pump station S-5A and four gated spillways (S-5AS, G-311, G-300, and G-301), which allow for tremendous operational flexibility. Based on the simulated 1965–1995 period of flow utilized in developing the 2003 Long-Term Plan, STA-1W should receive an average annual flow of approximately 159,985 ac-ft (Goforth, 2004). Actual deliveries will vary based on hydrologic conditions in the basins.

Inflows to STA-1W from the STA-1 inflow basin are directed into STA-1W via the G-302 structure. Flow then moves into the Northern Flow-way (Cell 5) via the G-302 and G-304A–J structures and into Cells 1 through 4 via the G-303 structure (Figure 5-8). Full flow-through operations in Cells 1 through 4 have occurred since August 1994, when these cells were part of the original Everglades Nutrient Removal (ENR) Project. Full flow-through operations through Cell 5 have occurred since July 2000. A limerock berm was constructed in Cell 5 during WY2004 to improve the distribution of flow, thereby enhancing phosphorus removal. The berm was degraded a few feet to reduce the amount of exposed surface under low stages and to discourage stilt nesting activity.

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**Figure 5-8**. Schematic of STA-1W (not to scale). Note that the G-253 levee located in Cell 3 is not yet in place and construction is expected to begin in 2007. Green shading indicates SAV dominated treatment areas.

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#### STA-1W WY2006 HIGHLIGHTS

- The Eastern Flow-way (Cells 1 and 3) was operational during the entire water year, the Northern Flow-way (Cell 5) was operational part of the water year, and the Western Flow-way (Cells 2 and 4) was off-line to allow for plant reestablishment following completion of Long-Term Plan enhancements projects (see the STA-1W Enhancements section of this chapter).
- Hurricane Wilma directly affected STA-1W, damaging parts of the infrastructure and the SAV communities (details found in the STA-1W Hurricane Wilma Impacts section).
- Major rehabilitation efforts have been initiated in Cell 5 throughout the water year.
  - o Initiated STA-1W recovery plan.
  - o Development of the Cell 5 Sediment Reconsolidation plan, which includes drawdown of Cell 5B for sediment consolidation efforts, rice planting, removal of high berm areas upstream of G-306 and downstream of G-304, clean out G-306 distribution canal, vegetation strips planting, and scrape down of the marl in the north side of Cell 5 (Appendix 5-8).
  - o Cell 5: restricted flow in November and December 2005, off-line from January through June 2006 for rehabilitation and Long-Term Plan enhancement construction.
  - o Manage terrestrial plants to reduce invasion of pigweed (*Amaranthus*, spp.) and other terrestrial plants growing in Cell 5 during dry-down. The pigweed was treated with herbicide, and the resulting dead biomass was harvested out of the treatment cell.
- Increased turbidity in Cells 5, 2B, and 4.
- Because the emergent plant growth in Cell 5A was poor, cattail was harvested from Cells 2A and 5B to plant in Cell 5A. The planting was unsuccessful due to damage from Hurricane Wilma.
- Enhancements made to the Western Flow-way completed: clean out G-254 distribution canal, degrade mid canal (C-7), remove G-256 outflow structure and replace with gated box culvert structure G-307, and install four new G-254 culverts. The treatment cell was rehydrated July 2005.
- Problems with Cells 2 and 4 vegetation grow-in. Sediment cores were collected and analyzed for herbicide levels to ensure that the large vegetation spray done prior to rehydration in Cell 4 to eliminate pigweed was not the cause of the slow vegetation reestablishment. Minimal water depths were maintained in Cells 2 and 4 to encourage SAV re-growth. Rice planting and inoculating with SAV is planned for Cells 2B and 4.
- Stilts nested in Cells 2, 4, and 5.
- Recreational opportunities, such as bird watching continue. There was no duck hunting this last water year due to the enhancement construction projects and rehabilitation efforts in Cell 5.

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- Flow-proportional auto-samplers were installed at diversion structures G-300 and G-301 and STA-1W inflow structure G-302 auto-sampler was switched from time to flow-proportional on June 8, 2006.
  - Implement vegetation management activities to expedite Cells 2, 4, and 5 vegetation grow-in.
  - Construction of the S-5A trash rack.

#### **STA-1W HURRICANE WILMA IMPACTS**

STA-1W was directly impacted by Hurricane Wilma. The Florida Power and Light (FPL) high power lines located throughout the STA suffered severe damage. Hurricane impacts to the STA were moderate damage to the Cell 5 northern levee, minor damage to the western Cell 5 levee, damage to G-255 and G-306 water control structure buildings, damage to culvert G-254C, severe damage to the FPL high power lines, moderate damage to SAV in Cell 5, minor damage to emergent vegetation, and damage to outflows G-251 and G-310 auto-sampler intakes.

# **STA-1W PERMIT STATUS**

The data presented in this section demonstrates that STA-1W was in compliance with the EFA and the USEPA's NPDES operating permits for this reporting period and that discharges do not pose any known danger to public health, safety, or welfare. The EFA permits for the STAs acknowledge that until all the STAs are fully operational, certain STAs may receive higher than normal inflows. Specifically, Specific Condition 14(c) of the STA-1W EFA permit states that STA-1W will remain in the stabilization phase of operation until STA-1E and STA-2 begin flow-through operations. At this time, STA-2 has begun flow-through operations, but STA-1E is not expected to begin full capacity flow-through operations until the PSTA demonstration project is completed (expected completion date is October 2006). Therefore, STA-1W currently remains in the stabilization phase.

#### **STA-1W OPERATIONS**

**Table 5-10**. Operational status of the treatment cells in STA-1W from January 2004 through September 2006.

**STA-1W Operational Treatment Cells** 

2004					2005							2006			
	Apr - Jun ern and E ays Ope	astern	Aug All Flo (Cell	. ramoro ama	pacity	Northern and	Feb - Jun  Eastern Flowway Operational	J		Oct Hurricane Wilma  Eastern Flowerational	Nov 7-ways	Dec Eastel	Jan - Mar	Apr - Jun	Jul - Sep rational
line to	Western Flow-way off- line to remove cattail tussocks in Cell 2 and plant re-habilitation in Cell 4		Western Flow-way off-line (Cell 2 divide levee and water control structures), Northern Flow-way off- line to degrade the Limerock Berm (Feb.) and plant re-establishment.			Western Flow-way re- hydrated, off-line for plant re- establishment			Flow plant LTP co	-way off re-estab	-line (Ce lishment on and s	, Cell 5 ediment			

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#### STA-1W Hydrology

During WY2006, Cells 1 and 3 were operational for the entire water year; Cell 5 was operational in July 2005 through December 2005 before being taken temporarily off-line for Long-Term Plan enhancements and to allow for the vegetation to recover; and Cells 2 and 4 were off-line the entire year for Long-Term Plan enhancement construction and vegetation re-growth (Table 5-10). The inflow to the STA-1W treatment cells via G-302 was 142,678 ac-ft, equal to an average hydraulic loading rate of 3.22 cm/day over the effective treatment area of the STA (**Table 5-3**). Although these inflows were about 11 percent lower than the 31-year long-term average annual simulated inflow for this STA, the hydraulic loading rate was 61 percent greater due to the temporary reduction of effective treatment area from Hurricane Wilma and Long-Term Plan enhancement construction (Tables 5-3 and 5-10). The volume of treated water discharged from STA-1W to the Arthur R. Marshall Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge (Refuge) was 137,890 ac-ft. The difference between the inflow and outflow volumes reflects the net contributions of direct rainfall, evapotranspiration (ET), seepage from the Refuge, seepage losses to adjacent lands, deep percolation, and flow measurement error. A summary of monthly flows during WY2006 is presented in Figure 5-9. In WY2006, STA-1W received 12,769 ac-ft from Lake Okeechobee.

Until STA-1E is fully operational and until STA-1W enhancements are complete and all flow-ways are in flow through mode, flows from the S-5A pump stations that exceed the hydraulic capacity of STA-1W will be diverted to STA-1E if capacity exists, or through the G-300 and G-301 structures into the Refuge. During WY2006, about 46,808 ac-ft (20,682 ac-ft via G-300, and 26,126 ac-ft via G-301) was diverted in this manner (**Figure 5-10**).

# **STA-1W Total Phosphorus**

During WY2006, STA-1W received 37.4 mt of TP, equal to a nutrient loading rate of 2.49 g/m² (**Table 5-3**). The TP loading to the system was about 2.5 times the long-term design amount. During WY2006, STA-1W received approximately 3.365 mt of TP with a FWM TP concentration of 214 ppb from Lake Okeechobee. About 18.2 mt of TP were removed by STA-1W during WY2006. From May 2005 through April 2006, STA-1W reduced TP discharge loads by 49 percent, compared to inflow loadings measured at G-302 (**Figure 5-11**). The FWM outflow concentration was 113 ppb, a 47 percent reduction from the inflow concentration of 213 ppb measured at G-302 (**Figure 5-12**). The moving 12-month FWM TP outflow concentration for STA-1W ranged from 99 to 123 ppb (**Figure 5-13**). For informational purposes, the geometric mean TP concentration of the outflow was calculated as 96 ppb, using auto-sampler data from G-251 and G-310. About 14.01 mt of TP (6.04 mt via G-300, and 7.96 mt via G-301) with a FWM TP of 243 ppb was diverted into the Refuge (**Figures 5-14** and **5-15**).

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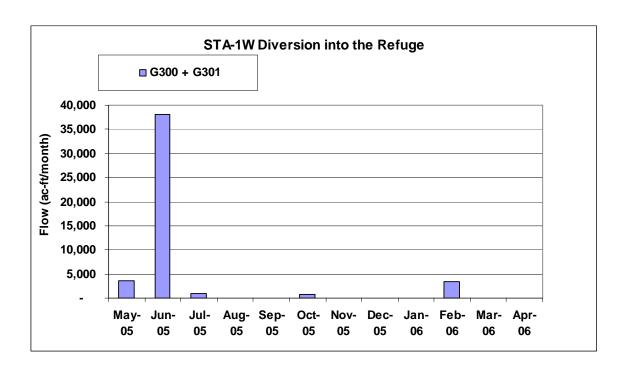
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STA-1W ■ Total Inflow (G-302) 40,000 ☐ Total Outflow (G-251 + G-310) 35,000 Flow (ac-ft/month) 30,000 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 May- Jun- Jul- Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb- Mar- Apr-05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 06 06 06 06

Figure 5-9. Summary of WY2006 flow for STA-1W. Cells 1 and 3 were operational for the entire water year; Cell 5 was off-line beginning in December 2006 for Long-Term Plan enhancements and treatment cell rehabilitation; Cells 2 and 4 were off-line the entire water year for plant reestablishment following completion of the Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.

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**Figure 5-10**. Diversion flow through G-300 and G-301 into the Refuge during WY2006.

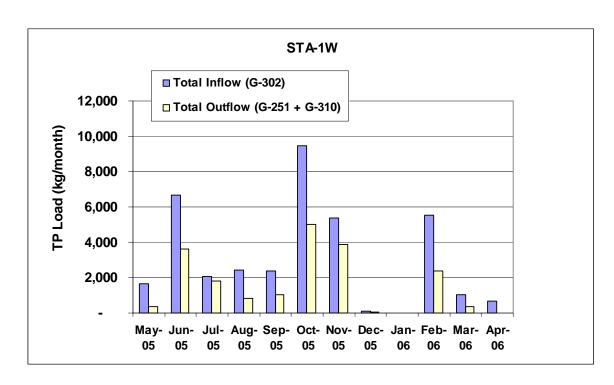


Figure 5-11. Summary of WY2006 TP loads for STA-1W. Cells 1 and 3 were operational for the entire water year; Cell 5 was off-line beginning in December 2006 for Long-Term Plan enhancements and treatment cell rehabilitation; Cells 2 and 4 were off-line the entire water year for plant reestablishment following completion of the Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.

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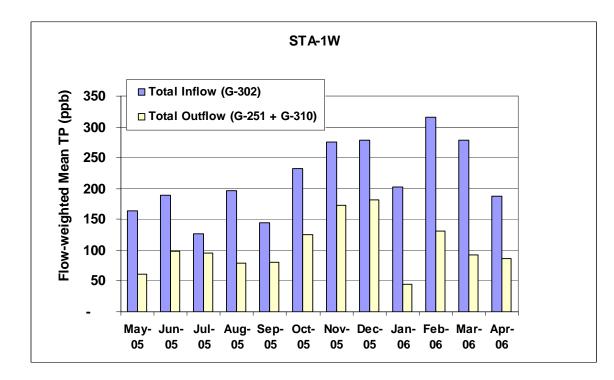


Figure 5-12. Summary of WY2006 FWM TP for STA-1W. Cells 1 and 3 were operational for the entire water year; Cell 5 was off-line beginning in December 2006 for Long-Term Plan enhancements and treatment cell rehabilitation; Cells 2 and 4 were off-line the entire water year for plant reestablishment following completion of the Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.

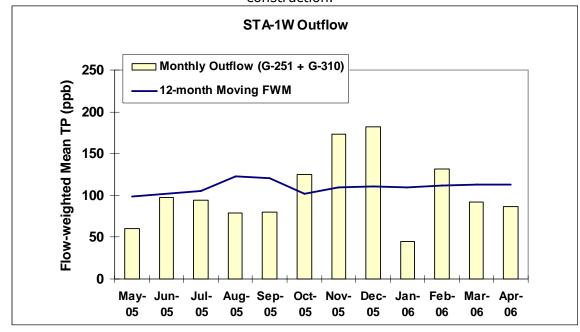
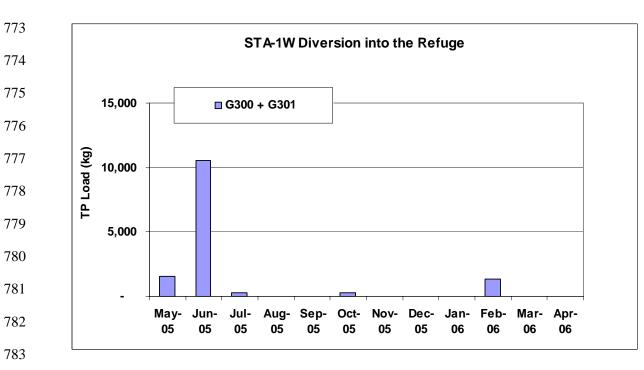
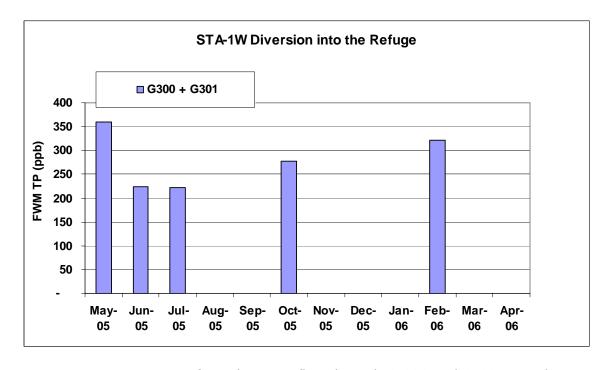


Figure 5-13. Comparison of monthly to 12-month moving average TP concentrations for WY2006 for STA-1W outflow. Cells 1 and 3 were operational for the entire water year; Cell 5 was off-line beginning in December 2006 for Long-Term Plan enhancements and treatment cell rehabilitation; Cells 2 and 4 were off-line the entire water year for plant reestablishment following completion of the Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.



**Figure 5-14**. TP load from diversion flow through G-300 and G-301 into the Refuge during WY2006.



**Figure 5-15.** FWM TP from diversion flow through G-300 and G-301 into the Refuge during WY2006.

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#### **STA-1W Other Water Quality Parameters**

Water quality parameters with Florida Class III standards are identified in **Table 5-7**. Compliance with the EFA permit is determined based on the three-part assessment presented in the *Water Quality Permit Requirements* section of this chapter. The monitoring data over the water year for non-phosphorus parameters at STA-1W during this reporting period are presented in Appendix 5-5 of this volume, and are summarized in **Table 5-11**. Temperature, specific conductance, DO, and pH values reported in this chapter are field measurements.

Discharges from STA-1W were determined to be in compliance with the permit by satisfying the criterion assessment for all non-phosphorus and non-DO parameters with applicable numeric state water quality standards. Both inflow and outflow DO concentrations were lower than the Class III numeric standard. Annual average concentrations of total dissolved solids and dissolved chloride were slightly higher at the outflow compared to the inflow. However, because these parameters have no applicable numeric state water quality standards, STA-1W is deemed to be in full compliance with the permit. Additional requirements for DO are listed in Administrative Order No. AO-002-EV and are discussed below. Mercury monitoring results are also discussed in Chapter 3B, and the annual permit compliance monitoring report for mercury in the STAs is in Appendix 5-6 of this volume.

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**Table 5-11.** Summary of annual arithmetic averages and FWM for all parameters other than total phosphorus monitored in STA-1W. Parameters that were measured higher at the outflow compared to the inflow are shaded in gray.

Parameter	Arithmetic Means Inflow Outflow				low-Weig Inflow	hted Means Total Outflow	
rarameter	S5A	G251	G310	n	Conc.	n	Conc.
Temperature (°C)	25.0	23.9	24.8	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	3.9	1.5	3.8	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	1,171	1,179	1,186	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
рН	7.6	7.4	7.7	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Turbidity (NTU)	16.2	2.8	5.5	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	760	794	780	12 (25)	670	24 (50)	703
Unionized Ammonia (mg/L)	0.007	0.002	0.006	21 (47)	0.010	22 (48)	0.004
Orthophosphate as P (mg/L)	0.119	0.038	0.041	24 (51)	0.127	49 (102)	0.062
Total Dissolved Phosphorus (mg/L)	0.130	0.052	0.057	24 (51)	0.136	49 (102)	0.077
Sulfate (mg/L)	86.4	72.8	80.3	12 (25)	72.6	24 (50)	69.2
Alkalinity (mg/L)	264	293	270	12 (25)	249	24 (50)	238
Dissolved Chloride (mg/L)	154	159	162	12 (25)	130	24 (50)	142
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	3.52	2.50	3.00	22 (48)	3.88	24 (50)	2.96
Total Dissolved Nitrogen (mg/L)	3.34	2.33	2.77	12 (25)	3.19	24 (50)	2.74
Nitrate + Nitrite (mg/L)	0.871	0.117	0.355	22 (48)	0.770	24 (50)	0.552
Ametryn (µg/L)	0.025	-NA-	-NA-	1 (4)	0.010	-NA-	-NA-
Atrazine (µg/L)	0.318	-NA-	-NA-	1 (4)	0.210	-NA-	-NA-

-NA-: Not Applicable

n: number of samples with flow (total number of samples)

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#### STA-1W DISSOLVED OXYGEN MONITORING

DO concentrations fluctuate naturally in marsh environments, such as the Everglades, routinely falling below the Class III water quality criterion of 5 milligrams per liter (mg/L). STAs also experience natural fluctuations in DO that routinely fall below 5 mg/L, as observed in DO data collected in the Everglades Nutrient Removal Project (ENR Project Monitoring Report Appendices, 1995–1998), and as reported in the 1999 Everglades Interim Report, and in the 2000–2004 Everglades Consolidated Reports. The FDEP recognized the phenomenon of fluctuating DO concentrations in the EFA permit issued to the District for STA-1W (Administrative Order No. AO-002-EV in Exhibit C of Permit No. 503074709, April 13, 1999). To address DO in STA discharges, Section II of the Administrative Orders requires that the District provide the FDEP with an annual report consisting of an analysis demonstrating that DO levels in STA discharges do not adversely change the downstream Everglades ecology or the downstream water quality. The analysis is based on the following:

- Comparison of DO levels in STA discharges with background conditions in receiving waters
- Evaluation of DO levels at representative interior Everglades marsh stations, demonstrating that STA discharges fully maintain and protect the existing designated uses of the downstream waters and that the level of water quality is consistent with applicable anti-degradation requirements
- Evaluation of whether discharges are necessary or desirable and are otherwise in the public interest. Depiction of the daily and seasonal diel cycles for STA DO discharges during the period covered by the STA annual report
- Comparison of STA effluent with other historical DO data from the EPA, including data from interior marsh stations within the Refuge (receiving effluent from STA-1W), the Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area (RWMA) tract (receiving effluent from STA-5), and any other locations downstream of the STA discharges
- Consideration of the influences of temperature, seasonal weather conditions, aquatic community type, and hydropattern on the diel cycle of the STA discharges

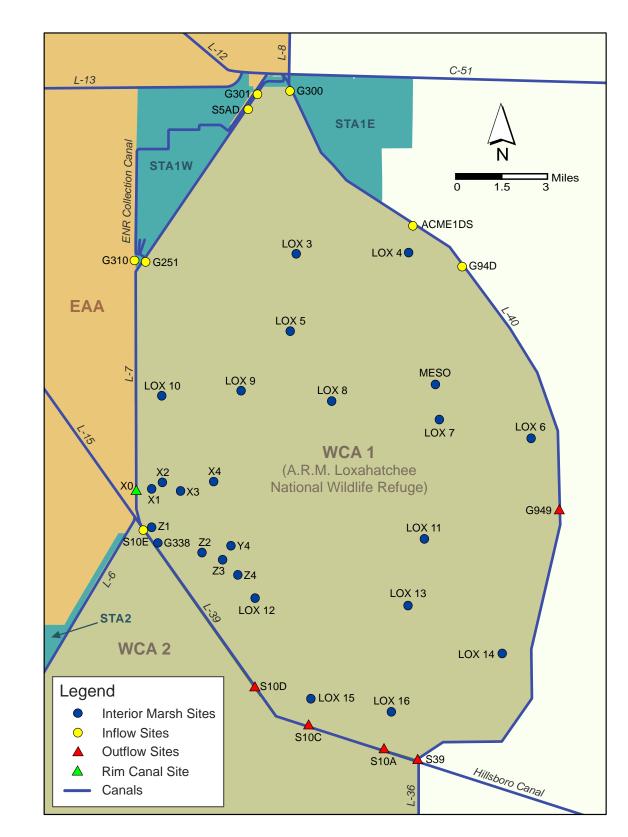
The District developed the following plan to comply with the DO requirements of the Administrative Orders for STA-1W. Under the plan, DO concentrations are measured quarterly with Hydrolab<sup>TM</sup>, DataSonde<sup>®</sup>, or MiniSonde<sup>®</sup> probes at 30-minute intervals for four consecutive days at the following locations:

- On the south side of the C-51 canal upstream of S-5A
- Downstream of the G-251 and G-310 discharge structures (**Figure 5-16**)
- At sites along the X, Y, and Z transects in the periphery of the interior Refuge marshes downstream of the combined discharges (**Figure 5-16**)

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**Figure 5-16**. Location and classification of water quality monitoring stations in the Refuge.

# Sampling Dates

Diel oxygen measurement dates and sites associated with STA-1W for WY2006 are provided in **Table 5-12**.

**Table 5-12**. Deployment dates for diel oxygen measurements at STA-1W structures and associated downstream marsh sites.

Event	Dates		Structures		Sites Monitored in Refuge		
Start	End	Inflow	Outf	low	Sites Monitored in Reluge		
06/06/2005	06/09/2005	S5AU	G251D	G310			
07/11/2005	07/15/2005				X1, X2, X3, X4, Y4, Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4		
09/12/2005	09/16/2005	S5AU	G251D	G310	X1, X2, X3, X4, Y4, Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4		
12/05/2005	12/08/2005	S5AU	G251D	G310			
01/09/2006	01/13/2006				X1, X2, X3, X4, Y4, Z2, Z3, Z4		
03/06/2006	03/10/2006	S5AU	G251D	G310	X1, X2, X3, X4, Y4, Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4		

# Comparison of Dissolved Oxygen in STA-1W Discharges with Dissolved Oxygen at Downstream Marshes

Comparisons of DO in STA-1W discharges with DO at downstream marsh sites in the Refuge provide an indication of whether the discharge is affecting the marsh DO concentration or the diel oxygen cycle. However, direct comparisons of DO in STA-1W discharges with DO at downstream marsh sites in WCA-1 (**Figure 5-16**) cannot be made for all monitoring events in WY2006 because Hydrolab<sup>TM</sup> deployment dates differed. However, to satisfy permit requirements, summary statistics for STA-1W discharges and WCA-1 marsh transect sites are presented in **Table 5-12**. Discharges from STA-1W structures G-251 and G-310 constitute the flow in the L-7 rim canal unless diversions are made through G-301, or there are outflows from the interior Refuge marsh. The DO concentration and concentrations of other constituents in the discharges affect water quality and vegetation along the fringe of the interior marsh. At times when rim canal stage is higher than interior marsh stage, rim canal water has the potential to flow into the interior marsh. The extent of this penetration is dependent on stage differential. Consequently, STA-1W discharges can affect the quality of water in the interior marsh up to several kilometers from the rim canal.

Examination of the data in **Table 5-13** and the notched box and whisker plots in **Figure 5-17** indicates that the median diel DO values in discharges from G-251 and G-310 were significantly greater than the values at transect sites Z1, X1, Z2, and X2. This significance is illustrated on **Figure 5-17** because the notches for the G-251 and G-310 plots, which represent the approximate 95 percent confidence interval (95% C.I.) for the medians, do not overlap the notches for Z1, X1, Z2, and X2. Non-overlapping notches indicate that data sets being compared are significantly different.

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Further comparisons of medians and notches indicates G-310 and G-251 had significantly lower DO concentrations than concentrations measured at sites Z3, Z4, Y4, and X4. Site X3 did not have significantly different DO concentrations from G-251 and G-310. Dissolved oxygen concentrations in G-310 and G-251 discharges were significantly greater than concentrations measured at transect sites X1, Z1, X2, and Z2. Sites Z3 and X4 were significantly different from both G-251 and G-310, as well as greater than the other marsh sites.

The STA-1W discharges must travel several kilometers down the L-7 canal before reaching the transect locations. Analysis of the data indicates that diel DO concentrations in the STA-1W discharges do not negatively affect the low DO concentrations observed at marsh transect stations Z1, X1, Z2, the closest to the canal, or the more interior marsh sites X2, X3, Z3, Z4, Y4, and X4. The diel DO patterns observed at Z1, X1, Z2, and X2 maybe largely due to the long-term effects of TP loading to the rim canal. Diel oxygen patterns at the more interior marsh transect sites, which are rainfall dominated, are the result of water depth and habitat vegetation differences. Ultimately, TP load reductions to the rim canal of the Refuge should improve DO conditions in the marsh fringe areas affected by canal water penetration. The complete DO data sets collected during WY2006 are presented in Appendix 5-7 of this volume.

**Table 5-13**. Statistical summary of diel DO at outflow stations (G-251D and G-310) and transect stations (X, Y, and Z) in the Refuge during six deployment periods.

Location	Station	Number of Measurements	Mean	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Standard Deviation
Outflow	G251D	575	4.21	0.72	3.71	11.20	2.41
Outriow	G310	574	4.54	1.47	4.39	10.24	2.17
	X1	500	0.70	0.01	0.44	9.63	0.90
Transect X	X2	540	2.05	0.10	1.77	8.70	1.51
Transect A	Х3	540	3.55	0.13	3.66	9.54	2.19
	X4	359	5.72	3.06	5.46	9.67	1.52
Transect Y	Y4	361	5.83	3.25	5.65	9.45	1.36
	Z1	181	1.08	0.06	0.98	9.41	1.07
Transect Z	Z2	361	2.10	0.08	1.90	6.11	1.23
Hallsect Z	Z3	181	5.67	4.07	5.79	6.73	0.64
	Z4	179	7.45	5.23	7.46	9.57	1.18

Note: See Appendix 5-4, Table 2 for statistical summaries by event and diel parameter.

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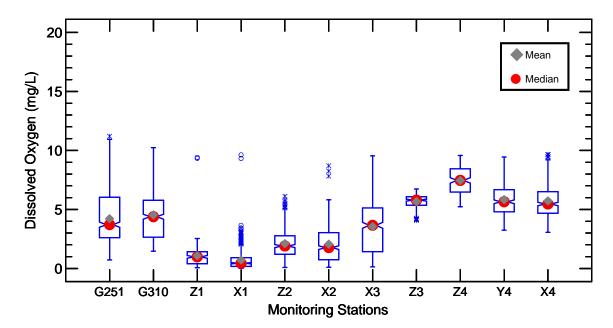
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Diel dissolved oxygen monitoring at the marsh stations of WCA-1 was also intended to provide data for the development of a SSAC for dissolved oxygen in the Everglades. The SSAC was adapted by the FDEP in June 2004 and shall be applied to future permits. Diel cycle monitoring shall also not be required in future permits. Compliance will be determined using the SSAC.



**Figure 5-17**. Notched box and whisker plots of diel DO measurements at STA-1W outflow stations (G-251D and G-310) and along transect sites in the Refuge during eight monitoring periods. The notch on a box plot represents the 95% confidence interval (C.I.) about the median, which is represented by the narrowest part of the notch. The top and bottom of the box represent the 75<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> percentiles, respectively. The whiskers represent the highest and lowest data values that are within two standard deviations of the median. Values above and below the whiskers are greater than two standard deviations form the median. Notches that do not overlap indicate that the data represented by the boxes being compared are significantly different at the 95% C.I.

Note: See Appendix 5-7 for statistical summaries by event and diel parameter.

# STA-1W CELL 5 LIMEROCK BERM [FDEP GRANT AGREEMENT]

In February 2005, Cell 5 was closed to inflows in order lower the water depths to degrade the limerock berm, and in April 2005, the top of the limerock berm was scraped down to the approximate elevation of 10.0 feet National Geodetic Vertical Datum 1929 (NGVD29). The monitoring of the limerock berm was completed in FY2005 (October 1, 2004–September 30, 2005). A report summarizing the STA-1W Cell 5 Limerock Berm project is currently being developed and will be discussed in next year's SFER.

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# STA-1W VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

Specific Condition 13(b) of the EFA permit requires that the annual Everglades Consolidated Report (currently known as the *South Florida Environmental Report*) include information regarding the application of herbicides used to exclude and/or eliminate undesirable vegetation within the treatment cells. In WY2006, the District treated a total of 2,717 acres to control vegetation in the STA-1W marsh, using 81.0 gallons of diquat to treat the floating vegetation, and 1,332 gallons of glyphosate and 351.0 gallons of imazapyr to control emergent vegetation (**Table 5-4**). The District used both aerial and ground-based spray equipment to apply these herbicides.

Vegetation management activities also included controlling the emergent vegetation that grew during dry-down conditions in Cells 2, 4, and Cell 5. Additionally, four vegetation strips consisting of a variety of emergent plant species were planted in Cell 5 to reduce the impacts on the SAV from wind and wave damage (**Figures 5-2** and **5-18**). These vegetation strips run the entire length of the treatment cell from north to south and are situated perpendicular to flow. Over 200,000 plants were planted in July 2006.

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# Thalia geniculata Ponted cria cordata Sagittaria lancifo lia Eleocharis interstincta Scirp us californicus N Map generated on 6/28/06

# **Proposed STA-1W Cell 5B Vegetation Planting Strips**

Figure 5-18. Map showing the location of the vegetation strips created in Cell 5. The vegetation strips consist of a variety of emergent plant species. The purpose of the vegetation strips is to reduce the impact of waves and wind on the SAV communities.

9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000

#### **STA-1W South PSTA Test Cells**

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The EFA required the District to optimize the treatment performance of the STAs. To comply with this mandate, the District initiated research projects in the STA-1W test cells to evaluate the efficacy of several different treatment technologies, one of which was PSTA. The STA-1W test cells are 30 0.2-hectare (0.5-acre) constructed wetlands designed to be hydrologically isolated from each other. One set of 15 test cells is located in STA-1W, Cell 1 (north test cells), and the other is in STA-1W, Cell 3 (south test cells). The test cells and the ATT research projects conducted in these cells are described in Chimney et al. (2000). All work associated with the ATT Program was concluded in January 2002. Results from the ATT projects have been summarized in previous consolidated reports and in final project reports that can be found on the District's web site at <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/ecp/etweb/main\_template/report.html">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/ecp/etweb/main\_template/report.html</a>.

The District continued monitoring the three south PSTA test cells on a reduced basis after the ATT Program ended to document long-term trends in TP removal in these systems. Two of the south PSTA cells were constructed with 30 cm of shellrock placed over 30 cm of peat (shellrock cells), while the remaining cell only had a peat substrate (peat cell). This section provides an

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overview of TP removal in the south PSTA test cells for the period from May 1, 2002 through April 30, 2006, which is referred to as the period of extended monitoring.

The south PSTA test cells were operated at a constant hydraulic loading rate of 2.6 cm/day throughout the period of extended monitoring except following the 2005 hurricane season when power to the system was disrupted for several months. Water depth averaged 30 cm in all cells in WY2003, 60 cm in WY2004, and 30 cm in subsequent years. Grab samples were collected biweekly at the common inflow to the south test cells and at the outflow from each individual PSTA test cell and analyzed for TP. It was reported in the 2006 SFER that the shellrock cells had substantially better treatment performance than the peat cell, and sampling of the peat cell was discontinued in October 2004. Therefore, this report focuses only on the performance of the shellrock systems. Mean values discussed in this section are geometric means. Differences in inflow and outflow TP concentrations were compared using analysis of variance analysis (ANOVA) of log<sub>10</sub>-transformed data pooled over all sampling dates followed by post hoc mean comparison tests (Tukey-Kramer HSD) using SAS JMP<sup>®</sup>, version 6.

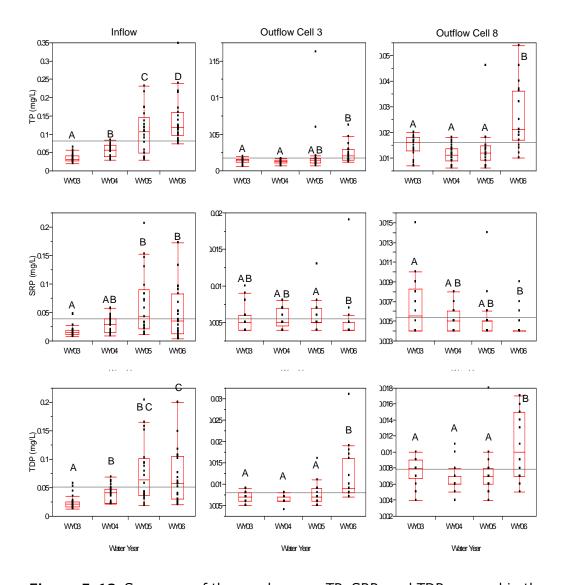
Overall mean outflow TP concentrations from the shellrock cells (15 µg/L and 14 µg/L for Cells 3 and 8, respectively) were significantly lower (p < 0.0001) than the mean inflow TP concentration of 66 µg/L (Table 5-12). Mean inflow TP concentrations to the south test cells had a trend of increasing concentrations over all water years; but with substantial increases beginning with the two hurricanes in September 2004, with yearly mean TP concentrations of 0.031 mg/L, 0.057 mg/L, 0.107 mg/L, and 0.118 mg/L for WY2003, WY2004, WY2005, and WY2006, respectively (Figure 5-19). Mean total dissolved phosphorus (TDP) and soluble reactive phosphate (SRP) concentration values were also substantially elevated in the later water years relative to the first two years. The annual mean outflow TP concentrations from both PSTA cells remained relatively constant for the first three water years with annual means not significantly from each other with Cell 3 outflow ranging from 0.013 mg/L to 0.015 mg/L and Cell 8 outflows ranging from 0.011 mg/L to 0.016 mg/L. However, mean TP outflow concentrations for WY2006 were significantly elevated relative to prior years with means of 0.020 mg/L for Cell 3 and 0.021 mg/L for Cell 8, indicating that phosphorus (P) removal performance was negatively affected by the increased P load to the system. Mean TDP outflow concentrations from the cells exhibited a similar trend with elevated outflow concentrations in WY2006. Interestingly, annual mean SRP outflow concentrations did not exhibit the same trend; indicating the system was able to absorb the increased SRP coming into the system and the elevated TDP concentrations were reflective of exported dissolved organic phosphorus rather than the soluble P species. Preliminary analysis would indicate that these systems are resilient to occasional or limited increases in P loading; but continued or long-term increases will result in increased TP outflow concentrations. Additionally, these results may indicate that tracking TDP concentrations and not SRP concentrations may provide a better early warning of system decline. Note that while none of the south PSTA test cells achieved a long-term mean outflow TP concentration of 10 µg/L, individual biweekly values were occasionally at or below this threshold level.

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**Table 5-14.** Summary of the geomean total phosphorus (TP) concentrations values for the PSTA test cells (Cells 3 and 8) located at the STA-1W South Test Cell facility. Inflow and outflow concentrations presented for the period extending from May 1, 2002, through April 30, 2006. TP, soluble reactive phosphate (SRP), and total dissolved phosphorus (TDP) overall mean outflow concentrations were significantly lower (p<0.0001) than the overall mean inflow concentrations for this period.

Parameter	Inflow (mg/L)	Outflow Cell 3 (mg/L)	Outflow Cell 8 (mg/L)
TP	0.066	0.015	0.014
TDP	0.040	0.008	0.008
SRP	0.025	0.005	0.005

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**Figure 5-19**. Summary of the yearly mean TP, SRP, and TDP removal in the two STA-1W south PSTA test cells for the period extending from May 1, 2002, through April 30, 2006. The solid line represents the grand mean. Top and bottom of the boxes = the  $75^{th}$  and  $25^{th}$  percentile of the data distribution, respectively; mid-line =  $50^{th}$  percentile; ends of whiskers =  $10^{th}$  and  $90^{th}$  percentiles, respectively. Means with different letters are significantly different from each other at a probability level (a) < 0.05.

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# **STA-1W WILDLIFE AND RECREATION**

STA-1W was opened to water fowl hunts in 2004. Bird watching tours were also conducted. Black-necked stilts (*Himantopus mexicanus*) were found nesting in Cells 2, 4, and 5B (refer to the 2006 Stilt Nesting Summary for the STAs section in this chapter. District staff has worked with the USFWS and several improvements have been initiated in order to minimize nesting within the footprint of the treatment area and more importantly to minimize impacts to active nests. The improvements include (1) degrading the limerock berm in Cell 5 to eliminate exposed surface areas, (2) conducting migratory bird surveys (USFWS), and (3) posting signs around the areas of concern to increase awareness of the birds' presence.

Recreational opportunities, such as bird watching continued in WY2006. Duck hunting was not permitted this year due Long-Term Plan enhancement construction and rehabilitation efforts in Cell 5. Recreational facilities are proposed to provide public access to STA-1W. The proposed recreational facilities include an asphalt parking area on the south side of County Road 880 and associated road improvements such as an acceleration and deceleration lane in the vicinity of the entrance to the parking lot. The proposed facilities include a canoe launching site and a boardwalk for access to the seepage canal north of the STA. A footbridge is also proposed across the seepage canal to provide pedestrian access to the existing leveled area adjacent to the north end of the limerock berm in Cell 5B. An information kiosk, a composting toilet, a boardwalk, and landscaping are proposed at this location. Pedestrian gates, signage, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment are also proposed.

# **STA-1W ENHANCEMENTS**

STA-1W enhancements for STA-1W are listed in **Table 5-4** and on **Figure 5-7**.

# Completed in FY2005

- Replacement of existing structure G-255 with a fully operable control structure (nominal capacity of approximately 585 cubic feet per second, or cfs) [Status: G-255 is flow capable]
- Construction of a new levee across Cell 2, together with a series of culverts for improved flow distribution (G-249 structures) [Status: G-249 structures are flow capable]
- Demolition of G-256 structure and levee restoration
- Removal of tussock material from Cell 2
- Excavation of flow-way cuts along the C-7 canal, within Cell 4
- Excavation of flow-way cuts along north end of Cell 2A (submerged remnant farm road)
  - Excavation of G-254 distribution and collection canals
  - Installation of overhead power line, beginning at northeast corner of Cell 5A and continuing along the G-304 levee, providing power to G-255 structure (and future power to G-304 structures)

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1052 1053	The STA enhancement and Long-Term Plan construction projects completed in WY2006 consist of the following component elements:										
1054	• Earthwork for improved flow distribution of Cell 5 (G-304 and G-306 berms)										
1055	<ul> <li>G-304 automation work started December 2005 is still ongoing</li> </ul>										
1056 1057 1058	<ul> <li>Construction of a small seepage pumping station (designated as G-327B) near the northwest corner of Cell 5B to permit withdrawal from the seepage canal to maintain stages in the SAV Cell 5B</li> </ul>										
1059	<ul> <li>Replace G-255 Cell 2 inflow from seven culverts to three gated box weir/culverts</li> </ul>										
1060 1061	<ul> <li>Addition of a 150-cfs structure (G-307) to replace G-256 as the primary discharge for Cell 4</li> </ul>										
1062	• Demolish original Cell 4 outflow structure G-256										
1063	• Earthwork for improved flow distribution, Cell 4 (C7 levee)										
1064	<ul> <li>Construction of Cell 2 interior levee and water control structures G-249 complete</li> </ul>										
1065 1066	• Replacement of five existing galvanized pipes along the G-254 levee										
1067	The following projects are scheduled to occur in WY2006 and WY2007:										
1068 1069 1070 1071	• Construct internal levee and culverts in Cell 1 over the 2006-2007 dry season. Approval was obtained from the FDEP to postpone the enhancements in Cells 1 and 3 by one year from the original schedule to allow vegetation grow-in in Cells 2, 4, and 5.										
1072	<ul> <li>Convert Cells 1B and 3 to SAV</li> </ul>										
1073	• G-308 Structure (C-6 canal, Cell 3)										
1074	Improve G-308 Collection Canal										
1075 1076	• Enhancements construction completion expected to be around June 2007 with vegetation grow-in to occur over the following year.										

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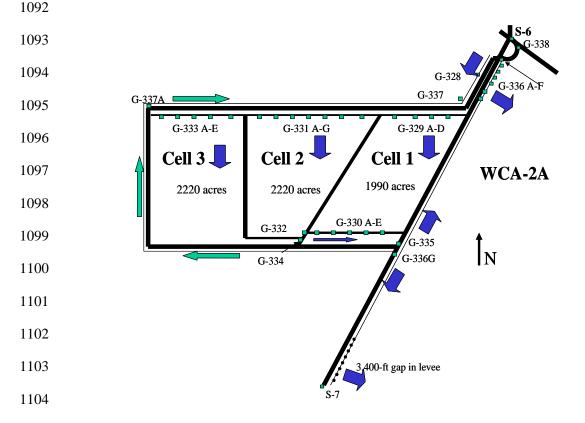
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1077 STA-2

# **STA-2 CONFIGURATION**

Stormwater Treatment Area 2 (STA-2) contains approximately 6,430 acres of effective treatment area arranged in three parallel flow-ways. The Eastern Flow-way (Cell 1) consists of about 1,990 acres of effective treatment area. The Center Flow-way (Cell 2) consists of about 2,220 acres of effective treatment area. The Western Flow-way (Cell 3) consists of approximately 2,220 acres of effective treatment area. A schematic of STA-2 is presented in **Figure 5-20**. Based on the simulated 1965–1995 period of flow, the STA should receive a long-term average of approximately 232,759 ac-ft. Actual deliveries will vary based on hydrologic conditions in the basins.

Water enters STA-2 from the S-6 and G-328 pump stations, is distributed by the inflow canal across the north end of the treatment cells, and flows via gravity south through the three treatment cells. Treated water is collected and discharged to WCA-2A via the G-335 outflow pump station. Discharges are directed to areas within WCA-2A that are already impacted by elevated nutrient levels.



**Figure 5-20**. Schematic of STA-2 (not to scale).

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#### STA-2 WY2006 HIGHLIGHTS

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- Hurricane Wilma caused power outage, moderate damage to some of the levees, and
   severe damage to Cell 3 SAV (details found in the STA-2W Hurricane Wilma
   Impacts section of this chapter)
  - All treatment cells were operational during the water year
- Vegetation in Cell 3 was managed in order to optimize SAV performance:
  - Hydrilla eradication studies. Biocontrol flies (*Hydrellia*) were released in August 12, 2005, in the mid-eastern side. The flies disappeared in the fall and may have been impacted by Hurricane Wilma.
  - o Herbicide Aquathol Super K applied on April 11, 2006
- o SAV inoculation April 19, 2006
- Construction of the new treatment cell, Cell 4, started in April 2006 (Acceler8)
  - Flow into Cell 2 was reduced to improve outflow TP concentrations and hydraulic loading (started August 30, 2006). During low-flow events, one culvert closed in an attempt to equalize flow. Operations directed water to Cell 1, Cell 3, then into Cell 2.
    - Cell 3 was restricted to flow beginning in December 2005 to allow plant establishment, SAV recovery, and hydrilla research. Data analysis was done in order to modify flow and loading to treatment cells.
  - An active bald eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus) nest was found in Cell 2
- No recreational opportunities in STA-2 at this time

#### STA-2 HURRICANE WILMA IMPACTS

- Hurricane Wilma caused moderate damage to the northwest Cell 3 levee and northwest Cell 2 levee. Damage was also done to the G-328 auto-sampler intake. The SAV in Cell 3 suffered severe damage, especially in the northern section of the cell and the water was very turbid. Moderate damage was done to the emergent vegetation. The power outage lasted until December
- 1132 20, 2005.

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# **STA-2 PERMIT STATUS**

Monitoring data collected for STA-2 demonstrates that this treatment area was in compliance with the EFA and NPDES operating permits for WY2006 and that discharges do not pose any known danger to public health, safety, or welfare. The EFA and NPDES operating permits were issued for this project on September 29, 2000. Each treatment cell in STA-2 operates independently, and the permits authorize discharges when net improvement in TP and mercury is demonstrated for each cell.

Currently STA-2 is in the stabilization phase (**Table 5-2**), having demonstrated net improvement in TP and mercury. In addition, Specific Condition 14(B) of the EFA permit states that STA-2 will remain in the stabilization phase of operation until STA-1E and STA-3/4 begin full capacity flow-through operations. STA-3/4 is in flow-through operations, although Cell 3 was operated under a restricted flow and stage to allow for completion of Long-Term Plan enhancements projects and to allow for plant establishment. STA-1E received authorization to discharge from all treatment cells except for Cells 1 and 2. These cells will remain off-line until construction of the PSTA demonstration project is completed (expected completion date is October 2006). Until STA-1E is in full capacity flow-through operations, STA-2 will remain in the stabilization phase of operation.

#### STA-2 OPERATIONS

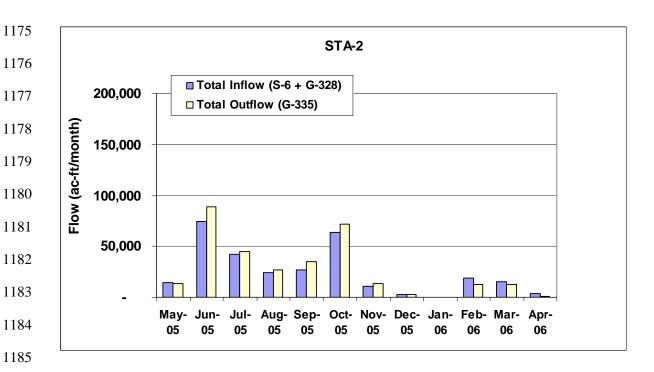
# STA-2 Hydrology

All treatment cells were operational during WY2006. During WY2006, 297,364 ac-ft of water was captured and treated by STA-2 (**Table 5-3**). This was about 28 percent greater than the anticipated 31-year long-term average annual flow, although annual variability was anticipated. Inflows were calculated by subtracting out the volume of water that passed through S-6 for irrigation water (G-328I). This inflow loading was equal to an average hydraulic load of 3.86 cm/d over the treatment area. The annual volume of treated water discharged to WCA-2A was 322,303 ac-ft. The difference between the inflow and outflow volumes reflects the net contributions of direct rainfall, ET, seepage losses to adjacent lands, deep percolation, and flow measurement error. A summary of monthly flows is presented in **Figure 5-21**. During WY2006, STA-2 received 6,977 ac-ft from Lake Okeechobee. There was a very small amount of flow (19 ac-ft) diverted around STA-2 via G-339 during WY2006.

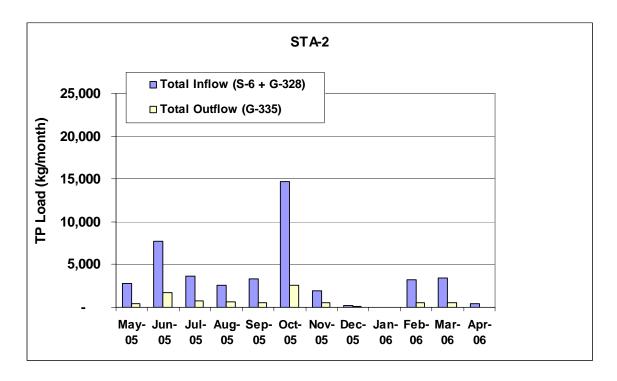
# **STA-2 TOTAL PHOSPHORUS**

The hydraulic loading to STA-2 was 1.28 times the 31-year long-term average and the TP loading to the system was about 1.53 times the long-term design amount (**Table 5-3**). During WY2006, the STA received 44.0 mt of TP, equal to a nutrient loading rate of 1.69 g/m<sup>2</sup>. During WY2006, STA-2 received approximately 0.78 mt of TP from Lake Okeechobee. STA-2 removed approximately 35.8 mt of TP during WY2006. Monthly discharge concentrations were considerably lower than inflow concentrations. Summaries of monthly TP loads and FWM TP concentrations are presented in **Figures 5-22** and **5-23**, respectively. The annual FWM outflow concentration was 21 ppb, an 83 percent reduction from the inflow concentration of 120 ppb. For informational purposes, the annual geometric mean discharge TP concentration for STA-2 was 22 ppb for WY2006. The 12-month moving average TP concentration from STA-2 ranged from 19 to 21 ppb during the course of WY2006 (**Figure 5-24**).

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**Figure 5-21**. Summary of WY2006 flows for STA-2. All treatment cells were operational during WY2006.

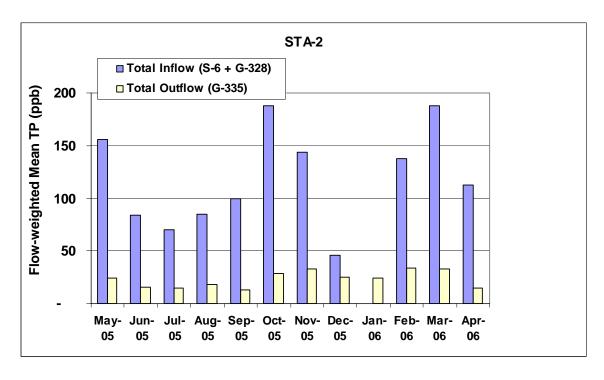


**Figure 5-22**. Summary of WY2006 TP loads for STA-2. All treatment cells were operational during WY2006.

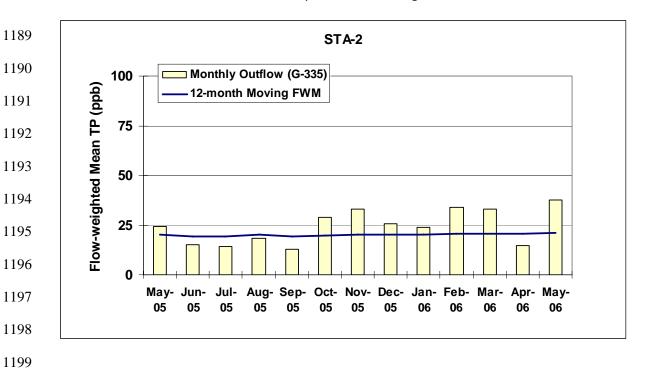
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**Figure 5-23**. Summary of WY2006 TP concentrations for STA-2. All treatment cells were operational during WY2006.



**Figure 5-24**. Comparison of monthly to 12-month moving average TP concentrations for WY2006 for STA-2 outflow. All treatment cells were operational during WY2006.

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# STA-2 OTHER WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

The monitoring data for the water year for non-phosphorus parameters at STA-2 during this reporting period are presented in Appendix 5-9 and are summarized in **Table 5-15**. Discharges from STA-2 were determined to be in compliance with the permit by satisfying criterion one above for all non-phosphorus and non-DO parameters with applicable numeric state water standards. Additional requirements for DO are listed in Administrative Order No. AO-006-EV and are discussed below. Mercury monitoring results are discussed in Chapter 3B and Appendix 5-6 of this volume.

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**Table 5-15**. Summary of annual arithmetic averages and FWM for all parameters other than TP monitored in STA-2.

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Parameter		thmetic Me low	ans Outflow		low-Weig Inflow	hted Means Total Outflow	
raiailletei	S6	G328	G335	n	Conc.	n	Conc.
Temperature (°C)	25.2	25.5	24.6	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	3.6	4.1	4.6	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	1,226	1,507	1,266	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
рН	7.5	7.6	7.6	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Turbidity (NTU)	5.6	4.4	1.2	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	823	940	812	16 (52)	906	26 (26)	767
Unionized Ammonia (mg/L)	0.006	0.012	0.002	16 (52)	0.010	26 (26)	0.001
Orthophosphate as P (mg/L)	0.049	0.013	0.004	36 (99)	0.075	49 (49)	0.006
Total Dissolved Phosphorus (mg/L)	0.057	0.018	0.011	37 (101)	0.085	48 (48)	0.012
Sulfate (mg/L)	80.3	52.4	69.9	16 (50)	103.2	25 (25)	76.4
Alkalinity (mg/L)	326	374	317	16 (52)	354	26 (26)	301
Dissolved Chloride (mg/L)	157	225	171	16 (52)	165	26 (26)	157
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	3.22	2.87	2.45	15 (51)	4.04	25 (25)	2.48
Total Dissolved Nitrogen (mg/L)	3.06	2.75	2.42	15 (51)	3.77	25 (25)	2.46
Nitrate + Nitrite (mg/L)	0.630	0.437	0.172	15 (51)	0.809	25 (25)	0.269

-NA-: Not Applicable

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n: number of samples with flow (total number of samples)

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# STA-2 DISSOLVED OXYGEN MONITORING

#### Introduction

STA-2 Administrative Order No. AO-006-EV in Exhibit C of the EFA STA-2 Permit (Permit No. 0126704, September 29, 2000) specifies the same DO monitoring requirements as those for STA-1W. The District developed the following plan to comply with the DO requirements of the Administrative Orders for STA-2. Under the plan, DO concentrations are measured quarterly with HydrolabTM, DataSonde®, or MiniSonde® probes at 30-minute intervals for four consecutive days at the following locations (**Figure 5-25**):

- At the inflow side of the S-6 pump station
- At the inflow side of the G-328 pump station
- At sites along the N, C, S, and Z transects in the northwest section of WCA-2A, located downstream of culverts distributing flow from discharge pump station G-335

# Sampling Dates

Diel oxygen measurement dates and sites associated with STA-2 for WY2006 are provided in **Table 5-16** and Appendix 5-10.

**Table 5-16.** Deployment dates for diel oxygen measurement at STA-2 structures and associated downstream marsh sites.

Event	Dates		Structure	s	Sites Monitored in Water Conservation		
Start	End	Inf	Inflow		Area 2		
06/06/2005	06/09/2005	S6	G328	G335			
08/15/2005	08/19/2005				C.25, C1, C4,N.25, N1, N4, S.25, S1, S4		
09/12/2005	09/15/2005	S6	G328	G335			
09/19/2005	09/23/2005				C.25, C1, C4,N.25, N1, N4, S.25, S1, S4		
10/17/2005	10/21/2005				C.25, C1, C4,N.25, N1, N4, S.25, S1, S4		
12/06/2005	12/08/2005	S6	G328	G335			
03/24/2006	03/27/2006	S6	G328	G335			

Note: See Appendix 5-10 for statistical summaries by event and diel parameter.

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1230 1231	Comparison of Dissolved Oxygen in STA-2 Discharges with Dissolved Oxygen at Downstream WCA-2A Sites
1232 1233 1234 1235 1236 1237 1238	Direct comparisons of DO in STA-2 discharges with DO at downstream marsh sites in WCA-2A ( <b>Figure 5-25</b> ) cannot be made for all monitoring events in WY2006 because Hydrolab <sup>TM</sup> deployment dates differed. However, to satisfy permit requirements, summary statistics for STA-2 discharges and WCA-2A marsh transect sites are presented in <b>Table 5-17</b> . Notched box and whisker plots for the sites are presented in <b>Figure 5-26</b> . The complete data sets collected at all sites during WY2006 are found in the appendices associated with this chapter of this volume.
1239 1240 1241	The data indicate that diel DO concentrations in G-335 discharges were statistically greater than DO concentrations at all of the marsh transect sites. DO at marsh sites C-4 and S-4 was significantly greater than at the other marsh sites.
1242 1243	Diel dissolved oxygen monitoring at the marsh stations of WCA-2A was also intended to develop a SSAC for DO in the Everglades.
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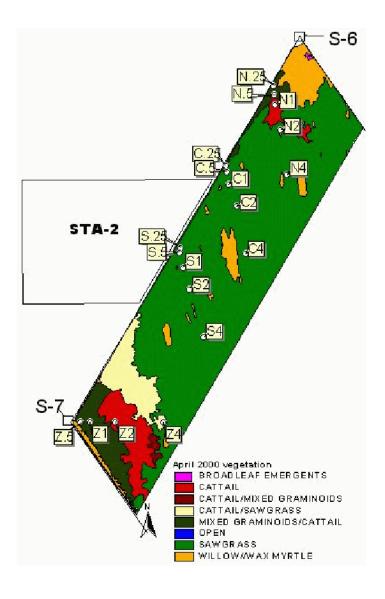


Figure 5-25. DO monitoring sites in WCA-2.

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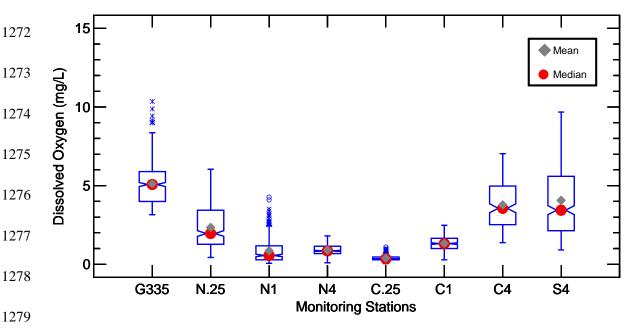
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**Table 5-17**. Statistical summary of diel DO at the outflow pump station from STA-2 and marsh stations in WCA-2 during WY2004.

Location	Station	Number of Measurements	Mean	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Standard Deviation
Outflow	G335	532	5.12	3.15	5.07	10.35	1.28
•	C.25	543	0.39	0.05	0.35	1.10	0.17
Transect C	C1	364	1.33	0.28	1.32	2.48	0.50
	C4	185	3.77	1.38	3.56	7.03	1.49
	N.25	364	2.34	0.43	1.96	6.04	1.40
Transect N	N1	363	0.85	0.06	0.56	4.27	0.77
	N4	363	0.90	0.09	0.85	1.80	0.37
Transect S	S4	364	4.06	0.91	3.44	9.68	2.39



**Figure 5-26**. Notched-box and whisker plots of diel DO measurements at the STA-2 outflow station (G-335) and along transect sites in WCA-2 during three monitoring periods. The notch on a box plot represents the confidence interval (C.I.) about the median, which is represented by the narrowest part of the notch. The top and bottom of the box represent the 75<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> percentiles, respectively. The whiskers represent the highest and lowest data values that are within two standard deviations of the median. Values above and below the whiskers are greater than two standard deviations from the median. Notches that do not overlap indicate that the data represented by the boxes being compared are significantly different at 95% C.I.

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#### STA-2 VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

Specific Condition 13(b) of the EFA permit requires that the annual Everglades Consolidated Report (currently known as the *South Florida Environmental Report*) include information regarding the application of herbicides used to exclude and/or eliminate undesirable vegetation within the treatment cells. In WY2006, the District treated a total of 438 acres to control vegetation in the STA-2 marsh, using 87.0 gallons of diquat to treat the floating vegetation and 108 gallons of glyphosate and 87.0 gallons of imazapyr to control emergent vegetation (**Table 5-4**). There was one submerged treatment targeting hydrilla within Cell 3 of STA-2 where 3,950 pounds of the product Aquathol K Granular was used to treat 167 acres of hydrilla. The active ingredient in Aquathol K is endothall. The District used both aerial and ground-based spray equipment to apply these herbicides.

A vegetation management project, as stated on page 5-27 of the 2003 Long-Term Plan, invasion by emergents or other "less desirable" species should be controlled in order to optimize SAV performance of STA-2 Cell 3 was conducted. In early FY2006, the SAV in the northern portion of Cell 3 was lost due to damage by Hurricane Wilma and an unexplained crash of hydrilla beds. In early 2006, the District transplanted small quantities of SAV from the south area of the cell to the north area to evaluate the potential for SAV reestablishment. Preliminary results provide support for a larger SAV inoculation effort that is scheduled for October–November 2006.

# STA-2 WILDLIFE AND RECREATION

An active bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) nest was found in Cell 2. To protect the nest, District personnel worked with USFWS to perform the following: weekly monitoring of site after nesting and establishing a "no disturb" perimeter, which prevented aerial fly-overs and airboats from getting within 1,500 feet of nest.

There were no recreational opportunities in STA-2 in WY2006, but recreational facilities are proposed to provide public access to STA-2. The proposed recreational facilities include a parking area along the east side of U.S. Highway 27, an information kiosk, a composting toilet, landscaping, and a canoe launching site for access to canals and deepwater areas outside the treatment footprint of the STA. Pedestrian gates, vehicle gates, signage, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment are also proposed The proposed recreational facilities will be located just east of the Okeelanta property bridge that will provide access from U.S. Highway 27.

# **STA-2 EXPANSION AND ENHANCEMENTS**

Expansion of STA-2 includes the construction of an additional 2,015-acre treatment cell (i.e., a new Cell 4) that will operate in parallel with existing Cells 1, 2, and 3 (**Figure 5-27**). The effective treatment area of the new Cell 4 will be approximately 1,901 acres. Construction of the new Cell 4 is under way and will be completed in July 2007, with the cell being flow capable by December 31, 2006. The design and construction of Cell 4 is being implemented under the District's Acceler8 program as part of the Everglades Agricultural Area (EAA) STA Expansion Project. For additional information on the status of the Acceler8 program, see Chapter 7A of this volume.

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1325 Enhancements to STA-2 include construction of interior levees and associated water control structures in the existing treatment cells as well as conversion of emergent vegetation to SAV in 1326 1327 the new downstream cells (Figure 5-27). The new interior levees, water control structures, and 1328 vegetation conversion in existing cells are scheduled to occur in a phased approach following 1329 commencement of flow-through operation in Cell 4. A revision to the Long-Term Plan was 1330 approved in 2006 by the FDEP which included the elimination of the proposed Cell 3 internal 1331 levee. For more information on this revision, refer to Chapter 8 of this volume. It is anticipated 1332 that the status of these additional enhancement projects will be included in future SFERs.

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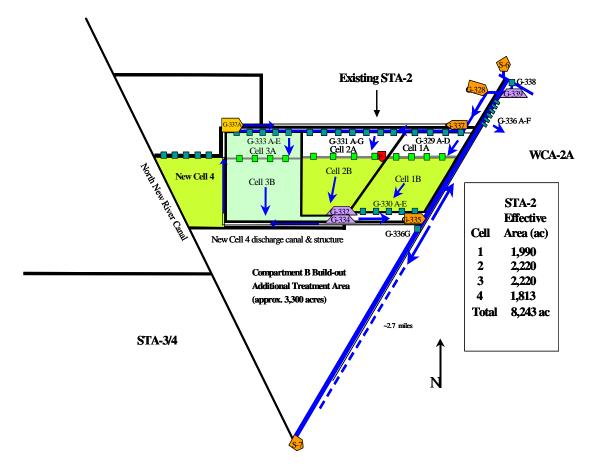


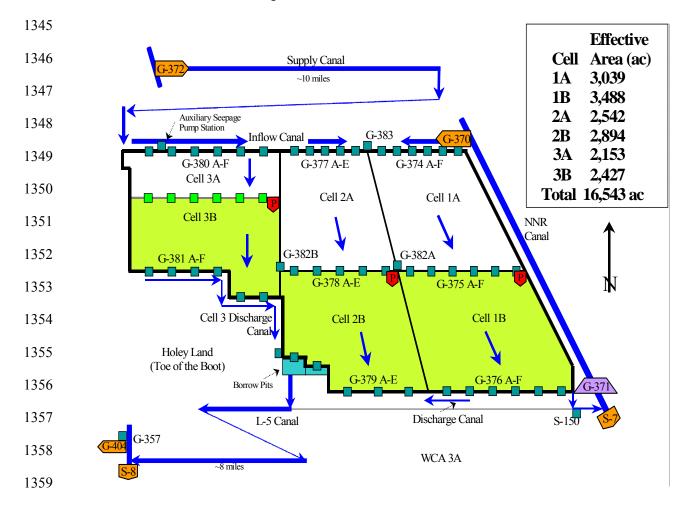
Figure 5-27. STA-2 enhancements (not to scale).

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1335 STA-3/4

#### STA-3/4 CONFIGURATION

Stormwater Treatment Area 3/4 (STA-3/4) is the largest of the STAs, with approximately 16,543 acres of effective treatment area. A schematic of STA-3/4 is presented in **Figure 5-28**. STA-3/4 uses the existing S-7 and S-8 pump stations as the outflow facilities. Refurbishment of those stations is under way. STA-3/4 achieved full flow-through operation on September 16, 2004. STA-3/4 consists of three flow-ways; the Eastern Flow-way contains Cells 1A and 1B, the Central Flow-way contains treatment Cells 2A and 2B, and the Western Flow-way contains treatment Cells 3A and 3B. Inflows are through the G-370 and G-372 structures and outflows are through the G-376, G-379, and G-381 structures.



**Figure 5-28.** Schematic of STA-3/4 (not to scale). The green shading indicates SAV dominated areas.

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# STA-3/4 WY2006 HIGHLIGHTS

- All three flow-ways were operational in WY2006, although Cell 3 was under restricted flow conditions to allow for Long-Term Plan construction and vegetation establishment.
- Hurricane Wilma caused minor damage to the levees and vegetation (details found in the STA-3/4 Hurricane Wilma Impacts section of this chapter).
- The full-scale PSTA demonstration project located in Cell 2B is in the grow-in phase and water quality sampling at the project began.
- Long-Term Plan construction in Cell 3 (creation of divide levee and water control structures) was completed. During construction, a 200 foot cut was made in divide levee to allow stormwater to move through and to reduce the amount of diversion through S-8.
- Small forward-pumping stations (for G-384) were constructed at the mid-levee in all treatment cells. The function of these pumps is to hydrate downstream SAV communities in drought situations.
- Vegetation management activities included converting Cells 1B and 3B to SAV. Vegetation strips, consisting of emergent vegetation, were allowed to establish in Cell 3B (North/South orientation).
- Black-necked stilt nests were found in Cell 3B.
- STA-3/4 received Lake Okeechobee discharges in January 2006. The lake water had high TP concentrations and turbidity. The site manager closely monitored the status of the STA during this period.
- Completed construction of the divide structures G-371 and G-373 from July 2004 through Aug 2005. A large storm event required the canal plugs to be temporarily removed on June 14, 2005.
- The flow calculations for the outflow structures were revised. The preferred outflow DBKEY was modified for WY2006; WY2004 and WY2005 data were not changed. Note that the STA-3/4 data contains draft estimated values based on some provisional flow data for WY2006. Upon completing review of the provisional flow data, the value may be revised and updated in the final report.

#### STA-3/4 HURRICANE WILMA IMPACTS

Hurricane Wilma caused minor damage to the levees, moderate damage to SAV in Cell 2B, and moderate damage to the emergent vegetation. The flow-proportional auto-sampler samples were not operational due to power outage to the data logging units (moscad).

#### STA-3/4 PERMIT STATUS

STA-3/4 discharges do not pose any known danger to the public health, safety, or welfare. Compliance with Specific Conditions 7(a)(i) and 7(a)(ii) was achieved.

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STA-3/4 is in the stabilization phase (**Table 5-2**). Although construction was not wholly complete, the STA-3/4 facilities were sufficiently complete to begin start-up operations by October 1, 2003.

- Eastern Flow-way 1 (Cells 1A and 1B) showed net improvement for phosphorus on December 24, 2003, and for mercury on January 15, 2004; Flow-through operations began on February 10, 2004, and on February 25, 2004, the first discharges of treated water from this STA began.
- Central Flow-way 2 (Cells 2A and 2B) showed net improvement for phosphorus on August 5, 2004 and for mercury on August 11, 2004, and has been in flow-through since September 16, 2004.
- Western Flow-way 3 (Cell 3) showed net improvement for phosphorus on December 24, 2003 and for mercury on June 29, 2004, through a permit modification, flow-through operations was authorized on March 19, 2004.

#### STA-3/4 OPERATIONS

# STA-3/4 Hydrology

During WY2006, all treatment cells were operational (**Table 5-18**). Inflow to STA-3/4 through G-370 and G-372 was 697,161 ac-ft, equal to an average hydraulic loading rate of 3.52 cm/day over the effective treatment area of the STA 3/4 (**Table 5-3**). These inflows were slightly higher (6 percent) than the 31-year long-term average annual simulated inflow for this STA, although annual variability was anticipated. Inflows were calculated by subtracting out the volume of water that passed through G-372 to supply water to the Holey Land (through G-372HL). The volume of treated water discharged from STA-3/4 was 776,251 ac-ft. The STA-3/4 outflow data contains draft estimated values based on some provisional flow data for WY2006. Upon completing review of the provisional flow data, the value may be revised and updated in the final report. A summary of monthly flows during WY2006 is presented in **Figure 5-29**. STA-3/4 received 54,805 ac-ft from Lake Okeechobee (23,627 ac-ft through G-370, and 31,178 ac-ft through G-372). There was diversion around STA-3/4 through structures G-371, G-373, and G-373BC of 75,050 ac-ft in WY2006. It is estimated that about 80 percent of this diversion consisted of STA-5 discharge during flood events from June 6, 2005, through July 22, 2005.

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**Table 5- 18.** Operational status of the treatment cells in STA-3/4 from January 2004 through September 2006.

**STA-3/4 Operational Treatment Cells** 

		200	)4					200	5			2006		
Jan - Mar	Apr - Jun	Jul - Aug	Sep Hurricanes Francis and Jeanne	Oct - Dec		Mar - May	June- Aug	Sep	Oct Hurricane Wilma	Nov	Dec	Jan - Mar	Apr - Jun	Jul - Sep
	All Flow-ways				Eastern and Central									
Operational Flow-way  LTP con Western			construc	ction in Western Flow-way re-hydrated, partial operation for p						,				

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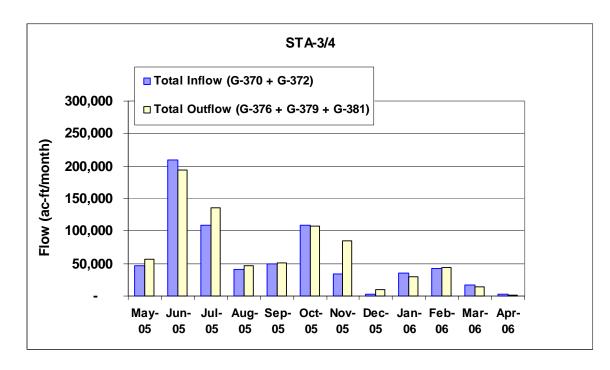


Figure 5-29. Summary of WY2006 flow for STA-3/4.

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# STA-3/4 Total Phosphorus

STA-3/4 has demonstrated better than anticipated phosphorus removal performance. In WY2006, STA-3/4 received a TP load of 105.4 mt with an average inflow of 123 ppb (**Table 5-3**). During this period, the STA discharged 776,251 ac-ft and a TP load of 22.5 mt, with an average concentration of 24 ppb (**Figure 5-30**). The STA-3/4 outflow data for WY2006 is still under review and the load value may be revised and updated in the final report. STA-3/4 received 12.26 mt of phosphorus from Lake Okeechobee (5.67 mt through G-370, and 6.59 mt through G-372) with a FWM TP concentration of 181 ppb. About 82.9 mt of phosphorus was removed, and average TP was reduced from 123 ppb down to 24 ppb, resulting in an 81 percent load reduction (**Figure 5-31**). The moving 12-month FWM TP outflow concentration for STA-3/4 ranged from 14 to 24 ppb (**Figure 5-32**). For informational purposes, the geometric mean TP concentration of the outflow was calculated as 24 ppb.

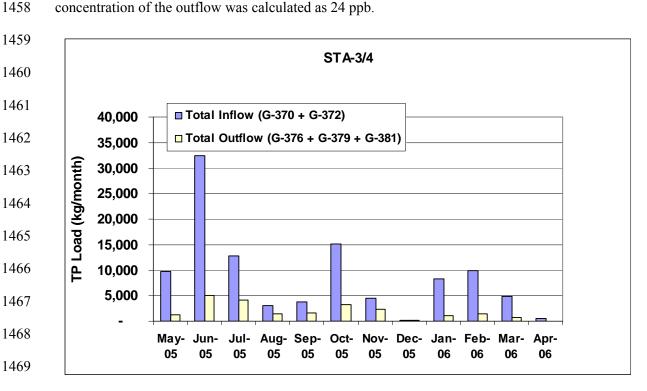


Figure 5-30. Summary of WY2006 TP load for STA-3/4.

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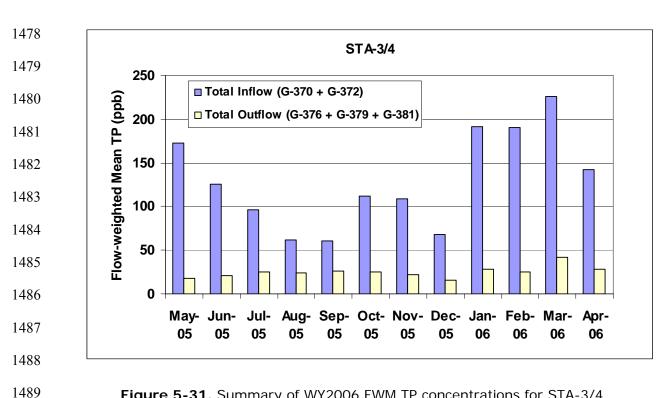


Figure 5-31. Summary of WY2006 FWM TP concentrations for STA-3/4.

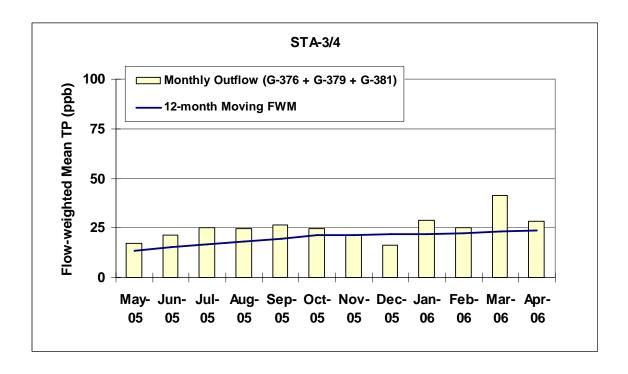


Figure 5-32. Comparison of monthly to 12-month moving average TP concentrations for WY2006 for STA-3/4 outflow.

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# STA-3/4 OTHER WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

Compliance with the EFA permit is determined based on the three-part assessment presented in the *Water Quality Permit Requirements* section of this chapter. Water quality parameters with Florida Class III standards are identified in **Table 5-7**. The monitoring data for non-phosphorus parameters at STA-3/4 for the water year are presented in Appendix 5-11 and are summarized in **Table 5-19**. Additional requirements for DO are listed in Administrative Order No. AO-002-EV and are discussed below. STA-3/4 is deemed to be in full compliance with the permit.

**Table 5-19.** Summary of annual arithmetic averages and flow-weighted means for all parameters other than TP monitored in STA-3/4.

				Arithmet	ic Means				Flow-Weighted Means			
Parameter	Inf	low			Out	flow			Total	Inflow	Total O	utflow
	G370	G372	G376B	G376E	G379B	G379D	G381B	G381E	n	Conc.	n	Conc.
Temperature (°C)	24.7	25.3	24.2	24.3	24.5	24.6	26.5	26.7	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	5.6	5.5	2.5	2.8	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.3	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	1,052	837	866	838	748	753	713	683	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
рН	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Turbidity (NTU)	8.6	12.6	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	658	534	539	522	472	482	444	410	25 (50)	532	86 (132)	466
Unionized Ammonia (mg/L)	0.002	0.002	<0.001	<0.001	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.002	22 (47)	0.002	75 (120)	<0.001
Orthophosphate as P (mg/L)	0.040	0.046	0.003	0.006	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.002	49 (102)	0.067	176 (277)	0.006
Total Dissolved Phosphorus (mg/L)	0.050	0.057	0.011	0.016	0.012	0.014	0.011	0.009	47 (100)	0.078	170 (271)	0.012
Sulfate (mg/L)	54.1	52.5	50.4	46.1	41.4	41.0	28.8	26.9	25 (50)	53.1	86 (131)	42.6
Alkalinity (mg/L)	306	229	252	241	196	202	207	207	25 (50)	243	86 (132)	215
Dissolved Chloride (mg/L)	110	86	84	81	82	80	69	65	25 (50)	74	86 (131)	73
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	2.68	3.09	1.85	1.85	2.17	2.09	1.81	1.68	25 (50)	3.78	81 (125)	1.90
Total Dissolved Nitrogen (mg/L)	2.46	2.73	1.79	1.80	2.06	1.94	1.70	1.57	25 (49)	3.47	81 (125)	1.84
Nitrate + Nitrite (mg/L)	0.595	1.028	0.034	0.052	0.132	0.110	0.031	0.025	25 (50)	1.470	81 (125)	0.142
Total Arsenic (µg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	3.30	-NA-	3.50	-NA-	2.50	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	3.00
Total Copper (μg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	1.700	-NA-	2.900	-NA-	0.600	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	1.287
Total Lead (µg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.400	-NA-	0.400	-NA-	0.400	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.400
Total Zinc (μg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	2.000	-NA-	2.000	-NA-	2.000	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	2.000
Atrazine (µg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.066	-NA-	0.071	-NA-	0.066	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.066
Chlordane (µg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.010	-NA-	0.010	-NA-	0.010	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.020
DDD (μg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.002	-NA-	0.002	-NA-	0.002	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.005
DDE (μg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.002	-NA-	0.002	-NA-	0.002	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.004
DDT (µg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.003	-NA-	0.003	-NA-	0.003	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.006
Simazine (µg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.005	-NA-	0.005	-NA-	0.005	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.010
Toxaphene (μg/L)	-NA-	-NA-	0.050	-NA-	0.048	-NA-	0.048	-NA-	-NA-	-NA-	2 (3)	0.098

-NA- : Not Applicable

n: number of samples with flow (total number of samples)

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# STA-3/4 DISSOLVED OXYGEN MONITORING

#### Introduction

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STA-3/4 Administrative Order No. AO-007-EV in Exhibit D of Permit No. 0192895, January 9, 2004, specifies the DO monitoring requirements as STA-3/4.

The District developed the following plan to comply with the DO requirements of the Administrative Orders for STA-3/4. Under the plan, DO concentrations are measured quarterly with Hydrolab<sup>TM</sup>, DataSonde<sup>®</sup>, or MiniSonde<sup>®</sup> probes at 30-minute intervals for four consecutive days at the following locations (**Figure 5-33**):

- At inflow monitoring stations to STA-3/4: G-370 and G-372
- At outflow stations in the two discharge canals: STA-34EDC and STA-34WDC

Additional diel DO monitoring at locations downstream of the discharge points was intended for development of the SSAC. The SSAC for DO has already been developed for the Everglades.

Under new permits for the STAs, compliance for DO will be determined using the SSAC and diel monitoring will not be required.

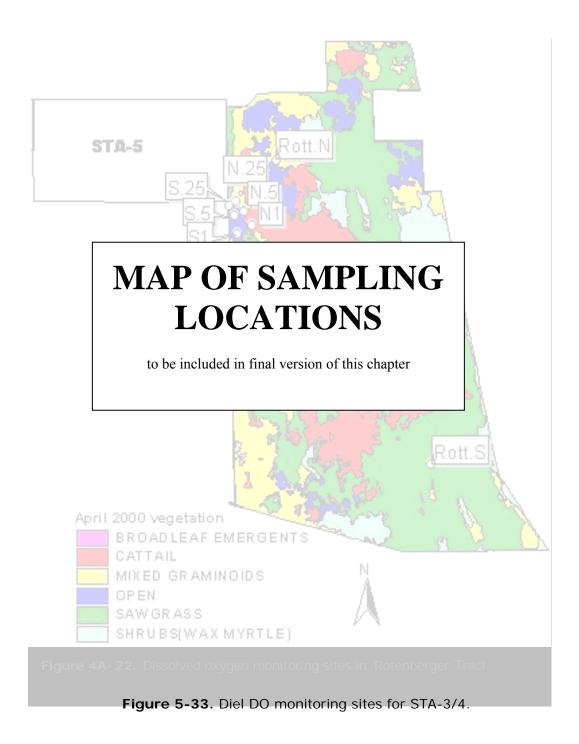
# Sampling Dates

Diel oxygen measurement dates and sites associated with STA-3/4 for WY2006 are provided in **Table 5-20** and Appendix 5-12.

**Table 5-20.** Deployment dates for diel oxygen measurement at STA-5 structures and sites in the Miami Canal and discharge canal.

Event	Dates	Struc	tures	Stru	ctures			
Start	End	Infl	ow	Outflow				
09/23/2005	09/26/2005	G370	G372	ST34EDC	ST34WDC			
12/12/2005	12/16/2005	G370	G372	ST34EDC	ST34WDC			
03/24/2006	03/27/2006	G370	G372	ST34EDC	ST34WDC			

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# Dissolved Oxygen at STA-3/4 Discharges

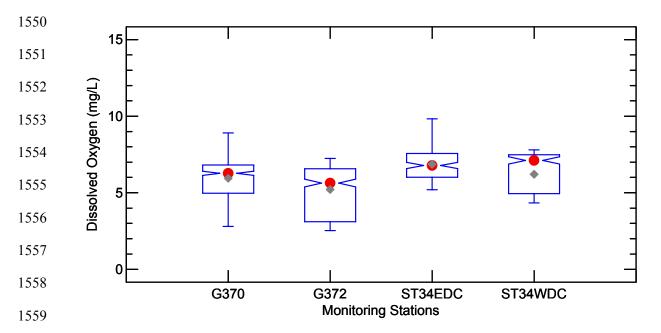
Dissolved oxygen levels at the STA-3/4 during the three diel deployment periods averaged greater than 5.0 mg/L (**Table 5-21**). Additionally, median DO levels were also greater than 5.0 mg/L (**Table 5-21**). Further, STA34EDC exhibited DO levels that never fell below 5.0 mg/L. In contrast, DO levels at STA34WDC were below the 5.0 mg/L 30 percent of the time during the three deployment periods. A graphical presentation of DO levels measured at STA-3/4 monitoring sites during WY2006 is provided in **Figure 5-52**. No significant difference was observed for DO concentrations measured at the outflows (STA34EDC and STA34WDC). However, both outflows had significantly higher DO levels than the inflow levels to STA-3/4 (**Figure 5-34**). The average of the DO concentrations in the discharge canal ranged from 6.21 to 6.86 mg/L compared with inflow levels, which ranged from 5.21 to 5.93 mg/L. The highest DO levels were observed at STA34EDC (**Table 5-21**). The complete data sets collected during WY2006 are presented in the appendices associated with this chapter of this volume.

**Table 5-21.** Statistical summary of diel DO at the outflow stations from STA-3/4 during three deployment periods.

	Location	Station	Number of Measurements	Mean	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Standard Deviation
	Outflow	ST34EDC	144	6.86	5.20	6.78	9.83	1.04
		ST34WDC	284	6.21	4.34	7.12	7.80	1.29

Note: Statistical summaries by event and diel parameter can be found in Appendix 5-5, Table 3.

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**Figure 5-35.** Notched box and whisker plots of diel DO measurements at STA-3/4 inflow stations (G370 and G372) and outflow stations (STA34EDC and STA34WDC). The notch on a box plot represents the approximate (95%) confidence interval (C.I.) about the median, which is represented by the narrowest part of the notch. The top and bottom of the box represent the 75<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> percentiles, respectively. The whiskers represent the highest and lowest data values that are within two standard deviations of the median. Values above and below the whiskers are greater than two standard deviations from the median. Notches that do not overlap indicate that the data represented by the boxes being compared are significantly different at the 95% C.I.

#### STA-3/4 VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

Specific Condition 13(b) of the EFA permit requires that the annual Everglades Consolidated Report (currently known as the *South Florida Environmental Report*) include information regarding the application of herbicides used to exclude and/or eliminate undesirable vegetation within the treatment cells. In WY2006, the District treated a total of 3,744 acres to control vegetation in the marsh, using 592.75 gallons of diquat to treat the floating vegetation, and 931 gallons of glyphosate and 616 gallons of imazapyr to control emergent vegetation (**Table 5-5**). The District used both aerial and ground-based spray equipment to apply these herbicides.

Other vegetation management activities occurred in STA-3/4 during WY2006 with the objective to convert Cells 1B, 2B, and 3B to SAV. The bottom 20 percent of Cell 1B (650 acres) was sprayed on November 15–16, 2005 to convert emergent to SAV. From February 27 through March 5, 2006, 1,400 acres were sprayed as part of Long-Term Plan conversion to SAV in Cell 3B. Vegetation strips, consisting of emergent vegetation, were allowed to grow in Cell 3B (North/South orientation) to protect the SAV communities from wind and wave damage (**Figure 5-36**).

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**Figure 5-36.** Vegetation strips, consisting of emergent plants, serve as wind and wave barriers to fortify the SAV communities against large storm events.

# **Vegetation Management Demonstration Project in STA-3/4 Cell 2B**[FDEP Grant Agreement]

In FY2004, with funding assistance from the same FDEP grant associated with the Limerock Berm in STA-1W Cell 5B, a vegetation management demonstration project was initiated in STA-3/4 Cell 2B. The purpose of the vegetation management demonstration project was to evaluate methods for eliminating undesirable emergent vegetation and establishing SAV in the STAs. The main focus of this effort was to determine the most effective method for eliminating torpedograss and other emergent vegetation from STA treatment cells and to evaluate large scale inoculation of SAV in the same treatment cells. The torpedograss and emergent removal portion of the project was conducted in a 313-acre area in the southwest portion of Cell 2B, and involved applications and evaluation of combinations of two types of herbicides, fire, and flooding. Results indicate torpedograss is controlled most effectively by burning prior to herbicide applications and that elimination of torpedograss accommodated rapid colonization by SAV. A final report on the torpedograss control component of this project was completed in May 2005, and is available on the District's web site at <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml</a>.

The SAV inoculation plan, completed in summer 2004, involved harvesting SAV from a donor site in STA-2 and transporting the harvested plants via helicopter to STA-3/4 Cell 2B.

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1614 Initial monitoring of the success of these inoculations was conducted in spring 2005. Forty-nine point samples were taken at 5-m centers within a 30 m by 30 m grid at each of the 50 inoculation sites. Presence of submerged aquatic plants (southern naiad, *Chara*, pondweed) was documented within a 1-m radius of each point sample location by visible observation and bottom grab samples using a hand cultivator. Natural colonization of SAV was evaluated using this sampling methodology (grab samples within a 900 m<sup>2</sup> grid) at 50 randomly selected locations in the cell. Site selection was determined by a random compass direction and distance from each of the inoculation sites.

The monitoring phase of this component of the vegetation management demonstration project was completed in late spring 2006. The information gleaned from this research project is intended to be applied to other large-scale vegetation conversions from emergent vegetation to SAV. Results demonstrate that aerial inoculation of harvested SAV is an effective method for initial establishment of SAV cells in stormwater treatment areas. Field observations indicate that all three transplanted species [southern naiad (Najas guadalupensis), musk-grass (Chara, spp.), and Illinois pondweed (Potamogeton illinoensis)] sustained minimal mortality during harvesting, aerial transport, and a post-inoculation establishment period that included two hurricane events in September 2004; however, inoculated SAV did not appear to begin rooting in the soil until water levels could be lowered to less than 50 cm in late October-November 2004. Anecdotal observations of rapid and full recovery of SAV beds at the donor site in Cell 3 of STA-2 further validate the potential applicability of this novel and unprecedented large-scale method for transplanted SAV.

Initial establishment of SAV beds occurred by rooting of plant fragments and/or germination of seed that was present on harvested plants. Subsequent vegetative growth contributed to local expansion of beds at inoculation sites and provided a source of both vegetative (plant fragments) and generative (seed) diaspores for colonization of the rest of the cell (i.e., random sites), particularly within the sugar cane fields. Although equivalent amounts of naiad and *chara* were inoculated, transplanted naiad established more successfully than inoculations of chara and Illinois pondweed.

The observed slower rate of dispersal of inoculated SAV in the former sugar cane fields than in the portion of the cell that was previously a sod farm/tree nursery was likely due to relative amounts of remaining dead and decomposing plant litter in these areas. Although dead torpedograss covered much of the former sod production area, the overlying water column provided for unobstructed transport of SAV plant fragments and seed from the inoculations, which were likely the source of diaspores for the rapid colonization of this area. An absence of colonizing naiad and pondweed in the adjacent PSTA project (Mike Chimney, personal communication) indicates remnant propagules of these species were not present in the drained soils of the former sod farm/tree nursery.

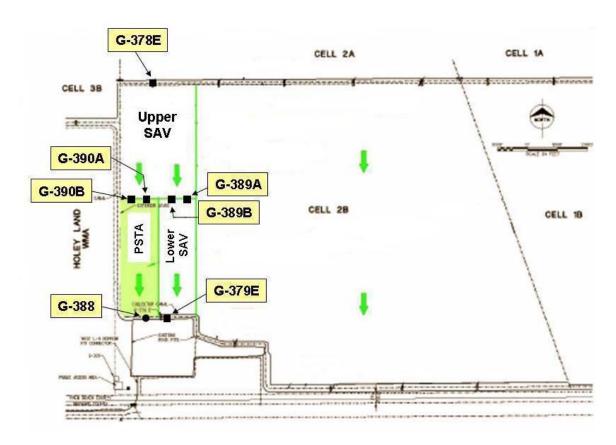
Similarly, the initial (i.e., during the spring 2005 sampling period) scarcity of SAV at random sites within the former sugar cane fields provides evidence of an absence of remnant SAV propagules in these soils. Poor initial colonization of SAV at random cane sites also was attributable to the dense sugar cane litter that occupied much of the water column and likely prevented the transport of SAV diaspores from inoculation sites. As this cane litter decomposed, hydrochoric transport of SAV diaspores from established beds at inoculation sites provided for dispersal and colonization of surrounding areas.

The report which includes recommendations such as pre-treatment (herbicide and/or fire) and preferred SAV species for successful implementation of future SAV inoculation efforts can be found on the District's web site at www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml.

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# STA-3/4 PSTA Implementation Project

The STA-3/4 PSTA Implementation Project is a 400-acre (162 ha) section of Cell 2B in STA-3/4 that was isolated by constructing new levees to form an upstream 200-acre cell and two adjacent downstream 100-acre (40 ha) cells (**Figure 5-37**). The upstream cell (Upper SAV Cell) has been managed for SAV. An assumption during design was that SAV would become established in one of the downstream cells (Lower SAV Cell) and a periphyton community in the other cell (PSTA Cell). The chief difference between the downstream cells is that the peat substrate in the PSTA cell was scrapped down to caprock and removed, while the sediment in the Lower SAV cell was not disturbed. As a consequence, the floor elevation of the PSTA cell is 60 cm lower than the adjacent SAV cells. The project is described further in Chimney et al. (2004).



**Figure 5-37.** Map of the STA-3/4 PSTA Implementation Project showing the location of water control structures, the Upper SAV Cell, the Lower SAV Cell and the PSTA Cell. Arrows indicate the direction of flow.

Construction of all infrastructure (levees, culverts, gates, and the outflow pump station) has been completed and the project was flooded in spring 2005 to begin establishing periphyton and SAV. The telemetry system needed to operate the project did not became functional until July 2006. As a consequence, the project inflow and outflow gates (G-378E and G-379E, respectively) remained closed during WY2006 and the only inflows to the project were rainfall and seepage from adjacent treatment cells in STA-3/4. The project outflow pump station (G-388) was operated to remove excess seepage into the PSTA cell and maintain a depth of approximately  $46 \pm 8$  cm.

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A water quality sampling program (grab samples only) was initiated at G-388 in August 2005 shortly after the pump station began operation. Water temperature, dissolved oxygen, specific conductance and pH were measured *in situ* in conjunction with the collection of water samples. Soluble reactive phosphorus (SRP), total phosphorus (TP) and total dissolved phosphorus (TDP) were monitored weekly; nitrite+nitrate-nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), ammonia-nitrogen (NH<sub>4</sub>), total Kjeldahl-nitrogen (TKN), calcium (Ca), chloride (Cl), and total suspended solids (TSS) were monitored monthly; and sodium (Na), potassium (K), magnesium (Mg), sulfate (SO<sub>4</sub>), hardness and alkalinity were monitored quarterly.

The vegetation community throughout the project was surveyed in May 2006. A geo-referenced grid of regularly spaced sampling stations was established for each cell (48 locations in the Lower SAV and PSTA Cells; 104 locations in the Upper SAV Cell). The SAV species at each site were identified and the coverage of each species categorized as "low" (up to \(\frac{1}{3}\) coverage), "medium" (\(\frac{1}{3}\) to \(\frac{2}{3}\) coverage), or "high" (greater than \(\frac{2}{3}\) coverage).

Summary statistics for the 19 water quality parameters monitored at G-388 are presented in **Table 5-22**. The median TP concentration was 0.015 mg/L and all SRP concentrations were at or below the method detection limit of 0.004 mg/L. However, because the project did not operate in WY2006, there are no corresponding inflow data and we cannot compute a treatment efficiency for this cell.

The most abundant SAV species observed throughout the project in May 2006 were *Chara* sp., *Ludwigia repens*, and *Najas guadalupensis* (**Figure 5-38**). *Ceratophyllum demersum*, *Potamogeton* sp., and *Hydrilla* had much lower coverages on this date. Other SAV species with low coverages noted on previous dates (limited vegetation surveys were conducted in September and November 2005 and January 2006) included *Utricularia* sp., *Hydrocotyle* sp., and *Ludwigia palustris*. These data and field observations indicate that (1) the SAV community is still developing throughout the project; (2) SAV is becoming established in the PSTA cell; and (3) although present, hydrilla had a very limited distribution.

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**Table 5-22.** Summary statistics for water quality parameters monitored weekly, monthly and quarterly in grab samples collected at the STA-3/4 PSTA Project outflow pump station (G-388) from August 2005 through April 2006.

			-,				
	Temp	DO	Cond	рН	SRP	TP	TDP
_	(°C)	(mg/L)	(µS/cm)	(s.u.)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
Min	14.4	3.6	619	7.4	0.004	0.011	0.006
Max	29.9	9.0	956	8.3	0.004	0.023	0.014
Mean	23.7	6.1	822	7.9	0.004	0.015	0.008
Median	24.2	6.4	881	7.9	0.004	0.015	0.008
CV	15%	24%	13%	3%	0%	20%	19%
N	36	34	36	36	36	36	35

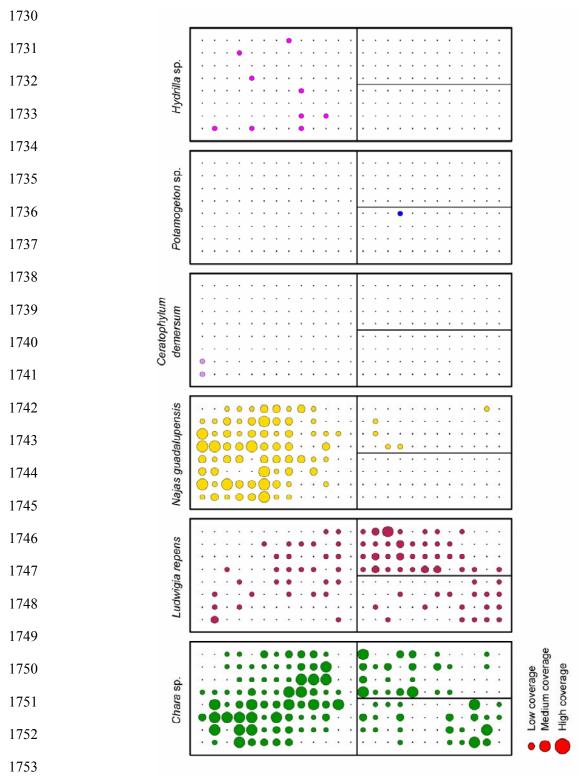
	$NO_X$	$NH_4$	TKN	Ca	CI	TSS	Na
_	(mg/L)						
Min	0.007	0.026	1.70	75.7	64.5	3	38.6
Max	0.203	0.236	2.34	107.0	122.0	6	72.4
Mean	0.075	0.104	2.08	89.5	93.0	4	50.7
Median	0.033	0.112	2.07	89.0	95.8	3	41.0
CV	96%	63%	10%	11%	21%	27%	30%
N	11	11	11	11	11	11	3

	K	Mg	SO4	Hardness	Alkalinity
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	(mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)
Min	3.5	13.2	15.3	243	209
Max	5.7	22.9	32.1	327	268
Mean	4.6	16.8	22.1	276	232
Median	4.5	14.2	18.9	258	219
CV	20%	26%	33%	13%	11%
N	3	3	3	3	3

Temp: temperature; DO: dissolved oxygen; Cond: specific conductance; SRP: soluble reactive phosphorus; TP: total phosphorus; TDP: total dissolved phosphorus; NO<sub>x</sub>: nitrite+nitrate-nitrogen; NH4: ammonia-nitrogen; TKN: total Kjeldahl-nitrogen; Ca: calcium; Cl: chloride; TSS: total suspended solids Na: sodium; K: potassium; Mg: magnesium; SO<sub>4</sub>: sulfate

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**Figure 5-38.** Diagrammatic maps of the distribution of submersed aquatic vegetation (SAV) in the STA-3/4 PSTA Implementation Project based on a vegetation survey conducted in May 2006. Dots indicate survey sites without that particular plant species; closed circles indicate level of vegetation coverage.

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### 1756 STA-3/4 WILDLIFE AND RECREATION

STA 3/4 has public roads along the east and south borders that allow development of multiple public access sites. Using more than one site allows the public to visit different portions of the STA and will minimize public access past the water control structures and data equipment. The proposed recreational facilities near the Griffin Pits include road improvements, an asphalt parking area, an information kiosk, landscaping, a multipurpose bridge, and a composting toilet. This site, named the Harold A. Campbell Public Use Area, also proposes two boat ramps (one in the rock pits located south and downstream of treatment Cell 2B and one in the stub end of the L-5 canal). A second proposed site will be at the southeast corner and will include a small asphalt parking area, an information kiosk, landscaping, and a composting toilet. A third proposed site along U.S. Highway 27 may be located where guard rails and turning lanes exist that would allow protected parking if allowable by Florida Department of Transportation. This site will have a small asphalt parking area and landscaping. At each site pedestrian gates, vehicle gates, signage, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment are also proposed. Currently, duck hunting is allowed at STA-3/4.

## **STA-3/4 ENHANCEMENTS**

- Enhancements to STA-3/4 (**Table 5-4** and **Figure 5-39**) include the following features:
  - Completion of the Long-Term Plan construction in Cell 3 (creation of divide levee and water control structures approximately 3.3 miles of interior levee, subdividing Cell 3 into Cells 3A and 3B). During construction, a 200 foot cut was made in divide levee to allow stormwater to move through and reduce the amount of diversion through S-8. Flow through this cell was restricted at that time to maintain low stages for construction.
  - Construction of additional water control structures through the new levee subdividing Cell 3 into Cells 3A and 3B
  - Construction of small forward-pumping stations (at G-384) at mid-levee in all treatment cells in order to hydrate downstream SAV in drought situations. Supplemental flows can be transferred from Cell 2A to Cell 1A through structure G-382A, and between Cell 2A and Cell 3B through structure G-382B.
  - Convert Cells 1B, 2B, and 3B to SAV (see the STA-3/4 Vegetation Management section of this chapter)
  - SAV inoculation research in Cell 2B
  - Extension of an overhead power distribution line from the intersection of Interior Levee 3 and Interior Levee 4, extending north along Interior Levee 4 to the new levee across Cell 3, and then west along the new levee across Cell 3 (total length of approximately 3.6 miles)
  - Herbicide treatment of Cells 1B, 2B, and 3B for removal of emergent macrophyte vegetation to permit development of SAV (see the *STA-3/4 Vegetation Management* section of this chapter)

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- Inoculation of SAV from STA-2 into STA-3/4 by helicopter to accelerate vegetation recruitment (see the *Vegetation Management Demonstration Project* section of this chapter)
  - Construction of the full-scale PSTA demonstration project (see *PSTA Implementation Project* sections for additional details)

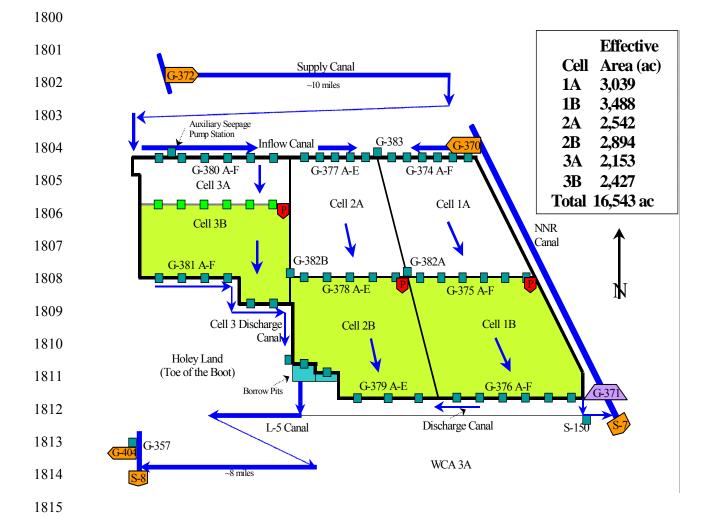


Figure 5-39. STA-3/4 enhancements (not to scale).

1818

1816

1817

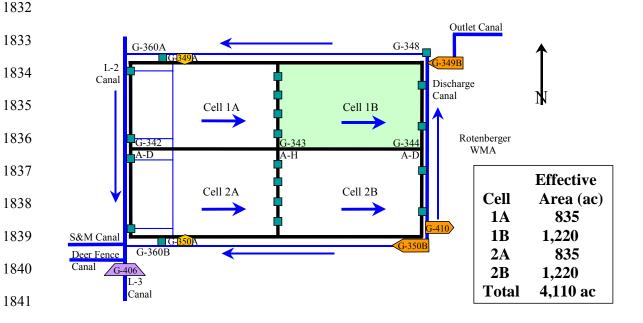
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**STA-5** 

#### **STA-5 CONFIGURATION**

Stormwater Treatment Area 5 (STA-5) contains approximately 4,110 acres of effective treatment area arranged in two parallel flow-ways. The Northern Flow-way (Cells 1A and 1B) consists of approximately 2,055 acres of effective treatment area. The Southern Flow-way (Cells 2A and 2B) consists of approximately 2,055 acres of effective treatment area. A schematic of STA-5 is presented in **Figure 5-40**. Runoff that exceeds the hydraulic capacity of STA-5 will be diverted through G-406.

Water enters STA-5 from the west and flows by gravity through the treatment area to the east. Treated water is collected and discharged either to the Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area (RWMA) or the Miami Canal, where the majority of the water moves south to the northwest corner of WCA-3A. A complete description of STA-5 is contained in Chapter 6 of the 2000 Everglades Consolidated Report.



**Figure 5-40.** Schematic of STA-5 (not to scale). Not shown is the water supply pump G-507, which is located on the northeast corner of Cell 1B, and the two barrel culverts (G-345), located at the midpoint between the north and south flow-ways that were installed in the levee in order to transfer water from Cell 1B to Cell 2B.

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### 1847 STA-5 WY2006 HIGHLIGHTS

- The Northern Flow-way was off-line from January 2005 through January 2006. Long-Term Plan construction to improve the mid-levee water control structures (G-343A through G-343D) in the Northern Flow-way started in January 2005. A moderate amount of shrubby vegetation (Primrose Willow) was removed from Cell 2A. The plants were treated with herbicide then burned within the treatment cell. The treatment cells (Cells 1A and 2A) were rehydrated August 2005 and flow-through started in February 2006.
- The Southern Flow-way was taken off-line for Long-Term Plan construction in January 2006. In addition to improving the mid-levee water control structures (G-343E through G-343H), high areas in Cell 2A were scraped down, and the berm in front of the outflow structures (G-344C through G-344D) was degraded (April 2006). The treatment cell was rehydrated in June 2006.
- Hurricane Wilma caused power outage and caused minor damage to the SAV and moderate damage to the emergent vegetation.
- Vegetation conversion from emergent to SAV in Cell 2B (herbicide, burn) is under way, along with the establishment of vegetation strips in this cell.
- Recreational opportunities in STA-5 include duck hunting and bird watching.
- The irrigation pump G-507 was used to keep Cell 1B hydrated during Long-Term Plan construction of the mid-levees.
- Adaptive management, such as discharging Cells 2A and 2B drawdown water into the seepage canal, pumping seepage canal water to the discharge canal, and avoiding over-loading the recovering Cell 1B, was used during construction.
- Vegetation strips consisting of emergent vegetation (cattails) were created in Cells 1B and 2B. These vegetation strips were established to protect the SAV against high wind and hydraulic loading events.
- Dredging of the S & M Canal occurred from October 2004 through May 2005.

#### STA-5 HURRICANE WILMA IMPACTS

Hurricane Wilma caused minor damage to the SAV and moderate damage to the emergent vegetation. Power to the STA was lost for about two months.

## **STA-5 PERMIT STATUS**

STA-5 was in compliance with the EFA and NPDES operating permits for WY2006, and discharges do not pose any known danger to public health, safety, or welfare (**Table 5-2**). The EFA permit states that STA-5 will remain in the stabilization phase of operation until STA-6 Section 2 begins flow-through operations.

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## **STA-5 OPERATIONS**

## **STA-5 Hydrology**

From January 2005 to January 2006, Cell 1B was taken off-line in order to improve the water control structures (G-343A–D) and degrade a berm located by the outflow culverts, as part of Long-Term Plan enhancement projects (**Table 5-23**). Then, starting in January 2006, the Southern Flow-way was taken off-line for similar Long-Term Plan enhancement construction. The culvert G-345, located on the eastern side of the divide levee between the flow-ways between Cell 1B and Cell 2B was opened to hydrate the cells during construction. A temporary gap was made in the divide levee between Cell 1A and Cell 2A to allow Cell 1A to be operational while the Long-Term Plan enhancement construction occurred.

**Table 5-23.** Operational status of the treatment cells in STA-5 from January 2004 through September 2006.

# STA-5 Operational Treatment Cells

		20	04			200	5		2006		
Jan - Mar	Apr - Jun	Jul - Aug	Sep Hurricanes Francis and Jeanne	Jan - Mar	Apr - Jun	Jul - Sep	Oct Hurricane Wilma		Apr - Jun	Jul - Sep	
	All F	low-ways	s Operational	South		w-way ar acity) Or	nern Flo	•			
				LTP	constru	ction in	Northern Flov	v-way	onstruc hern Flo		

In WY2006, 216,514 ac-ft of water was captured and treated by STA-5 (**Table 5-3**). This is about 68 percent more than the 31-year long-term average annual flow assumed during design, although the design anticipated annual variability. This surface inflow equates to an average hydraulic loading rate of 4.39 cm/day over the effective treatment area of the STA. The volume of treated water discharged from STA-5 was 201,102 ac-ft. During WY2006, about 86,124 ac-ft of C-139 basin runoff was diverted around STA-5 through G-406 (**Table 5-2**). In the future, flows and loads that are diverted around STA-5 will be captured and treated in STA-6 Section 2, which is currently scheduled to be flow capable by December 2006. The water supply pump G-507 was used for only one month in the water year (April 2006), and 2,354 ac-ft was pumped during this period. A summary of monthly STA-5 flow is presented in **Figure 5-41**.

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1915

1916

1918

1917

1920

1919

1921 1922

1923

1924 1925

1926

1927

1928

**STA-5 Total Phosphorus** 

1938

1939

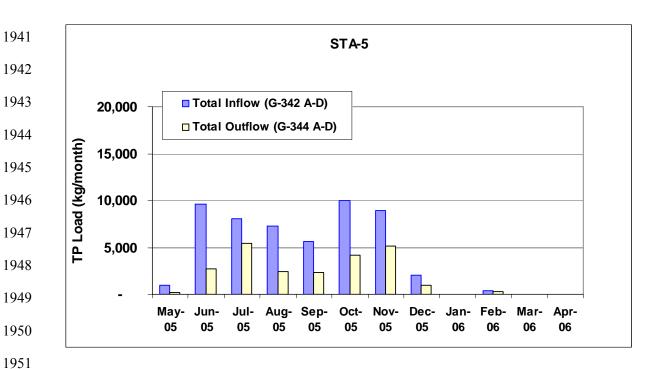
1940

During WY2006, STA-5 received 53.0 mt of TP, STA-5 removed about 29.3 mt of TP during WY2006, equal to a removal rate of approximately 1.76 g/m<sup>2</sup>/yr (**Table 5-3**). About 44.04 mt of TP with a FWM TP concentration of 415 ppb was diverted around STA-5 through G-406 (Table 5-2). Summaries of monthly TP loads and FWM TP concentrations are presented in Figures 5-42 and 5-43. The FWM outflow TP concentration was 96 ppb, a 52 percent reduction from the inflow concentration of 199 ppb. While the outflow concentration was above the 50-ppb interim target, this does not create a violation of the operating permits, as the STA is still in the stabilization phase. Improved TP reduction is anticipated in the future as BMP measures are implemented for the C-139 basin and as the benefits of vegetation management within the STA are realized. The moving 12-month FWM TP outflow concentration for STA-5 ranged from 80 ppb to 96 ppb over the course of WY2006 (see Figure 5-44). For informational purposes, the geometric mean discharge TP concentration for STA-5 using auto-sampler data was 106 ppb for WY2006.

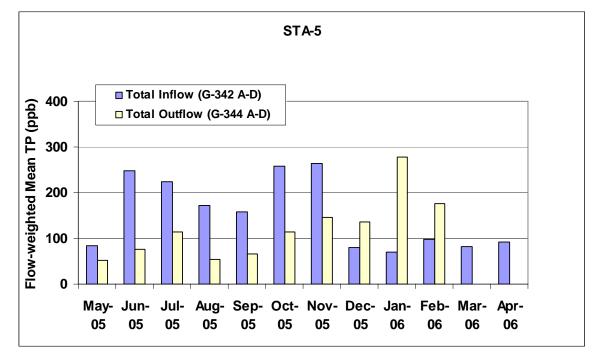
1913

STA-5 ■ Total Inflow (G-342 A-D) 100,000 □ Total Outflow (G-344 A-D) -low (ac-ft/month) 75.000 50.000 25,000 May- Jun- Jul- Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb- Mar- Apr-05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 06 06 06 06

Figure 5-41. Summary of WY2006 flow for STA-5. The Northern Flow-way was off-line from January 2005 through January 2006, and the Southern Flow-way was off-line beginning in January 2006 through the end of the water year for Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.

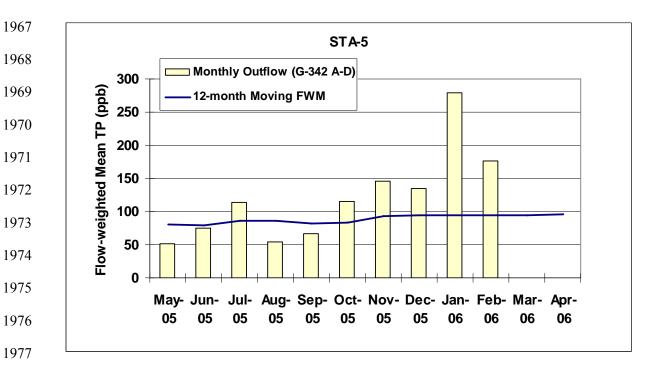


**Figure 5-42.** Summary of WY2006 TP load for STA-5. The Northern Flow-way was off-line from January 2005 through January 2006, and the Southern Flow-way was off-line beginning in January 2006 through the end of the water year for Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.



**Figure 5-43.** Summary of WY2006 FWM TP concentrations for STA-5. The Northern Flow-way was off-line from January 2005 through January 2006, and the Southern Flow-way was off-line beginning in January 2006 through the end of the water year for Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.

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**Figure 5-44.** Comparison of monthly to 12-month moving average TP concentrations for WY2006 for STA-5 outflow. The Northern Flow-way was off-line from January 2005 through January 2006, and the Southern Flow-way was off-line beginning in January 2006 through the end of the water year for Long-Term Plan enhancements construction.

## STA-5 OTHER WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

Compliance with the EFA permit is determined based on the three-part assessment presented in the *Water Quality Permit Requirements* section of this chapter. Water quality parameters with Florida Class III standards are identified in **Table 5-7**. The monitoring data for non-phosphorus parameters at STA-5 for the water year are presented in Appendix 5-13 and summarized in **Table 5-24**. Discharges from STA-5 were determined to be in compliance with the permit by satisfying criterion one above for all non-phosphorus and non-DO parameters with applicable numeric state water standards. Additional requirements for DO are listed in Administrative Order No. AO-004-EV and are discussed below. Mercury monitoring results are also discussed in Chapter 3B, and the annual permit compliance monitoring report for mercury in the STAs is in Appendix 5-6 of this volume.

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Total Outflow

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

47 (84)

47 (84)

92 (166)

88 (162)

47 (84)

47 (84)

47 (84)

47 (84)

47 (84)

47 (84)

Conc.

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

256

< 0.001

0.090

0.097

3.6

142

33

1.28

1.13

0.019

Flow-Weighted Means

**Total Inflow** 

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

59 (92)

59 (92)

120 (179

115 (174)

59 (92)

59 (92)

59 (92)

59 (92)

59 (92)

59 (92)

Conc

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

259

0.001

0.091

0.107

7.1

140

1.58

1.30

0.074

**Table 5-24.** Summary of annual arithmetic averages and FWM for all parameters other than total phosphorus monitored in STA-5.

Inflow

26.0

3.6

462

7.3

2.9

289

0.001

0.109

0.121

8.4

171

36

1.57

1.24

0.062

25.2

4.3

484

7.5

3.5

302

0.001

0.068

0.082

7.5

173

42

1.50

1.19

0.059

25.5

4.3

474

7.5

3.2

306

0.001

0.043

0.060

6.6

165

43

1.53

1.23

0.068

**Arithmetic Means** 

G342A G342B G342C G342D G344A G344B G344C G344D

23.0

2.7

468

7.4

2.0

304

0.001

0.068

0.092

9.6

150

49

1.57

1.40

0.030

25.9

4.3

479

7.4

2.7

312

0.001

0.083

0.102

8.1

184

37

1.51

1.19

0.044

Outflow

24 4

1.1

470

7.1

0.9

304

0.001

0.107

0.120

3.0

167

39

1.38

1 28

0.018

24 4

1.5

486

7.2

0.9

300

<0.001

0.097

0.109

2.1

178

1.35

0.013

23.4

3.0

494

7.5

1.8

307

<0.001

0.096

0.115

6.0

161

49

1.61

1 40

0.040

1996

1994

1995

1997

1998 1999 Parameter

Temperature (°C)

Turbidity (NTU)

Sulfate (mg/L)

Alkalinity (mg/L)

Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)

Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)

Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)

Unionized Ammonia (mg/L)

Orthophosphate as P (mg/L)

Dissolved Chloride (mg/L)

Total Dissolved Nitrogen (mg/L)

Total Nitrogen (mg/L)

Nitrate + Nitrite (mg/L)

Total Dissolved Phosphorus (mg/L)

20002001

2002

20032004

2005

20062007

2008

2008

20092010

2011

2012

2015

2016 2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

-NA- : Not Applicable

n: number of samples with flow (total number of samples)

#### STA-5 DISSOLVED OXYGEN MONITORING

## Introduction

STA-5 Administrative Order No. AO-004-EV in Exhibit C of Permit No. 0131842, February 29, 2000, specifies the DO monitoring requirements as STA-1W.

The District developed the following plan to comply with the DO requirements of the Administrative Orders for STA-5. Under the plan, DO concentrations are measured quarterly with Hydrolab<sup>TM</sup>, DataSonde<sup>®</sup>, or MiniSonde<sup>®</sup> probes at 30-minute intervals for four consecutive days at the following locations:

• In the discharge canal near structures G-344 and G-344D to provide representative data whether the discharge is to the Miami Canal, to the RWMA through pump station G-410, or to both sites simultaneously

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20262027

2028

2029

2030

2031

2032

- On the west bank of the Miami Canal about 100 m upstream of the confluence of the canal and the STA-5 discharge canal, to measure background conditions in the Miami Canal
  - On the west bank of the Miami Canal, about 100 m downstream of the confluence of the canal and the STA-5 discharge canal, to measure effects of STA-5 discharges to the Miami Canal
  - Sites along the north and south transects within the RWMA (**Figure 5-45**) to measure effects of STA-5 discharges to the RWMA

## **Sampling Dates**

Diel oxygen measurement dates and sites associated with STA-5 for WY2006 are provided in **Table 5-25** and Appendix 5-14.

**Table 5-25.** Deployment dates for diel oxygen measurement at STA-5 structures and sites in the Miami Canal and discharge canal.

Event	Dates	Struc	tures		anal Sites <sup>a</sup> scharge	Sites Monitored in Rotenberger Tract
Start	End	Outf	low		l Sites <sup>b</sup>	Sites Monitored in Noteliberger Tract
06/16/2005	06/20/2005	STA5DC	G344D	NMC <sup>a</sup>	SMC <sup>a</sup>	
09/26/2005	09/29/2005	STA5DC	G344D	G373 <sup>a</sup>	G402DS <sup>b</sup>	
12/19/2005	12/22/2005	STA5DC	G344D	G373 <sup>a</sup>	G402DS <sup>b</sup>	
03/20/2006	03/23/2006	STA5DC	G344D	G373 <sup>a</sup>	G402DS <sup>b</sup>	

During July 2005, the discharge canal outflow point to the Miami Canal between the North Miami Canal (NMC) and South Miami Canal (SMC) monitoring sites was filled in. The discharge canal was extended southward and was connected with the Miami Canal below structure G-373 (**Figure 5-46**).

2037

2033

2034

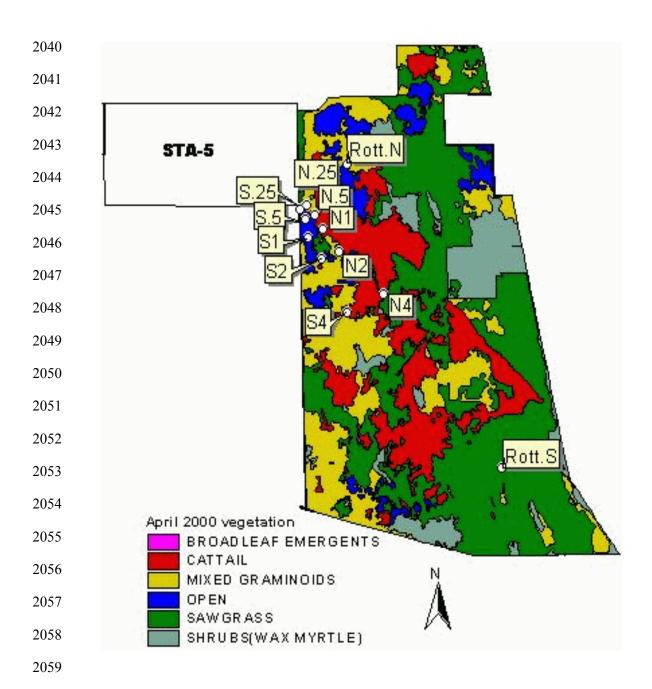
2035

2036

2038

2039

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**Figure 5-45.** DO monitoring sites in the Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area (RWMA).

2060

2061

2064

2065

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**Figure 5-46.** Location where extended discharge canal from STA-5 connects to Miami Canal, south of structure G-373.

# Comparison of Dissolved Oxygen in STA-5 Discharges with Dissolved Oxygen at Miami Canal Sites

Comparisons of DO in STA-5 discharges with DO in the Miami Canal provide an indication of whether the discharge is affecting the canal DO concentrations or the diel cycle. However, due to the alterations made to the discharge canal from STA-5, meaningful comparisons cannot be made. The summary statistics for STA-5 discharges and the downstream sites are presented in **Table 5-26**. A graphical presentation of DO levels measured at STA-5 monitoring sites during WY2006 is provided in **Figure 5-47**. No significant difference was observed for DO concentrations measured at the outflows (STA5DC and G-344D). Dissolved oxygen concentrations at the NMC site were not significantly different from the outflow sites. Meanwhile, G-402DS had significantly lower DO levels than G-344D, while exhibiting no significant difference in DO levels when compared with STA5DC. The average of the DO concentrations in the discharge canal ranged from 2.64 to 3.36 mg/L. The highest DO levels were observed at G-373 (**Table 5-26**). The complete data sets collected during WY2006 are presented in Appendix 5-14 in this volume.

No sampling data were available for the RWMA; therefore, comparisons of DO concentrations cannot be made with marsh stations. Diel dissolved oxygen monitoring at the marsh stations of RWMA was intended to develop a SSAC for DO in the Everglades. Since the SSAC has been developed, future permits will not require diel monitoring. Compliance will be determined using the SSAC.

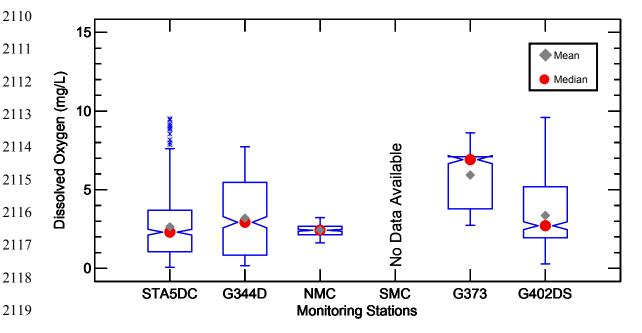
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**Table 5-26.** Statistical summary of diel DO at the outflow stations from STA-5 and stations in the Miami Canal<sup>a</sup> and discharge canal<sup>b</sup> during three deployment periods. No monitoring was done in the RWMA.

Location	Station	Number of Measurements	Mean	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Standard Deviation
Outflow	STA5DC	514	2.64	0.06	2.30	9.51	1.98
Outilow	G344D	415	3.18	0.17	2.93	7.73	2.39
	NMC <sup>a</sup>	191	2.43	1.62	2.42	3.23	0.38
Canal	G373 <sup>a</sup>	413	5.93	2.73	6.91	8.61	1.85
	G402DS <sup>b</sup>	418	3.36	0.28	2.71	9.59	2.01

Note: Statistical summaries by event and diel parameter can be found in Appendix 5-4, Table 3.





**Figure 5-47.** Notched box and whisker plots of diel DO measurements at STA-5 outflow stations (STA5DC, formally G-344A, and G-344D), at sites in the Miami Canal (NMC, SMC, and G-373) and in the discharge canal (G-402DS) during four monitoring periods. The notch on a box plot represents the approximate (95%) confidence interval (C.I.) about the median, which is represented by the narrowest part of the notch. The top and bottom of the box represent the 75<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> percentiles, respectively. The whiskers represent the highest and lowest data values that are within two standard deviations of the median. Values above and below the whiskers are greater than two standard deviations from the median. Notches that do not overlap indicate that the data represented by the boxes being compared are significantly different at the 95% C.I.

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### 2126 STA-5 VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

Specific Condition 13(b) of the EFA permit requires that the annual Everglades Consolidated Report (currently known as the South Florida Environmental Report) include information regarding the application of herbicides used to exclude and/or eliminate undesirable vegetation within the treatment cells. In WY2006, the District treated a total of 3,862 acres to control vegetation in the STA-5 marsh using 96.4 gallons of diquat to treat the floating vegetation, and 3,192 gallons of glyphosate and 828 gallons of imazapyr to control emergent vegetation (**Table 5-5**). The District used both aerial and ground-based spray equipment to apply these herbicides.

Other vegetation management activities also occurred in STA-5 in WY2006. A moderate amount of shrubby vegetation (primrose willow) was removed from Cell 2A. The plants were treated with herbicide then burned within the treatment cell. Vegetation conversion from emergent to SAV in Cell 2B, using herbicides and burning, is under way, along with the establishment of vegetation strips in this cell. Vegetation strips consisting of emergent vegetation (cattails) were created in Cells 1B and 2B. These vegetation strips were allowed to grow to protect the SAV against high wind and hydraulic loading events.

## STA-5 WILDLIFE AND RECREATION

Black-necked stilt nests were found on the levee roads and in Cell 1B (refer to the *2006 Stilt Nesting Summary for the STAs* section of this chapter).

STA-5 was opened for the fourth year for water fowl hunts and for the first year for alligator hunting. Recreational facilities are proposed to provide public access to STA-5. The proposed recreational facilities include an asphalt parking area, a composting toilet, landscaping, and an information kiosk. Pedestrian gates, signage, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment are also proposed.

## **STA-5 ENHANCEMENTS**

The recommended enhancements to STA-5 include the conversion of Cell 2B from emergent macrophyte vegetation to SAV, modification of existing structures, and expanded treatment area (**Table 5-4**). The improvements are discussed below.

Modification of G-343 Structures. The G-343 structures are situated in the north-south interior levee, subdividing Cells 1A and 2A from Cells 1B and 2B. Those structures originally consisted of reinforced concrete box culverts controlled by simple weir crests set at the design static water surface elevation in Cells 1A and 2A. The nature of those structures inhibited the District's ability to control proper flow distribution across the STA. The limited flexibility in operation of the G-343 structures has also contributed to a higher than intended frequency and volume of diversion. To address these limitations and afford the District increased flexibility in the operation of STA-5, the existing G-343 structures are being modified through the addition of operable gates and the removal of the upstream weir controls. This modification also require the addition of telemetric control to the structures, coupled with the addition of stilling wells for water level data acquisition in the upper ends of Cells 1B and 2B. Stilling wells presently exist in Cells 1A and 2A upstream of the G-343 structures. It will also be necessary to extend an overhead power transmission line along the interior levee to service the modified water control structures.

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In FY2005, the structural modifications to the G-343A through G-343D structures were substantially completed. Telemetry and power distribution for these four structures was scheduled to be completed by May 2006. The G-343E through G-343H structural modifications are scheduled to be completed by May 2006. Power and telemetry for the final for structures are scheduled to be completed by mid 2006.

**Additional Seepage Control Facilities.** In order to minimize the induced loading on STA-5, it was recommended that an additional seepage return pumping station be constructed near the northwest corner of Cell 1B. This pump station (G-349C) will provide a nominal capacity of 45 cfs, similar to the capacity of existing pumping stations G-349A and G-350A. Construction of the seepage pump station was completed and telemetry is expected to be completed later this year.

**Removal of Obstructions to Flow.** Field observations indicated obstructions to flow existed in Cells 1B and 2B. These were likely a result of relatively high ground elevations, possibly an old road bed in the case of Cell 2B. These flow obstructions were removed as part of the STA-5 enhancements. Cell 1B flow obstructions were removed in FY2005. The Cell 2B flow obstructions were completed in WY2006.

## STA-5 EXPANSION

Expansion of STA-5 includes the construction of an additional 2,560-acre treatment cell (i.e., a new Flow-way 3) that will operate in parallel with existing Flow-ways 1 and 2. The effective treatment area of the new Flow-way 3 will be approximately 2,050 acres. The design of the new Flow-way 3 was completed in October 2005. Construction of the new Flow-way 3 began in January 2006 and is scheduled to be completed by April 2007, with the new flow-way being flow capable by December 31, 2006. The design and construction of Flow-way 3 is being implemented under the District's Acceler8 program as part of the Everglades Agricultural Area (EAA) STA Expansion Project. Additional information on the status of the Acceler8 program is presented in Chapter 7A of this volume.

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# ROTENBERGER WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA

## ROTENBERGER CONFIGURATION

The Rotenberger Hydropattern Restoration Project is a component of the larger Everglades Construction Project (ECP). The goal of the project is to restore a more natural hydroperiod to slow, alter, and eventually reverse the ecosystem degradation within the Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area (RWMA) caused by drought and seasonal fires, soil oxidation and compaction, and the release of ambient nutrients from soils. Anticipated benefits include the preservation of coverage of the remaining desired vegetative species, the encouragement of desirable wetland vegetation, and the initiation of the process of peat formation. Project features include a 240-cfs electric pump station (G-410) to withdraw treated water from the STA-5 discharge canal for establishing a more natural hydroperiod within the RWMA. This pump station distributes water through a 3.5-mile-long spreader canal located parallel to the west perimeter levee of the RWMA. Discharges out of the RWMA go into the Miami Canal through four gated culverts (G-402A through G-402D) along the eastern boundary of the RWMA. There is a quarter-mile-long collection canal upstream of each outlet structure.

The FDEP issued a modification to the STA-5 EFA permit to include construction and operational authorization for the project in October 2000. This permit established a phased approach to restoration, and recognizes an interagency group including representatives from the District, FDEP, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), USACE, and Friends of the Everglades. The permit requires the interagency group to periodically evaluate the progress the project is making toward achieving its restoration goals.

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2226 2227 Discharge Canal L-2 Borrow Canal 2228 STA-5 G-402D 2229 C139 Basin 2230 S&M Canal Deer Fence Canal 2231 G-402C Miami Canal Rotenberger 2232 Wildlife Management 2233 Area 2234 G-402B 2235 2236 G-402A 2237 2238 G-404 2239 Big Cypress Seminole WCA-3A Indian Reservation 2240 2241

Figure 5-48. Schematic of the RWMA (not to scale).

# **ROTENBERGER OPERATIONS**

For WY2006, about 29,886 ac-ft were directed into the RWMA through G-410, while approximately 54,648 ac-ft were discharged to the Miami Canal from the outlet structures (**Figure 5-49**). The FWM inflow TP concentration was 100 ppb, yielding a total TP inflow load of about 3,690 kg (**Figure 5-50**). As the treatment system in STA-5 stabilizes, TP levels entering the RWMA are anticipated to decrease. TP concentrations leaving the RWMA averaged 14 ppb, although the total load was only 977 kg (**Figure 5-51**). Additional information about the RWMA is presented in Chapter 6 of this volume.

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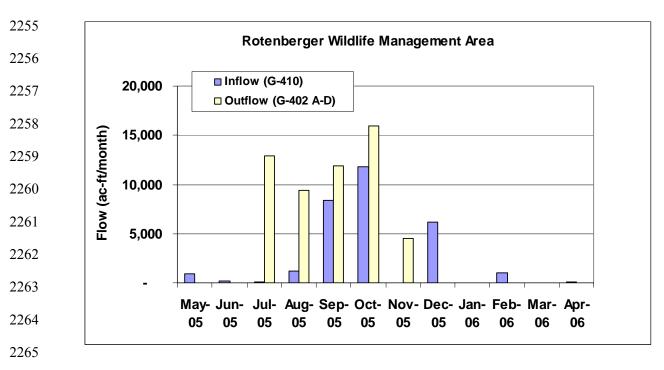


Figure 5-49. Summary of WY2006 flow for the RWMA.

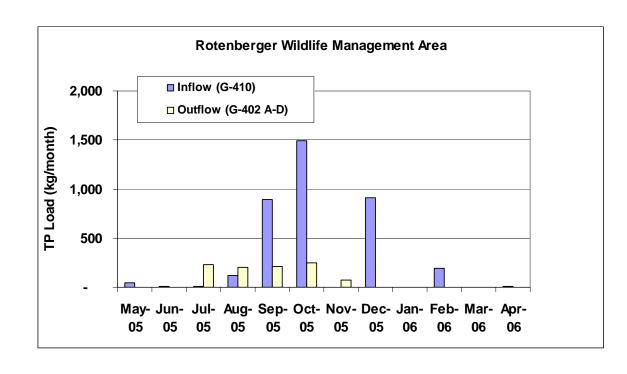


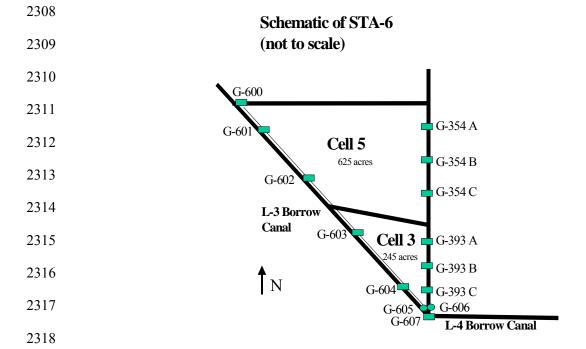
Figure 5-50. Summary of WY2006 TP load for the RWMA.

Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area ■ Inflow (G-410) Outflow (G-402 A-D) Flow-weighted Mean TP (ppb) May- Jun-Jul-Aug- Sep- Oct- Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb- Mar- Apr-Figure 5-51. Summary of WY2006 TP load for the RWMA. 

# STA-6 SECTION 1

## **STA-6 SECTION 1 CONFIGURATION**

Stormwater Treatment Area 6 (STA-6) Section 1 contains approximately 870 acres of effective treatment area, arranged in two parallel flow-ways. The Northern Flow-way (Cell 5) consists of approximately 625 acres of effective treatment area. The Southern Flow-way (Cell 3) consists of approximately 245 acres of effective treatment area. A schematic of STA-6 is presented in **Figure 5-52**.



**Figure 5-52**. Schematic of STA-6 (not to scale). Note that structure G-606 is no longer operational.

Water enters the STA from the G-600 pumping station, and travels southeast in the supply canal. Water enters the treatment cells through three broad-crested weirs (G-601, G-602, and G-603), flows by gravity east through the treatment cells, and is discharged through several combination box weir/culvert structures (G-393 and G-354). The treated water is then collected in the discharge canal and flows to the L-4 borrow canal, where the majority of the water moves east to the northwest corner of WCA-3A.

STA-6 Section 2 will add about 1,400 acres of additional treatment area to the STA-5/STA-6 system. This expansion will allow for the capture and treatment of runoff from the C-139 annex located just west of the L-3 borrow canal. STA-6 Section 2 is scheduled to be flow-capable by December 31, 2006.

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### STA-6 WY2006 HIGHLIGHTS

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- Both treatment cells (Cell 3 and Cell 5) were operational during WY2006.
- Water delivery and loadings to STA-6 are different due to a change in the upstream land use, which is no longer sugar cane production. Long-Term Plan construction of new STA-5 treatment cell is under way.
  - Hurricane Wilma caused structural damage to the inflow pump station building G-600 and little damage to the vegetation.
  - From September 28, 2005, to April 4, 2006, all three gates were opened to help pass the large dewatering flows that originated from the new construction in Section 2 of STA-6. Under normal operations, only G-393B is open.
  - Vegetation management involved spraying emergent vegetation in the SAV communities located in northern Cell 5 in December 2005.
  - Construction of STA-6 Section 2 is ongoing (design completed October 2005, construction started January 2006, estimated to be flow capable by December 2006, and completed April 2007).
  - Cell 3 experienced dry-down conditions during May 1–4, 2005, May 12–June 5, 2005, and April 16–30, 2006.

## STA-6 WILMA HURRICANE IMPACTS

Hurricane Wilma caused structural damage to the inflow pump station building G-600, minor damage to SAV and emergent vegetation, and no damage to levees.

## **STA-6 PERMIT STATUS**

The District initiated a water quality monitoring program in STA-6 in December 1997 for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with the above referenced conditions of the operating permit. Presently, STA-6 is in a post-stabilization phase (**Table 5-2**). STA-6 discharges do not pose any known danger to the public health, safety, or welfare. Compliance with Specific Conditions 7(a)(i) and (ii) was achieved.

## **STA-6 OPERATIONS**

## STA-6 Hydrology

At the end of March 2005, the U.S. Sugar Corporation moved out of Unit 2 and formally transferred the inflow pump station G-600 to the District. Since that time, G-600 has been used to move dewatering water from construction of the new treatment flow-way. Dry out conditions were observed in Cell 3 from May 1–4, 2005, May 12–June 5, 2005, and from April 16–30, 2006. During WY2006, 40,467 ac-ft of water was captured by the inflow pump station for STA-6 (**Table 5-3**), although there existed some undetermined amount of losses to irrigation water supply, and the net flow into the treatment area was less. The inflow was about 8 percent greater than the 31-year long-term average. Due to seepage losses, ET, and water supply deliveries from the STA, the net volume of treated water discharged from STA-6 during WY2006 was 26,312 ac-ft. A summary of monthly flow is presented in **Figure 5-53**.

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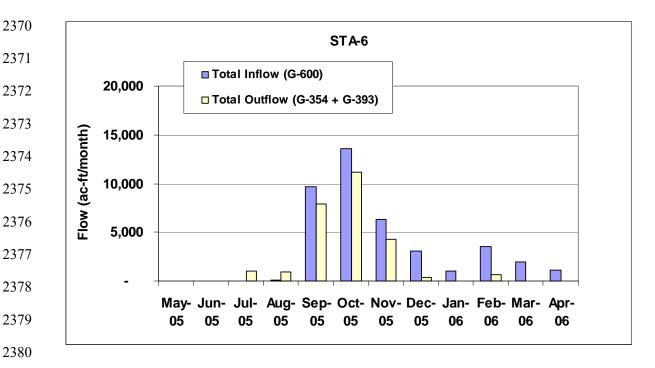


Figure 5-53. Summary of WY2006 flow for STA-6.

# **STA-6 Total Phosphorus**

During WY2006, STA-6 received 5.2 mt of TP, equating to a nutrient loading rate of 1.47 g/m² (**Table 5-3**). The TP load was about 251 percent 3.5 times the 31-year long-term average. Approximately 4.3 mt of TP was removed by STA-6 during WY2006. During WY2006, STA-6 experienced a 75 percent load reduction in TP (**Figure 5-54**). Furthermore, monthly discharge concentrations were lower than inflow concentrations (**Figure 5-55**). In June 2005, the outflow FWM concentration was high (248 ppb) but, because the outflow flow was so low, the resulting outflow TP load was also low. For the entire water year, the FWM outflow concentration was 26 ppb, well below the EFA permit requirement of 50 ppb. This represents a 75 percent reduction from the inflow concentration of 104 ppb. For informational purposes, the geometric mean TP concentration of the discharge was 36 ppb. The moving 12-month, flow-weighted average outflow ranged from 19–28 ppb during the course of WY2006 (see **Figure 5-56**).

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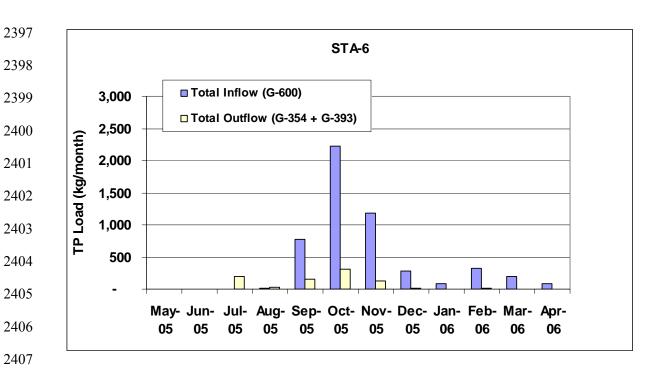


Figure 5-54. Summary of WY2006 TP load for STA-6.

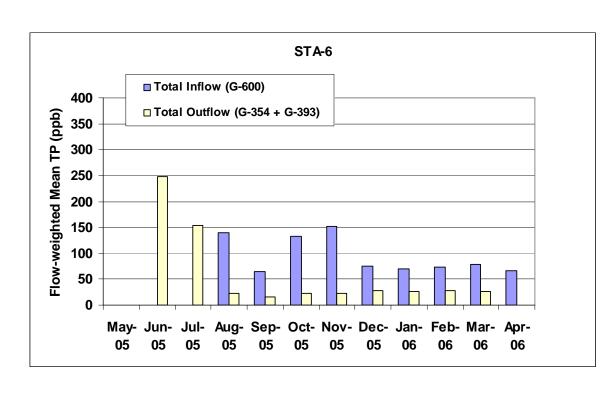
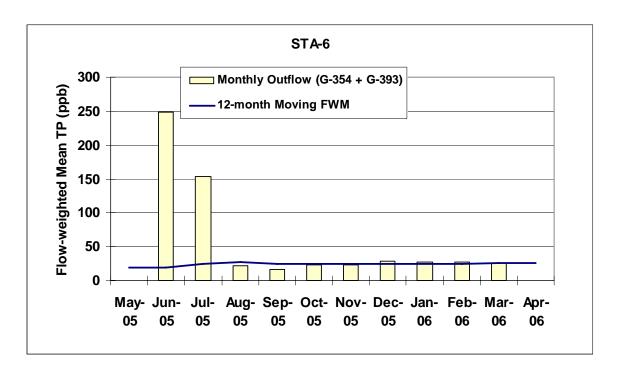


Figure 5-55. Summary of WY2006 FWM TP for STA-6.

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**Figure 5-56.** Comparison of monthly to 12-month moving average TP concentrations for WY2006 for STA-6 outflow.

## **STA-6 OTHER WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS**

Compliance with the EFA permit is determined based on the three-part assessment presented in the *Water Quality Permit Requirements* section of this chapter. Water quality parameters with Florida Class III standards are identified in **Table 5-7**. The monitoring data for non-phosphorus parameters at STA-6 for the water year are presented in Appendix 5-15.

Outflow values for dissolved sodium, dissolved magnesium, and dissolved chloride were slightly higher than inflow values, but because these parameters have no applicable numeric state water quality standards, discharges from STA-6 are deemed to be in full compliance with the permit (see **Table 5-27**). For STA-6, downstream DO monitoring is not required by the permits. Mercury monitoring results are also discussed in Chapter 3B, and the annual permit compliance monitoring report for mercury in the STAs is in Appendix 5-6 of this volume.

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**Total Outflow** 

Conc.

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

1.5

< 0.001

1.23

0.009

113

8.44

5.5

159.9

21.8

27.3

3.6

59.2

5.9

Flow-Weighted Means

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

21 (50)

21 (50)

21 (50)

43 (100)

7 (10)

5 (8)

5 (8)

21 (50)

21 (50)

5 (8)

5 (8)

21 (50)

5 (8)

**Total Inflow** 

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

15 (25)

15 (25)

15 (25)

32 (51)

2 (4)

2 (4)

2 (4)

15 (25)

15 (25)

2 (4)

2 (4)

15 (25)

2 (4)

Conc.

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

-NA-

4.8

0.003

1.86

0.013

263

8.71

14.8

221.5

45.7

51.6

5.3

80.2

8.7

2440

2441

**Table 5-27.** Summary of annual arithmetic averages and flow-weighted means for all parameters other than total phosphorus monitored in STA-6.

**Arithmetic Means** 

G354C

23.7

2.6

612

7.4

1.1

76

1.9

0.002

1.55

0.010

115

9.88

8.4

204.0

67.6

53.4

5.0

70.9

7.9

Outflow

G393B

22.8

1.6

643

7.3

1.2

86

2.6

<0.001

1.45

0.023

119

7.36

9.1

228.1

64.2

53.5

4.5

80.8

8.1

<u>Inflow</u>

G600

25.2

2.9

655

7.3

4.4

81

7.2

0.003

1.90

0.015

227

10.12

10.7

244.2

57.9

44.5

4.9

89.7

7.5

2442

2443

**Parameter** 

рΗ

Temperature (°C)

Turbidity (NTU)

Total Iron (µg/L)

Silica (mg/L)

Sulfate (mg/L)

Alkalinity (mg/L)

Dissolved Chloride (mg/L)

Dissolved Sodium (mg/L)

Dissolved Calcium (mg/L)

Dissolved Potassium (mg/L)

Dissolved Magnesium (mg/L)

Color (PCU)

Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)

Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)

Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)

Unionized Ammonia (mg/L)

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)

Orthophosphate as P (mg/L)

2450245124522453

24552456

2454

24572458

24592460

2461

2462

2463

-NA-: Not Applicable

n: number of samples with flow (total number of samples)

2464

2465

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## 2466 STA-6 DISSOLVED OXYGEN MONITORING

For STA-6, downstream DO monitoring is not required by the permits.

#### STA-6 VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

Specific Condition 13(b) of the EFA permit requires that the annual Everglades Consolidated Report (currently known as the South Florida Environmental Report) include information regarding the application of herbicides used to exclude and/or eliminate undesirable vegetation within the treatment cells. In WY2006, the District treated a total of 170 acres to control vegetation in the marsh, and 147 gallons of glyphosate and 33 gallons of imazapyr to control emergent vegetation; the herbicide diquat was not used to treat the floating vegetation (Table 5-5). The District used both aerial and ground-based spray equipment to apply these herbicides.

## 2477 STA-6 WILDLIFE AND RECREATION

Recreational facilities are proposed to provide public access to STA-6. The proposed facilities include an asphalt parking area, landscaping, pedestrian gates, signage, and fencing as needed to define public access areas and to protect sensitive equipment.

## STA-6 ENHANCEMENTS AND STA-6 SECTION 2

Enhancements to STA-6 proposed in the revised Part 2 of the Long-Term Plan dated November 2004 included construction of an interior levee and associated water control structures in Cell 5, as well as conversion of emergent vegetation to SAV in the new downstream cell and construction of STA-6 Section 2. The Long-Term Plan also recommended a review of the proposed enhancements to STA-6 Section 1 to assess whether these revisions were justified to improve performance or system efficiency, or to avoid redundant or unnecessary features. This assessment was conducted to predict outflow phosphorus concentrations with the full expansion of the STA into the Compartment C (build-out) area. Based on this evaluation, it was determined that the interior levees and associated water control structures in Sections 1 and 2 were not required to improve performance in the build-out condition. However, some structural modifications to STA-6 Section 1 are still required to optimize the operation of the STA-5/STA-6 system.

The 1,440-acre STA-6 Section 2 will add approximately 1,385 acres of effective treatment area to the STA-5/STA-6 system. This expansion will allow for the capture and treatment of runoff from the C-139 annex located immediately west of the L-3 borrow canal.

The design of the STA-6 enhancements and STA-6 Section 2 was completed in October 2005. Construction began in January 2006 and estimated to be completed by April 2007, with STA-6 Section 2 being flow capable by December 31, 2006. The design and construction of STA-6 Enhancements and STA-6 Section 2 is being implemented under the District's Acceler8 program as part of the EAA STA Enhancement project. For additional information on the status of the Acceler8 program, see Chapter 7A of this volume.

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#### ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

One of the major objectives of the Process Development and Engineering component of the Long-Term Plan is to monitor the physical/chemical environment and nutrient sequestration in the STAs. This effort was included in the plan in the belief that a better understanding of wetland structure and function will assist the District in optimizing performance of these treatment systems. The Analysis and Interpretation Project contributes to this goal by analyzing water quality at interior sites throughout each STA and developing water and constituent mass balance budgets for individual STA treatment cells or flow-ways (hereafter referred to as "cells"). The District conducts the field sampling and laboratory analyses associated with this effort under the ECP Operations Monitoring Project. The following water quality parameters were monitored at the inflow and outflow to each cell: total phosphorus (TP), soluble reactive phosphorus (SRP), total dissolved reactive phosphorus (TDRP), total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), ammonia (NH<sub>4</sub>), nitrite+nitrate-complex (NO<sub>x</sub>), chloride (Cl), calcium (Ca), and alkalinity. TP was collected as either flow- or time-proportioned composite samples or grab samples on a weekly basis. All other parameters were collected as biweekly grab samples. Dissolved organic phosphorus (DOP) was calculated as DOP = TDRP - SRP; particulate phosphorus (PP) was calculated as PP = TP - TDRP; total nitrogen (TN) was calculated as  $TN = TKN + NO_x$ .

Annual cell water budgets were developed for STA-1E (Cells 3, 4N, and 4S; **Figure 5-4**), STA-1W (Cells 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; **Figure 5-7**), STA-2 (Cells 1, 2, and 3; **Figure 5-20**), STA-3/4 (Cells 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B, and 3; **Figure 5-28**), STA-5 (North and South Flow-ways; **Figure 5-40**) and STA-6 (Cells 3 and 5; **Figure 5-52**) using available data over the period of record (POR) from WY2001 to WY2006 (**Table 5-28**). Surface water flow estimates for STA-1E and STA-3/4 are provisional. Estimates of groundwater inflow and outflow, precipitation and ET for these two systems were not available at the time this report was prepared.

Constituent budgets for TP, SRP, DOP, PP, TN, TKN, NO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, Cl, Ca, and alkalinity were developed for each cell (**Tables 5-29** to **5-38**). The loads in surface-water inflow and outflow were calculated using a Microsoft Excel application developed by the District (Reardon and Germain, 2005) and the same POR as for the water budgets. Loads in precipitation were based on rainfall volume (**Table 5-28**) multiplied by the median constituent concentration in rainfall monitored at STA-1W (site ENR308) from January 2000 to June 2006. Loads in groundwater outflow were based on the volume of groundwater outflow (**Table 5-28**) multiplied by the geometric mean of the annual mean inflow and outflow constituent concentrations for each cell. Residuals to the constituent budgets were regarded as mass retained within the cell.

All cell water budgets for the POR were dominated by surface-water inflow (**Table 5-28**); groundwater inflow and precipitation usually made up less than 10 percent of the total water volume. Outflow also was dominated by surface water ( $\geq$  80 percent of total outflow). Exceptions to this generalization occurred in the south flow-way of STA-5 and STA-6 Cells 3 and 5, where seepage losses and ET made up 31 to 45 percent of total outflow. The sign of the annual water budget error term for cells in STA-1W, 2, 5, and 6 was usually both positive and negative, suggesting a random component to uncertainty in these computations (too few annual water budgets were available for STA-1E and STA-3/4 to make this comparison). Only STA-1W Cell 3 had water budget errors with all the same sign (positive), which indicates a consistent measurement bias in this cell. More that one-third of all annual cell water budgets (36 of 81 water budgets) had errors  $\geq$  20 percent. These large errors were attributed primarily to inaccuracies in measuring surface water flow under low head conditions in the STAs. Flow computations at interior water control structures in the STAs are based on headwater and tailwater stage differences, which are often close to the measurement accuracy ( $\pm$  3 mm) of the stage recorders.

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Small uncertainties associated with measuring stage can result in a large error in the annual flow estimates.

Given the large contribution of surface-water to the cell water budgets (**Table 5-28**), it was not surprising that the corresponding cell constituent budgets were also dominated by surface water over the POR (**Tables 5-29** through **5-38**). Precipitation contributed 5 percent or more to the total inflow load only in the TN budget for STA-6 Cell 5 and NO<sub>x</sub> budgets for the North and South Flow-ways of STA-5 and STA-6 Cell 5. Total outflow loads were likewise dominated by surface water, although groundwater outflow was often important (≥ 10 percent of total outflow load) in constituent budgets for STA-2 Cell 3, the North and South Flow-ways of STA-5 and STA-6 Cells 3 and 5. Treatment efficiency, as measured by total percent mass retained for each constituent over the POR, varied substantially among cells; STA-1E Cell 4N, STA-1W Cell 5, the cells in STA-2 or STA-3/4 Cell 2B typically had the highest percent retention for nutrients. The data suggest that for all constituents, some cells exported mass over the POR. Errors in annual Cl budgets paralleled errors in the water budgets; Pearson product-moment correlation coefficients of the errors in individual cells ranged from 0.52 to 0.99, the correlation coefficient for errors pooled over all cells was 0.69.

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**Table 5-28.** Annual water budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

		Infl	ows <sup>b</sup>		Outflows <sup>b</sup>						
	Is	Ιq	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_{q}$	ET	Σoutflow	ΔS	r	3
STA-1E, 0	Cell 3										
WY2006	1.9	-	-	1.9	3.0	-	-	3.0	-	-1.0	-41.6%
TOTAL	1.9	-	-	1.9	3.0	-	-	3.0	-	-1.0	-41.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-1E, 0	Cell 4N										
WY2006	3.0	-	-	3.0	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	2.5	144.8%
TOTAL	3.0	-	-	3.0	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	2.5	144.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-1E, 0	Cell 4S										
WY2006	0.9	-	-	0.9	2.3	-	-	2.3	-	-1.5	-90.2%
TOTAL	0.9	-	-	0.9	2.3	-	-	2.3	-	-1.5	-90.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-1W,	Cell 1										
WY2001	126.5	1.9	5.2	133.6	95.0	7.7	8.3	111.0	-1.9	24.4	20.0%
WY2002	159.4	3.1	7.8	170.2	154.5	6.5	7.8	168.7	8.0	0.7	0.4%
WY2003	305.2	3.1	6.2	314.5	316.6	5.9	7.5	329.9	2.9	-18.4	-5.7%
WY2004	193.9	3.0	5.0	202.0	193.9	4.6	7.5	206.1	-3.2	-1.0	-0.5%
WY2005	207.2	2.3	6.2	215.6	272.8	2.6	7.5	282.8	-0.1	-67.2	-27.0%
WY2006	145.8	2.1	6.5	154.3	136.9	0.4	7.6	144.9	0.4	9.0	6.0%
TOTAL	1138.0	15.4	36.8	1190.2	1169.7	27.7	46.2	1243.5	-1.0	-52.3	-4.3%
% in	95.6%	1.3%	3.1%	% out	94.1%	2.2%	3.7%				
STA-1W,	Cell 2										
WY2001	38.7	0.0	3.7	42.4	47.4	0.0	5.9	53.3	0.0	-10.9	-22.8%
WY2002	66.7	0.0	5.5	72.3	61.7	0.0	5.5	67.3	0.0	5.0	7.1%
WY2003	146.7	0.0	4.4	151.2	152.1	0.0	5.4	157.4	0.0	-6.3	-4.1%
WY2004	75.0	0.0	3.6	78.6	136.9	0.0	5.4	142.3	0.0	-63.7	-57.7%
WY2005	97.7	0.0	4.4	102.1	50.8	0.0	5.3	56.1	0.0	45.9	58.0%
WY2006		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
TOTAL	424.8	0.0	21.6	446.5	449.0	0.0	27.5	476.5	0.0	-30.0	-6.5%
% in	95.2%	0.0%	4.8%		94.2%	0.0%	5.8%		0.0%		
STA-1W,											
WY2001	91.2	2.2	3.6	96.9	80.3	7.4	5.7	93.4	-0.5	4.0	4.2%
WY2002	143.5	3.4	5.4	152.3	121.6	6.2	5.4	133.2	0.5	18.6	13.0%
WY2003	256.9	3.4	4.3	264.6	198.8	5.6	5.2	209.6	0.9	54.1	22.8%
WY2004	163.4	3.3	3.5	170.2	127.3	4.4	5.2	136.9	-1.1	34.4	22.4%
WY2005	196.8	2.5	4.3	203.6	155.7	2.3	5.2	163.2	0.1	40.3	22.0%
WY2006	136.9	2.3	4.5	143.7	110.3	0.3	5.3	115.9	0.3	27.5	21.2%
TOTAL	988.7	17.0	25.6	1031.3	794.0	26.2	32.2	852.3	0.1	178.9	19.0%
% in	95.9%	1.6%	2.5%	% out	93.2%	3.1%	3.8%				

Table 5-28. Continued.

		Inf	lows			Out	flows				
	Is	Ιq	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_q$	ET	Σoutflow	ΔS	r	3
STA-1W, 0	Cell 4										
WY2001	47.4	0.0	1.3	48.7	38.8	0.0	2.1	40.8	0.0	7.9	17.6%
WY2002	61.7	0.0	2.0	63.7	80.7	0.0	2.0	82.7	0.0	-19.0	-26.0%
WY2003	152.1	0.0	1.6	153.6	194.6	0.0	1.9	196.5	0.0	-42.9	-24.5%
WY2004	136.9	0.0	1.3	138.2	126.7	0.0	1.9	128.5	0.0	9.6	7.2%
WY2005	50.8	0.0	1.6	52.4	83.7	0.0	1.9	85.5	0.0	-33.2	-48.1%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	449.0	0.0	7.6	456.6	524.4	0.0	9.7	534.1	0.0	-77.5	-15.7%
% in	98.3%	0.0%	1.7%		98.2%	0.0%	1.8%		0.0%		
STA-1W,	Cell 5										
WY2001	217.8	0.0	10.9	228.7	27.9	0.0	17.5	45.4	-10.9	194.3	141.8%
WY2002	641.5	0.0	16.4	657.9	186.0	0.0	16.5	202.5	3.8	451.6	105.0%
WY2003	398.3	0.0	13.2	411.5	407.7	0.0	15.9	423.6	-2.0	-10.1	-2.4%
WY2004	109.6	0.0	10.6	120.2	110.8	0.0	16.0	126.8	4.7	-11.3	-9.1%
WY2005	158.1	0.0	13.1	171.1	146.2	0.0	15.8	162.0	-8.4	17.6	10.6%
WY2006	49.9	0.0	13.7	63.6	23.5	0.0	16.1	39.7	-37.1	61.0	118.3%
TOTAL	1575.1	0.0	77.9	1653.0	902.1	0.0	97.7	999.8	-50.0	703.2	53.0%
% in	95.3%		4.7%	% out	90.2%		9.8%				
STA-2, Ce	<u>:II 1</u>										
WY2002	54.1	0.0	12.1	66.3	19.6	0.0	10.8	30.4	0.1	35.7	73.9%
WY2003	57.2	0.0	10.3	67.5	36.9	0.0	10.4	47.3	4.6	15.5	27.1%
WY2004	78.0	0.0	9.4	87.4	61.3	0.0	10.5	71.8	-0.2	15.8	19.8%
WY2005	67.8	0.0	8.9	76.8	70.6	0.0	10.4	81.0	0.1	-4.3	-5.4%
WY2006	73.4	0.0	10.4	83.9	70.8	0.0	10.6	81.4	0.0	2.5	3.1%
TOTAL	330.6	0.0	51.2	381.8	259.3	0.0	52.7	311.9	4.6	65.3	18.8%
% in	86.6%	0.0%	13.4%	% out	83.1%	0.0%	16.9%				
STA-2, Ce	<u> II 2</u>										
WY2002	77.0	1.6	13.5	92.2	110.2	0.2	12.0	122.4	0.3	-30.6	-28.5%
WY2003	149.3	2.0	11.5	162.8	123.8	0.1	11.7	135.5	0.3	26.9	18.1%
WY2004	111.6	2.0	10.4	124.0	110.8	0.1	11.7	122.6	-0.1	1.5	1.2%
WY2005	172.3	3.6	10.0	185.9	162.8	0.0	11.6	174.4	-0.2	11.7	6.5%
WY2006	159.0	2.5	11.6	173.2	121.6	2.0	11.8	135.4	0.0	37.8	24.5%
TOTAL	669.3	11.7	57.1	738.1	629.2	2.4	58.7	690.3	0.4	47.4	6.6%
% in	90.7%	1.6%	7.7%	% out	91.1%	0.3%	8.5%				
STA-2, Ce	<u> </u>										
WY2002	130.8	0.0	13.5	144.3	109.3	28.9	12.0	150.2	0.3	-6.1	-4.2%
WY2003	178.7	0.0	11.5	190.2	144.7	19.5	11.7	175.8	0.3	14.1	7.7%
WY2004	137.8	0.0	10.4	148.3	129.3	17.1	11.7	158.1	-0.5	-9.3	-6.1%
WY2005	173.2	0.0	10.0	183.1	155.9	12.9	11.6	180.4	0.0	2.8	1.5%
WY2006	133.4	9.4	11.6	154.5	126.7	11.5	11.8	150.0	11.8	-7.3	-4.8%
TOTAL	753.9	9.4	57.1	820.4	665.9	89.9	58.7	814.5	11.8	-5.9	-0.7%
% in	91.9%	1.2%	7.0%	% out	81.8%	11.0%	7.2%				

Table 5-28. Continued.

		Infl	ows			Out	flows				
	Is	lg	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	ET	Σoutflow	ΔS	r	3
STA-3/4,	Cell 1A										
WY2005	13.5	-	-	13.5	10.6	-	-	10.6	-	2.8	23.5%
WY2006	44.5	-	-	44.5	33.8	-	-	33.8	-	10.8	27.6%
TOTAL	58.0	-	-	58.0	44.4	-	-	44.4	-	13.6	26.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4,	Cell 1B										
WY2005	10.6	-	-	10.6	3.5	-	-	3.5	-	7.1	101.3%
WY2006	33.7	-	-	33.7	11.2	-	-	11.2	-	22.5	100.1%
TOTAL	44.4	0.0	0.0	44.4	14.7	0.0	0.0	14.7	0.0	29.6	100.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4,	Cell 2A										
WY2005	8.9	-	-	8.9	7.5	-	-	7.5	-	1.4	17.3%
WY2006	38.7	-	-	38.7	19.3	-	-	19.3	-	19.4	67.0%
TOTAL	47.6	0.0	0.0	47.6	26.7	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	20.8	56.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4,	Cell 2B										
WY2005	10.0	-	-	10.0	1.4	-	-	1.4	-	8.7	152.2%
WY2006	25.2	-	-	25.2	8.6	-	-	8.6	-	16.6	98.3%
TOTAL	35.3	0.0	0.0	35.3	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	25.3	111.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4,	Cell 3										
WY2006	9.2	-	-	9.2	3.0	-	-	3.0	-	6.2	101.9%
TOTAL	9.2	0.0	0.0	9.2	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	6.2	101.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
STA-5, No	orth Flow-	<u>way</u>									
WY2001	43.3	0.0	8.1	51.4	25.4	11.9	11.9	49.2	-2.4	4.7	9.3%
WY2002	121.0	0.0	7.5	128.5	103.3	13.1	11.2	127.6	2.7	-1.8	-1.4%
WY2003	127.6	0.0	10.1	137.7	124.5	11.8	10.8	147.2	0.0	-9.4	-6.6%
WY2004	135.7	0.0	9.6	145.3	121.7	12.8	10.8	145.3	1.3	-1.3	-0.9%
WY2005	114.6	1.1	8.0	123.7	90.2	5.7	10.7	106.5	-3.7	20.9	18.1%
WY2006	171.8	0.2	8.5	180.5	138.8	10.4	11.0	160.2	8.0	19.5	11.4%
TOTAL	713.9	1.3	51.9	767.1	603.9	65.8	66.3	736.0	-1.4	32.5	4.3%
% in	93.1%	0.2%	6.8%	% out	82.0%	8.9%	9.0%				
STA-5, Sc	outh Flow-	way									
WY2001	57.4	0.1	8.1	65.6	23.9	36.4	11.9	72.2	-1.5	-5.0	-7.3%
WY2002	114.7	0.0	7.5	122.2	52.3	38.1	11.2	101.6	3.6	17.1	15.3%
WY2003	119.6	0.0	10.1	129.7	73.5	44.9	10.8	129.2	-0.4	0.8	0.7%
WY2004	89.2	0.0	9.6	98.9	46.7	43.6	10.8	101.1	1.8	-4.1	-4.1%
WY2005	68.1	0.0	8.0	76.1	59.6	45.4	10.7	115.7	-1.5	-38.1	-39.7%
WY2006	123.0	8.9	8.5	140.4	109.0	28.5	11.0	148.4	-2.5	-5.6	-3.8%
TOTAL	572.1	9.0	51.9	632.9	365.0	236.9	66.3	668.2	-0.5	-34.8	-5.4%
% in	90.4%	1.4%	0.1	% out	54.6%	35.5%	9.9%				

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Table 5-28. Continued.

		Inf	lows			Out	flows				
	Is	l <sub>g</sub>	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	ET	Σoutflow	ΔS	r	3
STA-6, Ce	ell 3										
WY2001	17.4	0.4	1.3	19.2	11.4	8.2	1.4	21.0	0.3	-2.2	-10.8%
WY2002	24.5	0.2	1.2	25.9	13.4	5.8	1.3	20.5	0.0	5.4	23.1%
WY2003	30.9	0.6	1.2	32.7	17.7	4.0	1.3	23.1	0.8	8.8	31.6%
WY2004	24.1	0.1	1.2	25.4	20.8	5.8	1.3	27.9	-0.4	-2.0	-7.6%
WY2005	23.0	0.6	1.3	24.8	13.0	7.6	1.3	21.9	0.4	2.6	11.0%
WY2006	20.5	1.0	1.0	22.6	15.9	2.4	1.3	19.6	0.0	3.0	14.1%
TOTAL	140.4	3.0	7.2	150.7	92.3	33.7	7.9	134.0	1.2	15.6	10.9%
% in	93.2%	2.0%	4.8%	% out	68.9%	25.2%	5.9%				
STA-6, Ce	ell <u>5</u>										
WY2001	31.0	0.1	3.4	34.5	17.8	10.0	3.6	31.4	1.0	2.1	6.4%
WY2002	41.1	0.0	3.0	44.2	21.1	13.2	3.4	37.6	0.0	6.5	15.9%
WY2003	34.7	0.0	3.0	37.7	22.6	13.2	3.3	39.1	1.1	-2.4	-6.4%
WY2004	24.0	0.0	3.2	27.2	23.1	12.2	3.3	38.5	-0.9	-10.5	-31.9%
WY2005	19.9	0.0	3.2	23.1	14.3	4.7	3.3	22.3	0.2	0.6	2.8%
WY2006	14.4	0.2	2.7	17.3	14.6	6.5	3.3	24.4	0.4	-7.5	-35.9%
TOTAL	165.1	0.4	18.4	183.9	113.5	59.7	20.1	193.4	1.7	-11.2	-5.9%
% in	89.8%	0.2%	10.0%	% out	58.7%	30.9%	10.4%				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All water budget terms expressed as hm³ (= 1,000,000 m³); 1 hm³ = 810.713 acre-ft; data provided by W. Abtew and S. Huebner, SFWMD.

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 $<sup>\</sup>label{eq:local_problem} \begin{array}{l} {}^{b}I_{s} = surface \ water \ inflow; \ I_{g} = groundwater \ inflow; \ P = precipitation; \ O_{s} = surface \ water \ outflow; \ O_{g} = groundwater \ outflow; \ ET = evapotranspiration; \ \Delta S = change \ in \ storage \ volume; \ r = water \ budget \ residual \ [= \Sigma inflow - (\Sigma outflow + \Delta S)]; \ \epsilon = water \ budget \ error \ [= r \div \{(\Sigma inflow + \Sigma outflow) \div 2\}]. \end{array}$ 

**Table 5-29.** Annual total phosphorus budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

STA-1E, Cell 3           WY2006         1.947         -         1.947         2.971         -         2.971         -1.024         -5.7           TOTAL         1.947         -         1.947         2.971         -         2.971         -1.024         -5.7           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-1E, Cell 4N         WY2006         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         8.7           TOTAL         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         8.7           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         8.7           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16.7           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16.7           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16.7           % in         100.0%         0.0% <td< th=""><th></th></td<>	
WY2006         1.947         -         1.947         2.971         -         2.971         -1.024         -5:           TOTAL         1.947         -         1.947         2.971         -         2.971         -1.024         -5:           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-1E. Cell 4N         WY2006         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         8           TOTAL         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         8           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%            STA-1E. Cell 4S         WY2006         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%	Ret
TOTAL 1.947 - 1.947 2.971 - 2.971 -1.024 -55   % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%    STA-1E. Cell 4N   WY2006 2.971 - 2.971 0.476 - 0.476 2.495 84   TOTAL 2.971 - 2.971 0.476 - 0.476 2.495 84   % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%    STA-1E. Cell 4S   WY2006 0.883 - 0.883 2.335 - 2.335 -1.452 -164   TOTAL 0.883 - 0.883 2.335 - 2.335 -1.452 -164   % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
% in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-1E, Cell 4N           WY2006         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         86           TOTAL         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         86           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         0.0%           STA-1E, Cell 4S         WY2006         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -160           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -160           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%	2.6%
STA-1E, Cell 4N           WY2006         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         86           TOTAL         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         86           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-1E, Cell 4S           WY2006         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -166           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -166           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%	2.6%
WY2006         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         8           TOTAL         2.971         -         2.971         0.476         -         0.476         2.495         8           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-1E. Cell 4S         WY2006         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%	
TOTAL 2.971 - 2.971 0.476 - 0.476 2.495 88   % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%    STA-1E. Cell 4S  WY2006 0.883 - 0.883 2.335 - 2.335 -1.452 -16   TOTAL 0.883 - 0.883 2.335 - 2.335 -1.452 -16   % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
% in     100.0%     0.0%     % out     100.0%     0.0%       STA-1E. Cell 4S       WY2006     0.883     -     0.883     2.335     -     2.335     -1.452 -16       TOTAL     0.883     -     0.883     2.335     -     2.335     -1.452 -16       % in     100.0%     0.0%     % out     100.0%     0.0%	4.0%
STA-1E. Cell 4S           WY2006         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-	4.0%
WY2006         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -164           TOTAL         0.883         -         0.883         2.335         -         2.335         -1.452         -164           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%	
TOTAL 0.883 - 0.883 2.335 - 2.335 -1.452 -164   % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
% in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	4.4%
	4.4%
STA-1W, Cell 1	
WY2001 13.441 0.021 13.462 6.281 0.647 6.928 6.534 46	8.5%
WY2002 16.533 0.031 16.564 9.489 0.516 10.005 6.559 38	9.6%
WY2003 47.352 0.025 47.377 31.970 0.735 32.705 14.672 3	1.0%
WY2004 23.409 0.020 23.429 22.459 0.549 23.008 0.421	1.8%
WY2005 43.981 0.025 44.006 64.154 0.578 64.732 -20.726 -4	7.1%
WY2006 29.405 0.026 29.431 26.685 0.083 26.768 2.663	9.0%
TOTAL 174.121 0.147 174.268 161.038 3.107 164.145 10.124	5.8%
% in 99.9% 0.1% % out 98.1% 1.9%	
STA-1W, Cell 2	
WY2001 4.334 0.015 4.349 3.678 0.000 3.678 0.671 1	5.4%
WY2002 6.316 0.022 6.338 3.602 0.000 3.602 2.736 43	3.2%
WY2003 23.266 0.018 23.284 20.733 0.000 20.733 2.551 1	1.0%
WY2004 10.606 0.014 10.620 18.940 0.000 18.940 -8.320 -76	8.3%
WY2005 30.353 0.018 30.371 14.731 0.000 14.731 15.640 5	1.5%
WY2006	-
TOTAL 74.875 0.087 74.962 61.684 0.000 61.684 13.278 1	7.7%
% in 99.9% 0.1% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
STA-1W, Cell 3	
WY2001 2.735 0.014 2.749 2.141 0.209 2.350 0.400 14	4.5%
WY2002 4.272 0.022 4.294 3.206 0.173 3.379 0.915 2	1.3%
WY2003 12.928 0.017 12.945 8.204 0.255 8.459 4.486 34	4.7%
	3.2%
WY2005 36.258 0.017 36.275 17.828 0.331 18.159 18.116 48	9.9%
WY2006 26.685 0.018 26.703 14.128 0.048 14.176 12.527 4	6.9%
TOTAL 97.018 0.103 97.121 51.837 1.307 53.144 43.977 4	5.3%
% in 99.9% 0.1% % out 97.5% 2.5%	

Table 5-29. Continued.

-		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W,	Cell 4							
WY2001	3.678	0.005	3.683	1.028	0.000	1.028	2.655	72.1%
WY2002	3.602	0.008	3.610	2.190	0.000	2.190	1.420	39.3%
WY2003	20.733	0.006	20.739	13.353	0.000	13.353	7.386	35.6%
WY2004	18.940	0.005	18.945	9.353	0.000	9.353	9.592	50.6%
WY2005	14.731	0.006	14.737	12.966	0.000	12.966	1.771	12.0%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	61.684	0.031	61.715	38.890	0.000	38.890	22.825	37.0%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 5							
WY2001	24.595	0.044	24.639	2.898	0.000	2.898	21.741	88.2%
WY2002	87.684	0.066	87.750	16.858	0.000	16.858	70.892	80.8%
WY2003	61.313	0.053	61.366	33.369	0.000	33.369	27.997	45.6%
WY2004	14.182	0.043	14.225	5.381	0.000	5.381	8.844	62.2%
WY2005	38.484	0.052	38.536	25.564	0.000	25.564	12.972	33.7%
WY2006	10.329	0.055	10.384	5.064	0.000	5.064	5.320	51.2%
TOTAL	236.587	0.312	236.899	89.134	0.000	89.134	147.765	62.4%
% in	99.9%	0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 1							
WY2002	1.698	0.049	1.747	0.425	0.000	0.425	1.322	75.7%
WY2003	2.985	0.041	3.026	0.522	0.000	0.522	2.504	82.8%
WY2004	6.794	0.037	6.831	0.831	0.000	0.831	6.000	87.8%
WY2005	6.699	0.036	6.735	0.716	0.000	0.716	6.019	89.4%
WY2006	7.250	0.042	7.292	1.195	0.000	1.195	6.097	83.6%
TOTAL	25.426	0.205	25.631	3.689	0.000	3.689	21.942	85.6%
% in	99.2%	0.8%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 2							
WY2002	2.052	0.054	2.106	1.742	0.004	1.746	0.360	17.1%
WY2003	10.334	0.046	10.380	2.494	0.003	2.497	7.883	75.9%
WY2004	10.279	0.042	10.321	1.750	0.004	1.754	8.567	83.0%
WY2005	20.278	0.040	20.318	6.396	0.001	6.397	13.921	68.5%
WY2006	17.391	0.046	17.437	3.447	0.112	3.559	13.879	79.6%
TOTAL	60.334	0.228	60.562	15.829	0.124	15.953	44.610	73.7%
% in	99.6%	0.4%	% out	99.2%	0.8%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 3							
WY2002	3.327	0.054	3.381	1.819	0.594	2.413	0.968	28.6%
WY2003	9.527	0.046	9.573	2.279	0.564	2.843	6.730	70.3%
WY2004	11.368	0.042	11.410	1.743	0.570	2.313	9.096	79.7%
WY2005	18.874	0.040	18.914	2.754	0.567	3.321	15.593	82.4%
WY2006	12.797	0.046	12.843	2.387	0.489	2.876	9.967	77.6%
TOTAL	55.893	0.228	56.121	10.982	2.784	13.766	42.355	75.5%
% in	99.6%	0.4%	% out	79.8%	20.2%			

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Table 5-29. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 1A							
WY2005	13.450	-	13.450	10.623	-	10.623	2.827	21.0%
WY2006	44.547	-	44.547	33.756	-	33.756	10.791	24.2%
TOTAL	57.997	-	57.997	44.379	-	44.379	13.618	23.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 1B							
WY2005	10.623	-	10.623	3.480	-	3.480	7.143	67.2%
WY2006	33.739	-	33.739	11.235	-	11.235	22.504	66.7%
TOTAL	44.362	-	44.362	14.715	-	14.715	29.647	66.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 2A							
WY2005	8.897	-	8.897	7.483	-	7.483	1.414	15.9%
WY2006	38.661	-	38.661	19.265	-	19.265	19.396	50.2%
TOTAL	47.558	-	47.558	26.748	-	26.748	20.810	43.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, 0	CAII 2B							
WY2005	10.037	_	10.037	1.363	_	1.363	8.674	86.4%
WY2006	25.231	_	25.231	8.607	_	8.607	16.624	65.9%
TOTAL	35.268	_	35.268	9.970	_	9.970	25.298	71.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	0.070	20.200	7 1.7 /
		0.070		.00.070	0.070			
STA-3/4, (			0.150	2.074		2.074	6 176	67.50/
WY2006 TOTAL	9.150	-	9.150	2.974	-	2.974	6.176	67.5%
% in	9.150	0.0%	9.150	2.974	- 0.0%	2.974	6.176	67.5%
% III	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
	orth Flow-wa							
WY2001	5.608	0.033	5.641	3.598	1.616	5.214	0.427	7.6%
WY2002	23.748	0.030	23.778	8.762	1.692	10.454	13.324	56.0%
WY2003	23.431	0.040	23.471	17.965	1.928	19.893	3.579	15.2%
WY2004	21.015	0.039	21.054	8.406	1.326	9.732	11.321	53.8%
WY2005	15.037	0.032	15.069	5.662	0.513	6.175	8.894	59.0%
WY2006	28.695	0.034	28.729	12.444	1.273	13.717	15.012	52.3%
TOTAL	117.534	0.207	117.741	56.837	8.349	65.186	52.556	44.6%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	87.2%	12.8%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	10.883	0.033	10.916	1.289	3.674	4.963	5.953	54.5%
WY2002	26.166	0.030	26.196	4.333	5.237	9.570	16.626	63.5%
WY2003	35.291	0.040	35.331	8.491	8.299	16.790	18.541	52.5%
WY2004	28.556	0.039	28.595	8.000	10.225	18.225	10.370	36.3%
WY2005	10.989	0.032	11.021	6.558	6.047	12.605	-1.584	-14.4%
WY2006	25.404	0.034	25.438	11.255	4.162	15.417	10.021	39.4%
TOTAL	137.289	0.207	137.496	39.926	37.644	77.570	59.927	43.6%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	51.5%	48.5%			

Table 5-29. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cell	3							
WY2001	0.616	0.005	0.621	0.512	0.325	0.837	-0.216	-34.7%
WY2002	0.861	0.005	0.866	0.285	0.159	0.444	0.422	48.7%
WY2003	0.974	0.005	0.979	0.496	0.120	0.616	0.363	37.1%
WY2004	0.802	0.005	0.807	0.277	0.121	0.398	0.408	50.6%
WY2005	1.767	0.005	1.772	0.239	0.284	0.523	1.249	70.5%
WY2006	1.527	0.004	1.531	0.522	0.118	0.640	0.891	58.2%
TOTAL	6.547	0.029	6.576	2.331	1.127	3.458	3.117	47.4%
% in	99.6%	0.4%	% out	67.4%	32.6%			
STA-6, Cell	<u>5</u>							
WY2001	0.907	0.013	0.920	0.477	0.279	0.756	0.165	17.9%
WY2002	1.243	0.012	1.255	0.330	0.286	0.616	0.639	50.9%
WY2003	1.108	0.012	1.120	0.644	0.398	1.042	0.078	6.9%
WY2004	0.897	0.013	0.910	0.284	0.262	0.546	0.364	40.0%
WY2005	1.422	0.013	1.435	0.276	0.175	0.451	0.984	68.6%
WY2006	1.265	0.011	1.276	0.326	0.287	0.613	0.663	51.9%
TOTAL	6.842	0.074	6.916	2.337	1.687	4.024	2.891	41.8%
% in	98.9%	1.1%	% out	58.1%	41.9%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of phosphorus.

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 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-30.** Annual soluble reactive phosphorus budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows	)		
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1E, C	ell 3							
WY2006	0.250	-	0.250	1.199	-	1.199	-0.949	-379.6%
TOTAL	0.250	-	0.250	1.199	-	1.199	-0.949	-379.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	ell 4N							
WY2006	1.199	-	1.199	0.005	-	0.005	1.194	99.6%
TOTAL	1.199	-	1.199	0.005	-	0.005	1.194	99.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	ell 4S							
WY2006	0.192	-	0.192	0.401	-	0.401	-0.209	-108.9%
TOTAL	0.192	-	0.192	0.401	-	0.401	-0.209	-108.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 1							
WY2001	3.920	0.021	3.941	2.491	0.220	2.711	1.230	31.2%
WY2002	11.317	0.031	11.348	6.599	0.356	6.955	4.393	38.7%
WY2003	25.611	0.025	25.636	16.281	0.385	16.666	8.969	35.0%
WY2004	13.410	0.020	13.430	13.863	0.326	14.189	-0.759	-5.7%
WY2005	25.071	0.025	25.096	36.906	0.331	37.237	-12.141	-48.4%
WY2006	14.682	0.026	14.708	11.017	0.038	11.055	3.653	24.8%
TOTAL	94.011	0.147	94.158	87.157	1.656	88.813	5.345	5.7%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	98.1%	1.9%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 2							
WY2001	1.651	0.015	1.666	1.070	0.000	1.070	0.596	35.8%
WY2002	4.146	0.022	4.168	2.122	0.000	2.122	2.046	49.1%
WY2003	10.494	0.018	10.512	8.001	0.000	8.001	2.511	23.9%
WY2004	5.021	0.014	5.035	5.743	0.000	5.743	-0.708	-14.1%
WY2005	15.505	0.018	15.523	5.838	0.000	5.838	9.685	62.4%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	36.817	0.087	36.904	22.774	0.000	22.774	14.130	38.3%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 3							
WY2001	0.939	0.014	0.953	0.632	0.066	0.698	0.255	26.7%
WY2002	2.911	0.022	2.933	1.345	0.092	1.437	1.495	51.0%
WY2003	7.896	0.017	7.913	4.031	0.140	4.171	3.742	47.3%
WY2004	9.504	0.014	9.518	4.216	0.195	4.411	5.107	53.7%
WY2005	22.508	0.017	22.525	13.073	0.223	13.296	9.229	41.0%
WY2006	11.017	0.018	11.035	9.237	0.025	9.262	1.773	16.1%
TOTAL	54.775	0.103	54.878	32.534	0.742	33.276	21.602	39.4%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	97.8%	2.2%			

Table 5-30. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W,	Cell 4							
WY2001	1.070	0.005	1.075	0.187	0.000	0.187	0.888	82.6%
WY2002	2.122	0.008	2.130	0.789	0.000	0.789	1.341	63.0%
WY2003	8.001	0.006	8.007	7.081	0.000	7.081	0.926	11.6%
WY2004	5.743	0.005	5.748	4.399	0.000	4.399	1.349	23.5%
WY2005	5.838	0.006	5.844	7.905	0.000	7.905	-2.061	-35.3%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	22.774	0.031	22.805	20.361	0.000	20.361	2.444	10.7%
% in	99.9%	0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 5							
WY2001	10.189	0.044	10.233	1.340	0.000	1.340	8.893	86.9%
WY2002	52.484	0.066	52.550	11.422	0.000	11.422	41.128	78.3%
WY2003	30.161	0.053	30.214	23.108	0.000	23.108	7.106	23.5%
WY2004	8.436	0.043	8.479	3.080	0.000	3.080	5.399	63.7%
WY2005	20.781	0.052	20.833	12.185	0.000	12.185	8.648	41.5%
WY2006	6.624	0.055	6.679	0.277	0.000	0.277	6.402	95.9%
TOTAL	128.675	0.312	128.987	51.412	0.000	51.412	77.575	60.1%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 1							
WY2002	0.548	0.049	0.597	0.159	0.000	0.159	0.438	73.3%
WY2003	1.723	0.041	1.764	0.181	0.000	0.181	1.583	89.7%
WY2004	5.031	0.037	5.068	0.409	0.000	0.409	4.659	91.9%
WY2005	5.187	0.036	5.223	0.431	0.000	0.431	4.792	91.7%
WY2006	4.176	0.042	4.218	0.426	0.000	0.426	3.792	89.9%
TOTAL	16.665	0.205	16.870	1.606	0.000	1.606	15.264	90.5%
% in	98.8%	1.2%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 2							
WY2002	1.117	0.054	1.171	0.442	0.001	0.443	0.728	62.1%
WY2003	7.012	0.046	7.058	0.902	0.001	0.903	6.155	87.2%
WY2004	7.884	0.042	7.926	0.882	0.003	0.885	7.041	88.8%
WY2005	16.406	0.040	16.446	5.145	0.001	5.146	11.300	68.7%
WY2006	10.431	0.046	10.477	1.703	0.061	1.764	8.714	83.2%
TOTAL	42.850	0.228	43.078	9.074	0.067	9.141	33.937	78.8%
% in	99.5%	0.5%	% out	99.3%	0.7%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 3							
WY2002	7.466	0.054	7.520	0.459	0.447	0.906	6.614	87.9%
WY2003	6.459	0.046	6.505	0.744	0.265	1.009	5.496	84.5%
WY2004	8.648	0.042	8.690	0.749	0.326	1.075	7.615	87.6%
WY2005	15.104	0.040	15.144	1.178	0.332	1.510	13.634	90.0%
WY2006	9.247	0.046	9.293	0.683	0.222	0.905	8.388	90.3%
TOTAL	46.924	0.228	47.152	3.813	1.593	5.406	41.747	88.5%
% in	99.5%	0.5%	% out	70.5%	29.5%			

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Table 5-30. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
WY2005	9.008	-	9.008	3.240	-	3.240	5.768	64.0%
WY2006	20.991	-	20.991	9.809	-	9.809	11.182	53.3%
TOTAL	29.999	-	29.999	13.049	-	13.049	16.950	56.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
WY2005	3.240	-	3.240	1.268	-	1.268	1.972	60.9%
WY2006	9.807	-	9.807	3.684	-	3.684	6.123	62.4%
TOTAL	13.047	-	13.047	4.952	-	4.952	8.095	62.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2A							
WY2005	6.712	-	6.712	3.703	-	3.703	3.009	44.8%
WY2006	17.745	-	17.745	8.262	-	8.262	9.483	53.4%
TOTAL	24.457	-	24.457	11.965	-	11.965	12.492	51.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
WY2005	5.286	-	5.286	0.322	-	0.322	4.964	93.9%
WY2006	11.683	-	11.683	1.560	-	1.560	10.123	86.6%
TOTAL	16.969	-	16.969	1.882	-	1.882	15.087	88.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	4.057	-	4.057	0.640	-	0.640	3.417	84.2%
TOTAL	4.057	-	4.057	0.640	-	0.640	3.417	84.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	rth Flow-w	a <u>y</u>						
WY2001	1.890	0.033	1.923	0.251	0.248	0.499	1.424	74.1%
WY2002	14.614	0.030	14.644	4.702	0.972	5.674	8.970	61.3%
WY2003	10.875	0.040	10.915	13.288	1.130	14.418	-3.502	-32.1%
WY2004	10.098	0.039	10.137	5.166	0.721	5.887	4.250	41.9%
WY2005	8.490	0.032	8.522	3.774	0.315	4.089	4.433	52.0%
WY2006	13.209	0.034	13.243	11.179	0.819	11.998	1.245	9.4%
TOTAL	59.176	0.207	59.383	38.360	4.204	42.564	16.819	28.3%
% in	99.7%	0.3%	% out	90.1%	9.9%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	5.735	0.033	5.768	0.873	2.195	3.068	2.700	46.8%
WY2002	16.310	0.030	16.340	3.226	3.568	6.794	9.546	58.4%
WY2003	14.082	0.040	14.122	6.863	4.713	11.576	2.546	18.0%
WY2004	15.725	0.039	15.764	8.191	7.677	15.868	-0.105	-0.7%
WY2005	7.239	0.032	7.271	5.095	4.326	9.421	-2.150	-29.6%
WY2006	11.730	0.034	11.764	11.504	2.859	14.363	-2.599	-22.1%
TOTAL	70.821	0.207	71.028	35.752	25.338	61.090	9.938	14.0%
% in	99.7%	0.3%	% out	58.5%	41.5%			

Table 5-30. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cel	13							
WY2001	0.088	0.005	0.093	0.188	0.074	0.262	-0.169	-181.3%
WY2002	0.123	0.005	0.128	0.136	0.042	0.178	-0.050	-38.9%
WY2003	0.154	0.005	0.159	0.252	0.034	0.286	-0.127	-80.2%
WY2004	0.248	0.005	0.253	0.096	0.040	0.136	0.117	46.3%
WY2005	0.450	0.005	0.455	0.112	0.098	0.210	0.245	53.8%
WY2006	0.120	0.004	0.124	0.230	0.022	0.252	-0.128	-102.9%
TOTAL	1.183	0.029	1.212	1.014	0.310	1.324	-0.112	-9.2%
% in	97.6%	2.4%	% out	76.6%	23.4%			
STA-6, Cel	15							
WY2001	0.192	0.013	0.205	0.119	0.064	0.183	0.022	10.9%
WY2002	0.264	0.012	0.276	0.099	0.072	0.171	0.105	38.0%
WY2003	0.239	0.012	0.251	0.165	0.094	0.259	-0.008	-3.1%
WY2004	0.279	0.013	0.292	0.103	0.088	0.191	0.101	34.5%
WY2005	0.582	0.013	0.595	0.081	0.061	0.142	0.453	76.2%
WY2006	0.163	0.011	0.174	0.065	0.046	0.111	0.063	36.1%
TOTAL	1.719	0.074	1.793	0.632	0.425	1.057	0.736	41.1%
% in	95.9%	4.1%	% out	59.8%	40.2%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of phosphorus.

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 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-31.** Annual particulate phosphorus budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows	)		
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1E, C	ell 3							
WY2006	1.368	-	1.368	1.256	-	1.256	0.112	8.2%
TOTAL	1.368	-	1.368	1.256	-	1.256	0.112	8.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	ell 4N							
WY2006	1.256	-	1.256	0.415	-	0.415	0.841	67.0%
TOTAL	1.256	-	1.256	0.415	-	0.415	0.841	67.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	ell 4S							
WY2006	0.546	-	0.546	1.540	-	1.540	-0.994	-182.1%
TOTAL	0.546	-	0.546	1.540	-	1.540	-0.994	-182.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, C	Cell 1							
WY2001	7.936	-	7.936	2.514	0.314	2.828	5.108	64.4%
WY2002	3.901	-	3.901	2.236	0.122	2.358	1.543	39.6%
WY2003	19.419	-	19.419	13.532	0.306	13.838	5.581	28.7%
WY2004	8.863	-	8.863	7.225	0.192	7.417	1.446	16.3%
WY2005	17.319	-	17.319	24.321	0.223	24.544	-7.225	-41.7%
WY2006	12.624	-	12.624	14.175	0.040	14.215	-1.591	-12.6%
TOTAL	70.062	-	70.062	64.003	1.197	65.200	4.862	6.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	98.2%	1.8%			
STA-1W, C	Cell 2							
WY2001	1.954	-	1.954	1.838	0.000	1.838	0.116	5.9%
WY2002	2.145	-	2.145	0.970	0.000	0.970	1.175	54.8%
WY2003	11.773	-	11.773	11.469	0.000	11.469	0.304	2.6%
WY2004	5.140	-	5.140	11.705	0.000	11.705	-6.565	-127.7%
WY2005	13.320	-	13.320	8.360	0.000	8.360	4.960	37.2%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	34.332	-	34.332	34.342	0.000	34.342	-0.010	<0.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, C	Cell 3							
WY2001	0.890	-	0.890	1.050	0.083	1.133	-0.243	-27.3%
WY2002	0.315	-	0.315	1.174	0.028	1.202	-0.887	-281.7%
WY2003	3.239	-	3.239	2.883	0.076	2.959	0.280	8.7%
WY2004	3.411	-	3.411	1.525	0.070	1.595	1.816	53.2%
WY2005	12.136	-	12.136	3.630	0.086	3.716	8.420	69.4%
WY2006	14.175	-	14.175	3.702	0.018	3.720	10.455	73.8%
TOTAL	34.166	-	34.166	13.964	0.362	14.326	19.840	58.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	97.5%	2.5%			

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Table 5-31. Continued.

-		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W, 0	Cell 4							
WY2001	1.838	-	1.838	0.423	0.000	0.423	1.415	77.0%
WY2002	0.970	-	0.970	0.763	0.000	0.763	0.207	21.3%
WY2003	11.469	-	11.469	4.646	0.000	4.646	6.823	59.5%
WY2004	11.705	-	11.705	3.939	0.000	3.939	7.766	66.3%
WY2005	8.360	-	8.360	4.339	0.000	4.339	4.021	48.1%
WY2006		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	34.342	-	34.342	14.110	0.000	14.110	20.232	58.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 5							
WY2001	12.173	-	12.173	1.068	0.000	1.068	11.105	91.2%
WY2002	31.151	-	31.151	2.798	0.000	2.798	28.353	91.0%
WY2003	27.840	-	27.840	4.358	0.000	4.358	23.482	84.3%
WY2004	5.219	-	5.219	1.573	0.000	1.573	3.646	69.9%
WY2005	16.177	-	16.177	11.753	0.000	11.753	4.424	27.3%
WY2006	3.095	-	3.095	4.259	0.000	4.259	-1.164	-37.6%
TOTAL	95.655	-	95.655	25.809	0.000	25.809	69.846	73.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>:II 1</u>							
WY2002	0.931	-	0.931	0.040	0.000	0.040	0.891	95.7%
WY2003	1.010	-	1.010	0.210	0.000	0.210	0.800	79.2%
WY2004	0.168	-	0.168	0.344	0.000	0.344	-0.176	-104.8%
WY2005	1.332	-	1.332	0.248	0.000	0.248	1.084	81.4%
WY2006	2.429	-	2.429	0.629	0.000	0.629	1.800	74.1%
TOTAL	5.870	-	5.870	1.471	0.000	1.471	4.399	74.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 2							
WY2002	0.670	-	0.670	0.638	0.001	0.639	0.031	4.6%
WY2003	2.389	-	2.389	0.911	0.001	0.912	1.477	61.8%
WY2004	1.471	-	1.471	0.596	0.001	0.597	0.874	59.4%
WY2005	3.470	-	3.470	0.471	0.000	0.471	2.999	86.4%
WY2006	5.518	-	5.518	0.595	0.026	0.621	4.897	88.7%
TOTAL	13.518	-	13.518	3.211	0.029	3.240	10.278	76.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	99.1%	0.9%			
STA-2, Ce								
WY2002	_c	-	-	0.556	-	0.556	-	-
WY2003	2.054	-	2.054	1.039	0.177	1.216	0.838	40.8%
WY2004	2.228	-	2.228	0.724	0.163	0.887	1.341	60.2%
WY2005	3.162	-	3.162	1.310	0.160	1.470	1.692	53.5%
WY2006	2.281	-	2.281	1.127	0.142	1.269	1.012	44.4%
TOTAL	9.725	-	9.725	4.756	0.641	5.397	4.884	50.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	88.1%	11.9%			

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Table 5-31. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
WY2005	3.820	-	3.820	4.050	-	4.050	-0.230	-6.0%
WY2006	20.449	-	20.449	15.294	-	15.294	5.155	25.2%
TOTAL	24.269	-	24.269	19.344	-	19.344	4.925	20.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
WY2005	4.050	-	4.050	1.362	-	1.362	2.688	66.4%
WY2006	15.284	-	15.284	3.950	-	3.950	11.334	74.2%
TOTAL	19.334	-	19.334	5.312	-	5.312	14.022	72.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2A							
WY2005	1.895	-	1.895	2.164	-	2.164	-0.269	-14.2%
WY2006	17.925	-	17.925	6.492	-	6.492	11.433	63.8%
TOTAL	19.820	-	19.820	8.656	-	8.656	11.164	56.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
WY2005	2.597	-	2.597	0.761	-	0.761	1.836	70.7%
WY2006	7.560	-	7.560	5.062	-	5.062	2.498	33.0%
TOTAL	10.157	-	10.157	5.823	-	5.823	4.334	42.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	4.066	-	4.066	1.502	-	1.502	2.564	63.1%
TOTAL	4.066	-	4.066	1.502	-	1.502	2.564	63.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	rth Flow-wa	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	3.424	-	3.424	2.933	1.140	4.073	-0.649	-18.9%
WY2002	7.492	-	7.492	2.772	0.535	3.307	4.185	55.9%
WY2003	10.939	-	10.939	2.844	0.524	3.368	7.571	69.2%
WY2004	9.433	-	9.433	1.947	0.428	2.375	7.058	74.8%
WY2005	4.525	-	4.525	1.141	0.126	1.267	3.258	72.0%
WY2006	12.688	-	12.688	0.458	0.162	0.620	12.068	95.1%
TOTAL	48.501	-	48.501	12.095	2.915	15.010	33.491	69.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	80.6%	19.4%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ray</u>						
WY2001	4.551	-	4.551	0.116	0.713	0.829	3.722	81.8%
WY2002	8.355	-	8.355	0.684	1.176	1.860	6.495	77.7%
WY2003	19.644	-	19.644	0.741	1.829	2.570	17.074	86.9%
WY2004	11.738	-	11.738	_c	-	-	-	-
WY2005	3.403	-	3.403	1.118	1.389	2.507	0.896	26.3%
WY2006	11.820	-	11.820	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	59.511	-	59.511	2.659	5.107	7.766	28.187	47.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	34.2%	65.8%			

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Table 5-31. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cel	II 3							
WY2001	0.422	-	0.422	0.278	0.198	0.476	-0.054	-12.8%
WY2002	0.591	-	0.591	0.012	0.027	0.039	0.552	93.4%
WY2003	0.664	-	0.664	0.254	0.071	0.325	0.339	51.1%
WY2004	0.425	-	0.425	0.130	0.061	0.191	0.234	55.2%
WY2005	1.112	-	1.112	0.059	0.112	0.171	0.941	84.6%
WY2006	1.121	-	1.121	0.124	0.049	0.173	0.948	84.5%
TOTAL	4.335	-	4.335	0.857	0.518	1.375	2.960	68.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	62.3%	37.7%			
STA-6, Cel	II <u>5</u>							
WY2001	0.632	-	0.632	0.281	0.179	0.460	0.172	27.3%
WY2002	0.867	-	0.867	0.098	0.130	0.228	0.639	73.7%
WY2003	0.744	-	0.744	0.441	0.270	0.711	0.033	4.4%
WY2004	0.460	-	0.460	0.140	0.132	0.272	0.188	40.9%
WY2005	0.655	-	0.655	0.127	0.081	0.208	0.447	68.3%
WY2006	0.875	-	0.875	0.133	0.153	0.286	0.589	67.4%
TOTAL	4.233	-	4.233	1.220	0.944	2.164	2.069	48.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	56.4%	43.6%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of phosphorus. Note that total dissolved phosphorus was not measured in precipitation and therefore, the concentration of particulate phosphorus could not be calculated.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{b}}$ I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Calculation of particulate phosphorus load resulted in a negative value, which was not analyzed further.

**Table 5-32.** Annual dissolved organic phosphorus budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

	Inflows <sup>b</sup> Outflows <sup>b</sup>							
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1E, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	0.329	-	0.329	0.515	-	0.515	-0.186	-56.5%
TOTAL	0.329	-	0.329	0.515	-	0.515	-0.186	-56.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4N							
WY2006	0.515	-	0.515	0.056	-	0.056	0.459	89.1%
TOTAL	0.515	-	0.515	0.056	-	0.056	0.459	89.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4S							
WY2006	0.145	-	0.145	0.394	-	0.394	-0.249	-171.7%
TOTAL	0.145	-	0.145	0.394	-	0.394	-0.249	-171.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 1							
WY2001	1.585	-	1.585	1.275	0.100	1.375	0.210	13.2%
WY2002	1.315	-	1.315	0.654	0.038	0.692	0.623	47.4%
WY2003	2.323	-	2.323	2.156	0.042	2.198	0.125	5.4%
WY2004	1.136	-	1.136	1.371	0.030	1.401	-0.265	-23.3%
WY2005	1.591	-	1.591	2.928	0.023	2.951	-1.360	-85.5%
WY2006	2.099	-	2.099	1.493	0.005	1.498	0.601	28.6%
TOTAL	10.049	-	10.049	9.877	0.239	10.116	-0.067	-0.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	97.6%	2.4%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 2							
WY2001	0.729	-	0.729	0.770	0.000	0.770	-0.041	-5.6%
WY2002	0.025	-	0.025	0.510	0.000	0.510	-0.485	
WY2003	0.999	-	0.999	1.263	0.000	1.263	-0.264	-26.4%
WY2004	0.445	-	0.445	1.492	0.000	1.492	-1.047	-235.3%
WY2005	1.528	-	1.528	0.533	0.000	0.533	0.995	65.1%
WY2006		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3.726	-	3.726	4.568	0.000	4.568	-0.842	-22.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 3							
WY2001	0.907	-	0.907	0.460	0.056	0.516	0.391	43.1%
WY2002	1.046	-	1.046	0.686	0.040	0.726	0.320	30.6%
WY2003	1.793	-	1.793	1.291	0.038	1.329	0.464	25.9%
WY2004	1.225	-	1.225	0.589	0.026	0.615	0.610	49.8%
WY2005	1.614	-	1.614	1.125	0.018	1.143	0.471	29.2%
WY2006	1.493		1.493	1.189	0.003	1.192	0.301	20.1%
TOTAL	8.078	-	8.078	5.340	0.180	5.520	2.558	31.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	96.7%	3.3%			

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Table 5-32. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W, 0	Cell 4							
WY2001	0.770	-	0.770	0.418	0.000	0.418	0.352	45.7%
WY2002	0.510	-	0.510	0.637	0.000	0.637	-0.127	-24.9%
WY2003	1.263	-	1.263	1.627	0.000	1.627	-0.364	-28.8%
WY2004	1.492	-	1.492	1.015	0.000	1.015	0.477	32.0%
WY2005	0.533	-	0.533	0.722	0.000	0.722	-0.189	-35.5%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	4.568	-	4.568	4.419	0.000	4.419	0.149	3.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 5							
WY2001	2.233	-	2.233	0.489	0.000	0.489	1.744	78.1%
WY2002	4.049	-	4.049	2.638	0.000	2.638	1.411	34.8%
WY2003	3.312	-	3.312	5.902	0.000	5.902	-2.590	-78.2%
WY2004	0.527	-	0.527	0.728	0.000	0.728	-0.201	-38.1%
WY2005	1.526	-	1.526	1.626	0.000	1.626	-0.100	-6.6%
WY2006	0.610	-	0.610	0.528	0.000	0.528	0.082	13.4%
TOTAL	12.257	-	12.257	11.911	0.000	11.911	0.346	2.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 1</u>							
WY2002	0.219	-	0.219	0.226	0.000	0.226	-0.007	-3.2%
WY2003	0.253	-	0.253	0.132	0.000	0.132	0.121	47.8%
WY2004	1.596	-	1.596	0.078	0.000	0.078	1.518	95.1%
WY2005	0.180	-	0.180	0.037	0.000	0.037	0.143	79.4%
WY2006	0.644	-	0.644	0.140	0.000	0.140	0.504	78.3%
TOTAL	2.892	-	2.892	0.613	0.000	0.613	2.279	78.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 2</u>							
WY2002	0.264	-	0.264	0.662	0.001	0.663	-0.399	-151.1%
WY2003	0.934	-	0.934	0.681	0.000	0.681	0.253	27.0%
WY2004	0.923	-	0.923	0.272	0.001	0.273	0.650	70.5%
WY2005	0.402	-	0.402	0.780	0.000	0.780	-0.378	-94.0%
WY2006	1.442	-	1.442	1.149	0.019	1.168	0.274	19.0%
TOTAL	3.965	-	3.965	3.544	0.020	3.564	0.401	10.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	99.4%	0.6%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 3</u>							
WY2002	0.689	-	0.689	0.804	0.180	0.984	-0.295	-42.8%
WY2003	1.014	-	1.014	0.496	0.086	0.582	0.432	42.6%
WY2004	0.492	-	0.492	0.270	0.047	0.317	0.175	35.6%
WY2005	0.607	-	0.607	0.265	0.032	0.297	0.310	51.1%
WY2006	1.268	-	1.268	0.577	0.076	0.653	0.615	48.5%
TOTAL	4.070	-	4.070	2.412	0.420	2.832	1.238	30.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	85.2%	14.8%			

Table 5-32. Continued.

TOTAL 3.282 - 3.282 6.127 - 6.127 -2.845 -86.7% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-3/4, Cell 2B  WY2005 2.154 - 2.154 0.280 - 0.280 1.874 87.0% WY2006 5.988 - 5.988 1.985 - 1.985 4.003 66.9% TOTAL 8.142 - 8.142 2.265 - 2.265 5.877 72.2% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-3/4, Cell 3  WY2006 1.027 - 1.027 0.832 - 0.832 0.195 19.0% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-5, North Flow-way  WY2001 0.294 - 0.294 0.414 0.125 0.539 -0.245 -83.5% WY2002 1.643 - 1.643 1.288 0.171 1.459 0.184 11.2% WY2004 1.484 - 1.484 1.293 0.138 1.431 0.053 3.6% WY2004 1.484 - 1.484 1.293 0.138 1.431 0.053 3.6% WY2006 2.798 - 2.798 0.806 0.101 0.907 1.891 67.6% TOTAL 9.859 - 9.859 6.382 0.766 7.148 2.711 27.5% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 89.3% 10.7%  STA-5, South Flow-way WY2001 0.597 - 0.597 0.299 0.414 0.713 -0.116 -19.5% WY2002 1.501 - 1.501 0.423 0.392 0.815 0.686 45.7% WY2003 1.565 - 1.565 0.887 0.565 1.452 0.113 7.2% WY2004 1.092 - 1.092 0.488 0.494 0.982 0.110 10.1% WY2004 1.092 - 1.092 0.488 0.494 0.982 0.110 10.1% WY2004 1.092 - 1.092 0.488 0.494 0.982 0.110 10.1% WY2005 0.347 - 0.347 0.345 0.246 0.591 -0.244 -70.5%		Inflows Outflows							
WY2005		Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
WY2006	STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
TOTAL	WY2005	0.622	-	0.622	3.332	-	3.332	-2.710	-435.7%
% in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-3/4, Cell 1B         WY2005         3.332         -         3.332         0.849         -         0.849         2.483         74.5%           WY2006         8.648         -         8.648         3.601         -         3.601         5.047         58.4%           TOTAL         11.980         -         11.980         7.530         62.9%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-3/4, Cell 2A         WY2005         0.290         -         0.290         1.616         -         1.616         -1.326         457.2%           WY2006         2.992         -         2.992         4.511         -         4.511         -1.519         -50.8%           TOTAL         3.282         -         3.282         6.127         -         6.127         -2.845         86.7%           WY2005         2.154         -         2.154         0.280         -         0.280         1.874         87.0%           WY2005         2.154         -         2.154         0.280         -         0.280         1.874	WY2006	3.107	-	3.107	8.653	-	8.653	-5.546	-178.5%
STA-3/4, Cell 1B           WY2005         3.332         -         3.332         0.849         -         0.849         2.483         74.5%           WY2006         8.648         -         8.648         3.601         -         3.601         5.047         58.4%           TOTAL         11.980         -         11.980         4.450         -         4.450         7.530         62.9%           STA-3/4, Cell 2A         WY2005         0.290         -         0.290         1.616         -         1.616         -1.326         457.2%           WY2006         2.992         -         2.992         4.511         -         4.511         -1.519         -50.8%           TOTAL         3.282         -         3.282         6.127         -         6.127         -2.845         -86.7%           WY2006         2.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           WY2006         5.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           TOTAL         8.142         -         8.142         2.265         -         2.265         5.877	TOTAL	3.729	-	3.729	11.985	-	11.985	-8.256	-221.4%
WY2005	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
WY2006	STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
TOTAL	WY2005	3.332	-	3.332	0.849	-	0.849	2.483	74.5%
% in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-3/4, Cell 2A         WY2005         0.290         -         0.290         1.616         -         1.616         -1.326         -457.2%           WY2006         2.992         -         2.992         4.511         -         4.511         -1.519         -50.8%           TOTAL         3.282         -         3.282         6.127         -         6.127         -2.845         -86.7%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         5.988         -         0.280         1.874         87.0%           WY2006         5.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           TOTAL         8.142         -         8.142         2.265         -         2.265         5.877         72.2%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         5.72         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           T	WY2006	8.648	-	8.648	3.601	-	3.601	5.047	58.4%
STA-3/4, Cell 2A	TOTAL	11.980	-	11.980	4.450	-	4.450	7.530	62.9%
WY2005	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
WY2006   2.992   -   2.992   4.511   -   4.511   -1.519   -50.8%     TOTAL   3.282   -   3.282   6.127   -   6.127   -2.845   -86.7%     Win   100.0%   0.0%   % out   100.0%   0.0%     STA-3/4, Cell 2B     WY2005   2.154   -   2.154   0.280   -   0.280   1.874   87.0%     WY2006   5.988   -   5.988   1.985   -   1.985   4.003   66.9%     TOTAL   8.142   -   8.142   2.265   -   2.265   5.877   72.2%     Win   100.0%   0.0%   % out   100.0%   0.0%     STA-3/4, Cell 3     WY2006   1.027   -   1.027   0.832   -   0.832   0.195   19.0%     TOTAL   1.027   -   1.027   0.832   -   0.832   0.195   19.0%     WY2001   0.294   -   0.294   0.414   0.125   0.539   -0.245   -83.5%     WY2002   1.643   -   1.643   1.288   0.171   1.459   0.184   11.2%     WY2003   1.618   -   1.618   1.833   0.162   1.995   -0.377   -23.3%     WY2004   1.484   -   1.484   1.293   0.138   1.431   0.053   3.6%     WY2005   2.022   -   2.022   0.748   0.068   0.816   1.206   59.6%     WY2006   2.798   -   2.798   0.806   0.101   0.907   1.891   67.6%     TOTAL   9.859   -   9.859   6.382   0.766   7.148   2.711   27.5%     Win   100.0%   0.0%   % out   89.3%   10.7%     STA-5, South Flow-way     WY2001   0.597   -   0.597   0.299   0.414   0.713   -0.116   -19.5%     WY2002   1.501   -   1.501   0.423   0.392   0.815   0.686   45.7%     WY2003   1.565   -   1.565   0.887   0.565   1.452   0.113   7.2%     WY2004   1.092   -   1.092   0.488   0.494   0.982   0.110   10.1%     WY2005   0.347   -   0.347   0.345   0.246   0.591   -0.244   -70.5%     WY2006   1.854   -   1.854   1.298   0.382   1.680   0.174   9.4%     TOTAL   6.956   -   6.956   3.740   2.493   6.233   0.723   10.4%     TOTAL   6.956   -   6.956   3.740   2.493   6.233   0.723   10.4%     TOTAL   6.956   -   6.956   3.740   2.493   6.233   0.723   10.4%     TOTAL   6.956   -   6.956   3.740   2.493   6.233   0.723   10.4%     TOTAL   6.956   -   6.956   3.740   2.493   6.233   0.723   10.4%     TOTAL   6.956   -   6.956   3.740   2.493   6.233   0.723   10.4%     TOTAL   6.956	STA-3/4, C	Cell 2A							
TOTAL 3.282 - 3.282 6.127 - 6.127 -2.845 -86.7% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-3/4, Cell 2B  WY2005 2.154 - 2.154 0.280 - 0.280 1.874 87.0% WY2006 5.988 - 5.988 1.985 - 1.985 4.003 66.9% TOTAL 8.142 - 8.142 2.265 - 2.265 5.877 72.2% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-3/4, Cell 3  WY2006 1.027 - 1.027 0.832 - 0.832 0.195 19.0% TOTAL 1.027 - 1.027 0.832 - 0.832 0.195 19.0% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-5, North Flow-way  WY2001 0.294 - 0.294 0.414 0.125 0.539 -0.245 -83.5% WY2002 1.643 - 1.643 1.288 0.171 1.459 0.184 11.2% WY2003 1.618 - 1.618 1.833 0.162 1.995 -0.377 -23.3% WY2004 1.484 - 1.484 1.293 0.138 1.431 0.053 3.6% WY2005 2.022 - 2.022 0.748 0.068 0.816 1.206 59.6% WY2006 2.798 - 2.798 0.806 0.101 0.907 1.891 67.6% TOTAL 9.859 - 9.859 6.382 0.766 7.148 2.711 27.5% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 89.3% 10.7%  STA-5, South Flow-way  WY2001 0.597 - 0.597 0.299 0.414 0.713 -0.116 -19.5% WY2002 1.501 - 1.501 0.423 0.392 0.815 0.686 45.7% WY2003 1.565 - 1.565 0.887 0.565 1.452 0.113 7.2% WY2003 1.565 - 1.565 0.887 0.565 1.452 0.110 10.1% WY2005 0.347 - 0.347 0.345 0.246 0.591 -0.244 -70.5% WY2006 1.854 - 1.854 1.298 0.382 1.680 0.174 9.4% TOTAL 6.956 - 6.956 3.740 2.493 6.233 0.723 10.4%	WY2005	0.290	-	0.290	1.616	-	1.616	-1.326	-457.2%
STA-3/4, Cell 2B           WY2005         2.154         -         2.154         0.280         -         0.280         1.874         87.0%           WY2006         5.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           TOTAL         8.142         -         8.142         2.265         -         2.265         5.877         72.2%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         0.0%           STA-3/4, Cell 3           WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           STA-5, North Flow-way         WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459	WY2006	2.992	-	2.992	4.511	-	4.511	-1.519	-50.8%
STA-3/4, Cell 2B           WY2005         2.154         -         2.154         0.280         -         0.280         1.874         87.0%           WY2006         5.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           TOTAL         8.142         -         8.142         2.265         -         2.265         5.877         72.2%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-3/4, Cell 3         WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           **STA-5, North** Flow-way         WY2001         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           W	TOTAL	3.282	-	3.282	6.127	-	6.127	-2.845	-86.7%
WY2005         2.154         -         2.154         0.280         -         0.280         1.874         87.0%           WY2006         5.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           TOTAL         8.142         -         8.142         2.265         -         2.265         5.877         72.2%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         **	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
WY2006         5.988         -         5.988         1.985         -         1.985         4.003         66.9%           TOTAL         8.142         -         8.142         2.265         -         2.265         5.877         72.2%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         0.0%           WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         0.095         0.099         0.0%	STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
TOTAL 8.142 - 8.142 2.265 - 2.265 5.877 72.2% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-3/4, Cell 3  WY2006 1.027 - 1.027 0.832 - 0.832 0.195 19.0% 7 in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-5, North Flow-way WY2001 0.294 - 0.294 0.414 0.125 0.539 -0.245 -83.5% WY2002 1.643 - 1.618 1.833 0.162 1.995 -0.377 -23.3% WY2004 1.484 - 1.484 1.293 0.138 1.431 0.053 3.6% WY2005 2.022 - 2.022 0.748 0.068 0.816 1.206 59.6% WY2006 2.798 - 2.798 0.806 0.101 0.907 1.891 67.6% 7 O.294 0.00% 89.3% 10.7%  STA-5, South Flow-way WY2001 0.0% % out 89.3% 10.7%  STA-5, South Flow-way WY2006 1.501 - 1.501 0.423 0.392 0.815 0.686 45.7% WY2003 1.565 - 1.565 0.887 0.565 1.452 0.113 7.2% WY2004 1.092 - 1.092 0.488 0.494 0.982 0.110 10.1% WY2005 0.347 - 0.347 0.345 0.246 0.591 -0.244 -70.5% WY2006 1.854 - 1.854 1.298 0.382 1.680 0.174 9.4% TOTAL 6.956 - 6.956 3.740 2.493 6.233 0.723 10.4%	WY2005	2.154	-	2.154	0.280	-	0.280	1.874	87.0%
% in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-3/4, Cell 3         WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-5, North Flow-way         WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.0222         -         2.022         0.748         0.68         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         9.859	WY2006	5.988	-	5.988	1.985	-	1.985	4.003	66.9%
STA-3/4, Cell 3           WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-5, North Flow-way           WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5% <td>TOTAL</td> <td>8.142</td> <td>-</td> <td>8.142</td> <td>2.265</td> <td>-</td> <td>2.265</td> <td>5.877</td> <td>72.2%</td>	TOTAL	8.142	-	8.142	2.265	-	2.265	5.877	72.2%
WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         0.0%           STA-5, North Flow-way           WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           <	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
WY2006         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           TOTAL         1.027         -         1.027         0.832         -         0.832         0.195         19.0%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%         0.0%           STA-5, North Flow-way           WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           <	STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
% in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-5, North Flow-way         WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         10.00%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%           WY2001         0.597         -         0.597         0.299         <	WY2006	1.027	-	1.027	0.832	-	0.832	0.195	19.0%
STA-5, North Flow-way           WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%           WY2001         0.597         -         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002 <td>TOTAL</td> <td>1.027</td> <td>-</td> <td>1.027</td> <td>0.832</td> <td>-</td> <td>0.832</td> <td>0.195</td> <td>19.0%</td>	TOTAL	1.027	-	1.027	0.832	-	0.832	0.195	19.0%
WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%           STA-5, South Flow-way         WY2001         0.597         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002         1.501         -	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
WY2001         0.294         -         0.294         0.414         0.125         0.539         -0.245         -83.5%           WY2002         1.643         -         1.643         1.288         0.171         1.459         0.184         11.2%           WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%           STA-5, South Flow-way         WY2001         0.597         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002         1.501         -	STA-5, No	rth Flow-wa	av						
WY2003         1.618         -         1.618         1.833         0.162         1.995         -0.377         -23.3%           WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%         10.7%         10.7         10.7%			-	0.294	0.414	0.125	0.539	-0.245	-83.5%
WY2004         1.484         -         1.484         1.293         0.138         1.431         0.053         3.6%           WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%         0.74         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2001         0.597         -         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002         1.501         -         1.501         0.423         0.392         0.815         0.686         45.7%           WY2003         1.565         -         1.565         0.887         0.565         1.452         0.113         7.2%           WY2004         1.092         -         1.092         0.488         0.494         0.982         0.110         10.1%	WY2002	1.643	-	1.643	1.288	0.171	1.459	0.184	11.2%
WY2005         2.022         -         2.022         0.748         0.068         0.816         1.206         59.6%           WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%         0.597         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2001         0.597         -         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002         1.501         -         1.501         0.423         0.392         0.815         0.686         45.7%           WY2003         1.565         -         1.565         0.887         0.565         1.452         0.113         7.2%           WY2004         1.092         -         1.092         0.488         0.494         0.982         0.110         10.1%           WY2005         0.347         -         0.347         0.345         0.246         0.591 <td>WY2003</td> <td>1.618</td> <td>-</td> <td>1.618</td> <td>1.833</td> <td>0.162</td> <td>1.995</td> <td>-0.377</td> <td>-23.3%</td>	WY2003	1.618	-	1.618	1.833	0.162	1.995	-0.377	-23.3%
WY2006         2.798         -         2.798         0.806         0.101         0.907         1.891         67.6%           TOTAL         9.859         -         9.859         6.382         0.766         7.148         2.711         27.5%           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%         0.74	WY2004	1.484	-	1.484	1.293	0.138	1.431	0.053	3.6%
TOTAL 9.859 - 9.859 6.382 0.766 7.148 2.711 27.5% % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 89.3% 10.7%  STA-5, South Flow-way WY2001 0.597 - 0.597 0.299 0.414 0.713 -0.116 -19.5% WY2002 1.501 - 1.501 0.423 0.392 0.815 0.686 45.7% WY2003 1.565 - 1.565 0.887 0.565 1.452 0.113 7.2% WY2004 1.092 - 1.092 0.488 0.494 0.982 0.110 10.1% WY2005 0.347 - 0.347 0.345 0.246 0.591 -0.244 -70.5% WY2006 1.854 - 1.854 1.298 0.382 1.680 0.174 9.4% TOTAL 6.956 - 6.956 3.740 2.493 6.233 0.723 10.4%	WY2005	2.022	-	2.022	0.748	0.068	0.816	1.206	59.6%
% in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         89.3%         10.7%           STA-5, South Flow-way         WY2001 0.597 - 0.597 0.299 0.414 0.713 -0.116 -19.5%           WY2002 1.501 - 1.501 0.423 0.392 0.815 0.686 45.7%           WY2003 1.565 - 1.565 0.887 0.565 1.452 0.113 7.2%           WY2004 1.092 - 1.092 0.488 0.494 0.982 0.110 10.1%           WY2005 0.347 - 0.347 0.345 0.246 0.591 -0.244 -70.5%           WY2006 1.854 - 1.854 1.298 0.382 1.680 0.174 9.4%           TOTAL 6.956 - 6.956 3.740 2.493 6.233 0.723 10.4%	WY2006	2.798	-	2.798	0.806	0.101	0.907	1.891	67.6%
STA-5, South Flow-way           WY2001         0.597         -         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002         1.501         -         1.501         0.423         0.392         0.815         0.686         45.7%           WY2003         1.565         -         1.565         0.887         0.565         1.452         0.113         7.2%           WY2004         1.092         -         1.092         0.488         0.494         0.982         0.110         10.1%           WY2005         0.347         -         0.347         0.345         0.246         0.591         -0.244         -70.5%           WY2006         1.854         -         1.854         1.298         0.382         1.680         0.174         9.4%           TOTAL         6.956         -         6.956         3.740         2.493         6.233         0.723         10.4%	TOTAL	9.859	-	9.859	6.382	0.766	7.148	2.711	27.5%
WY2001         0.597         -         0.597         0.299         0.414         0.713         -0.116         -19.5%           WY2002         1.501         -         1.501         0.423         0.392         0.815         0.686         45.7%           WY2003         1.565         -         1.565         0.887         0.565         1.452         0.113         7.2%           WY2004         1.092         -         1.092         0.488         0.494         0.982         0.110         10.1%           WY2005         0.347         -         0.347         0.345         0.246         0.591         -0.244         -70.5%           WY2006         1.854         -         1.854         1.298         0.382         1.680         0.174         9.4%           TOTAL         6.956         -         6.956         3.740         2.493         6.233         0.723         10.4%	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	89.3%	10.7%			
WY2002         1.501         -         1.501         0.423         0.392         0.815         0.686         45.7%           WY2003         1.565         -         1.565         0.887         0.565         1.452         0.113         7.2%           WY2004         1.092         -         1.092         0.488         0.494         0.982         0.110         10.1%           WY2005         0.347         -         0.347         0.345         0.246         0.591         -0.244         -70.5%           WY2006         1.854         -         1.854         1.298         0.382         1.680         0.174         9.4%           TOTAL         6.956         -         6.956         3.740         2.493         6.233         0.723         10.4%	STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2003       1.565       -       1.565       0.887       0.565       1.452       0.113       7.2%         WY2004       1.092       -       1.092       0.488       0.494       0.982       0.110       10.1%         WY2005       0.347       -       0.347       0.345       0.246       0.591       -0.244       -70.5%         WY2006       1.854       -       1.854       1.298       0.382       1.680       0.174       9.4%         TOTAL       6.956       -       6.956       3.740       2.493       6.233       0.723       10.4%	WY2001	0.597	-	0.597	0.299	0.414	0.713	-0.116	-19.5%
WY2004       1.092       -       1.092       0.488       0.494       0.982       0.110       10.1%         WY2005       0.347       -       0.347       0.345       0.246       0.591       -0.244       -70.5%         WY2006       1.854       -       1.854       1.298       0.382       1.680       0.174       9.4%         TOTAL       6.956       -       6.956       3.740       2.493       6.233       0.723       10.4%	WY2002	1.501	-	1.501	0.423	0.392	0.815	0.686	45.7%
WY2005         0.347         -         0.347         0.345         0.246         0.591         -0.244         -70.5%           WY2006         1.854         -         1.854         1.298         0.382         1.680         0.174         9.4%           TOTAL         6.956         -         6.956         3.740         2.493         6.233         0.723         10.4%	WY2003	1.565	-	1.565	0.887	0.565	1.452	0.113	7.2%
WY2006         1.854         -         1.854         1.298         0.382         1.680         0.174         9.4%           TOTAL         6.956         -         6.956         3.740         2.493         6.233         0.723         10.4%	WY2004	1.092	-	1.092	0.488	0.494	0.982	0.110	10.1%
TOTAL 6.956 - 6.956 3.740 2.493 6.233 0.723 10.4%	WY2005	0.347	-	0.347	0.345	0.246	0.591	-0.244	-70.5%
	WY2006	1.854	-	1.854	1.298	0.382	1.680	0.174	9.4%
% in 100.0% 0.0% % out 60.0% 40.0%	TOTAL	6.956	-	6.956	3.740	2.493	6.233	0.723	10.4%
	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	60.0%	40.0%			

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Table 5-32. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cel	II 3							
WY2001	0.106	0.000	0.106	0.046	0.040	0.086	0.020	18.5%
WY2002	0.148	0.000	0.148	0.137	0.046	0.183	-0.035	-23.5%
WY2003	0.156	0.000	0.156	_c	-	-	-	-
WY2004	0.129	0.000	0.129	0.050	0.021	0.071	0.058	45.2%
WY2005	0.205	0.000	0.205	0.068	0.052	0.120	0.085	41.7%
WY2006	0.286	0.000	0.286	0.168	0.160	0.328	-0.042	-14.7%
TOTAL	1.030	0.000	1.030	0.469	0.318	0.787	0.087	8.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	59.6%	40.4%			
STA-6, Cel	II <u>5</u>							
WY2001	0.082	-	0.082	0.077	0.034	0.111	-0.029	-35.0%
WY2002	0.113	-	0.113	0.133	0.055	0.188	-0.075	-66.2%
WY2003	0.125	-	0.125	0.038	0.033	0.071	0.054	43.6%
WY2004	0.157	-	0.157	0.041	0.042	0.083	0.074	47.4%
WY2005	0.185	-	0.185	0.067	0.031	0.098	0.087	47.0%
WY2006	0.227	-	0.227	0.127	0.076	0.203	0.024	10.6%
TOTAL	0.889	-	0.889	0.483	0.270	0.753	0.136	15.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	64.2%	35.8%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of phosphorus. Note that total dissolved phosphorus was not measured in precipitation and therefore, the concentration of dissolved organic phosphorus could not be calculated.

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{b}}$ I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Calculation of dissolved organic phosphorus load resulted in a negative value, which was not analyzed further.

**Table 5-33.** Annual total nitrogen budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows <sup>t</sup>	)		
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1E, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	29.4	-	29.4	0.3	-	0.3	29.1	99.0%
TOTAL	29.4	-	29.4	0.3	-	0.3	29.1	99.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4N							
WY2006	0.3	-	0.3	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	66.7%
TOTAL	0.3	-	0.3	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	66.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4S							
WY2006	1.7	-	1.7	3.1	-	3.1	-1.4	-82.4%
TOTAL	1.7	-	1.7	3.1	-	3.1	-1.4	-82.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 1							
WY2001	360.0	2.0	362.0	199.1	18.8	217.9	144.1	39.8%
WY2002	418.4	3.1	421.5	331.2	15.3	346.5	74.9	17.8%
WY2003	827.8	2.5	830.3	711.0	14.5	725.5	104.8	12.6%
WY2004	776.2	2.0	778.2	649.9	17.0	666.9	111.3	14.3%
WY2005	803.9	2.4	806.3	991.6	9.7	1,001.3	-195.0	-24.2%
WY2006	606.5	2.6	609.1	520.4	1.7	522.1	87.0	14.3%
TOTAL	3,792.8	14.6	3,807.4	3,403.2	77.0	3,480.2	327.1	8.6%
% in	99.6%	0.4%	% out	97.8%	2.2%			
STA-1W,	Cell 2							
WY2001	127.2	1.5	128.7	82.4	0.0	82.4	46.3	36.0%
WY2002	219.1	2.2	221.3	109.4	0.0	109.4	111.9	50.6%
WY2003	461.6	1.8	463.4	306.1	0.0	306.1	157.3	33.9%
WY2004	298.2	1.4	299.6	477.2	0.0	477.2	-177.6	-59.3%
WY2005	462.4	1.7	464.1	180.6	0.0	180.6	283.5	61.1%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1,568.5	8.6	1,577.1	1,155.7	0.0	1,155.7	421.4	26.7%
% in	99.5%	0.5%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 3							
WY2001	112.4	1.4	113.8	172.8	12.0	184.8	-71.0	-62.4%
WY2002	176.9	2.1	179.0	182.9	8.4	191.3	-12.3	-6.8%
WY2003	368.6	1.7	370.3	311.3	8.4	319.7	50.6	13.7%
WY2004	466.0	1.4	467.4	303.2	11.6	314.8	152.6	32.7%
WY2005	586.6	1.7	588.3	310.7	5.6	316.3	272.0	46.2%
WY2006	519.9	1.8	521.7	301.9	1.0	302.9	218.8	41.9%
TOTAL	2,230.4	10.1	2,240.5	1,582.8	46.9	1,629.7	610.8	27.3%
% in	99.5%	0.5%	% out	97.1%	2.9%			

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Table 5-33. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W, 0	Cell 4							
WY2001	82.4	0.5	82.9	47.3	0.0	47.3	35.6	43.0%
WY2002	109.4	0.8	110.2	108.4	0.0	108.4	1.8	1.6%
WY2003	306.1	0.6	306.7	310.8	0.0	310.8	-4.1	-1.3%
WY2004	477.2	0.5	477.7	368.6	0.0	368.6	109.1	22.8%
WY2005	180.6	0.6	181.2	262.9	0.0	262.9	-81.7	-45.1%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1,155.7	3.0	1,158.7	1,098.0	0.0	1,098.0	60.7	5.2%
% in	99.7%	0.3%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 5							
WY2001	442.2	4.3	446.5	45.5	0.0	45.5	401.0	89.8%
WY2002	1,299.9	6.5	1,306.4	292.0	0.0	292.0	1,014.4	77.6%
WY2003	884.8	5.2	890.0	642.9	0.0	642.9	247.1	27.8%
WY2004	373.4	4.2	377.6	293.8	0.0	293.8	83.8	22.2%
WY2005	727.9	5.2	733.1	454.5	0.0	454.5	278.6	38.0%
WY2006	226.0	5.4	231.4	99.9	0.0	99.9	131.5	56.8%
TOTAL	3,954.2	30.8	3,985.0	1,828.6	0.0	1,828.6	2,156.4	54.1%
% in	99.2%	0.8%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 1</u>							
WY2002	116.6	4.8	121.4	57.1	0.0	57.1	64.3	53.0%
WY2003	167.1	4.1	171.2	72.8	0.0	72.8	98.4	57.5%
WY2004	281.9	3.7	285.6	138.0	0.0	138.0	147.6	51.7%
WY2005	263.3	3.5	266.8	149.1	0.0	149.1	117.7	44.1%
WY2006	271.7	4.1	275.8	139.9	0.0	139.9	135.9	49.3%
TOTAL	1,100.6	20.3	1,120.9	556.9	0.0	556.9	564.0	50.3%
% in	98.2%	1.8%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 2</u>							
WY2002	180.6	5.4	186.0	229.3	0.4	229.7	-43.8	-23.5%
WY2003	383.5	4.6	388.1	239.8	0.2	240.0	148.1	38.2%
WY2004	426.1	4.1	430.2	265.9	0.3	266.2	164.0	38.1%
WY2005	713.5	3.9	717.4	445.0	0.1	445.1	272.4	38.0%
WY2006	615.0	4.6	619.6	327.1	6.5	333.6	286.0	46.2%
TOTAL	2,318.7	22.6	2,341.3	1,507.1	7.5	1,514.6	826.8	35.3%
% in	99.0%	1.0%	% out	99.5%	0.5%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 3</u>							
WY2002	291.7	5.4	297.1	229.8	62.5	292.3	4.7	1.6%
WY2003	448.9	4.6	453.5	281.0	43.0	324.0	129.5	28.6%
WY2004	542.0	4.1	546.1	310.9	52.6	363.5	182.6	33.4%
WY2005	676.6	3.9	680.5	432.3	42.5	474.8	205.7	30.2%
WY2006	502.4	4.6	507.0	376.7	38.5	415.2	91.8	18.1%
TOTAL	2,461.6	22.6	2,484.2	1,630.7	239.1	1,869.8	614.4	24.7%
% in	99.1%	0.9%	% out	87.2%	12.8%			

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Table 5-33. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
WY2005	263.1	-	263.1	402.2	-	402.2	-139.1	-52.9%
WY2006	988.8	-	988.8	1,279.3	-	1,279.3	-290.5	-29.4%
TOTAL	1,251.9	-	1,251.9	1,681.5	-	1,681.5	-429.6	-34.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
WY2005	402.2	-	402.2	404.2	-	404.2	-2.0	-0.5%
WY2006	1,278.4	-	1,278.4	894.6	-	894.6	383.8	30.0%
TOTAL	1,680.6	-	1,680.6	1,298.8	-	1,298.8	381.8	22.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2A							
WY2005	294.0	-	294.0	209.9	-	209.9	84.1	28.6%
WY2006	1,090.8	-	1,090.8	709.1	-	709.1	381.7	35.0%
TOTAL	1,384.8	-	1,384.8	919.0	-	919.0	465.8	33.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
WY2005	284.2	-	284.2	160.6	-	160.6	123.6	43.5%
WY2006	950.4	-	950.4	724.1	-	724.1	226.3	23.8%
TOTAL	1,234.6	-	1,234.6	884.7	-	884.7	349.9	28.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	336.0	-	336.0	252.9	-	252.9	83.1	24.7%
TOTAL	336.0	-	336.0	252.9	-	252.9	83.1	24.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	rth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	81.0	3.2	84.2	42.8	21.2	64.0	20.2	24.0%
WY2002	221.3	3.0	224.3	154.5	21.7	176.2	48.1	21.4%
WY2003	220.8	4.0	224.8	207.5	20.1	227.6	-2.8	-1.3%
WY2004	230.5	3.8	234.3	163.5	19.4	182.9	51.4	22.0%
WY2005	196.7	3.2	199.9	118.3	8.5	126.8	73.1	36.6%
WY2006	270.7	3.4	274.1	171.8	14.5	186.3	87.7	32.0%
TOTAL	1,221.0	20.5	1,241.5	858.4	105.4	963.8	277.8	22.4%
% in	98.3%	1.7%	% out	89.1%	10.9%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	94.3	3.2	97.5	35.6	56.8	92.4	5.1	5.2%
WY2002	183.8	3.0	186.8	69.9	55.7	125.6	61.1	32.7%
WY2003	186.9	4.0	190.9	94.0	63.5	157.5	33.3	17.5%
WY2004	147.8	3.8	151.6	59.6	63.5	123.1	28.5	18.8%
WY2005	115.9	3.2	119.1	79.8	68.5	148.3	-29.2	-24.6%
WY2006	210.6	3.4	214.0	147.5	43.4	190.9	23.1	10.8%
TOTAL	939.3	20.5	959.8	486.4	351.5	837.9	121.9	12.7%
% in	97.9%	2.1%	% out	58.0%	42.0%			

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Table 5-33. Continued.

_		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cel	<u> 13</u>							
WY2001	32.2	0.5	32.7	13.1	11.9	25.0	7.7	23.7%
WY2002	45.1	0.5	45.6	20.3	9.7	30.0	15.6	34.1%
WY2003	56.1	0.5	56.6	26.1	6.6	32.7	23.9	42.2%
WY2004	49.2	0.5	49.7	30.4	10.0	40.4	9.3	18.8%
WY2005	40.6	0.5	41.1	18.1	11.8	29.9	11.2	27.2%
WY2006	39.0	0.4	39.4	22.0	3.9	25.9	13.5	34.3%
TOTAL	262.2	2.9	265.1	130.0	53.9	183.9	81.2	30.6%
% in	98.9%	1.1%	% out	70.7%	29.3%			
STA-6, Cel	<u> 15</u>							
WY2001	9.9	1.3	11.2	0.6	1.0	1.6	9.6	85.5%
WY2002	13.6	1.2	14.8	0.4	1.0	1.4	13.4	90.3%
WY2003	10.0	1.2	11.2	8.0	1.3	2.1	9.1	80.9%
WY2004	11.2	1.3	12.5	0.4	1.1	1.5	11.0	88.0%
WY2005	2.7	1.3	4.0	0.4	0.3	0.7	3.3	82.6%
WY2006	2.1	1.1	3.2	0.5	0.5	1.0	2.2	69.7%
TOTAL	49.5	7.3	56.8	3.1	5.3	8.4	48.4	85.3%
% in	87.2%	12.8%	% out	37.1%	62.9%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of nitrogen.

 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-34.** Annual ammonia-nitrogen budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

	-		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows	)		
		Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
	STA-1E, C	cell 3							
	WY2006	0.3	-	0.3	0.3	-	0.3	0.0	0.0%
	TOTAL	0.3	-	0.3	0.3	-	0.3	0.0	0.0%
	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
	STA-1E, C	ell 4N							
	WY2006	0.3	-	0.3	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	66.7%
	TOTAL	0.3	-	0.3	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	66.7%
	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
	STA-1E, C	ell 4S							
	WY2006	2.0	-	2.0	1.4	-	1.4	0.6	30.0%
	TOTAL	2.0	-	2.0	1.4	-	1.4	0.6	30.0%
	% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
i	STA-1W, 0	Cell 1							
	WY2001	84.1	0.4	84.5	22.0	3.0	25.0	59.5	70.4%
•	WY2002	70.0	0.7	70.7	37.2	2.1	39.3	31.4	44.4%
	WY2003	108.6	0.5	109.1	66.4	1.6	68.0	41.1	37.7%
	WY2004	138.3	0.4	138.7	73.8	2.4	76.2	62.5	45.1%
	WY2005	134.8	0.5	135.3	92.9	1.2	94.1	41.2	30.4%
	WY2006	91.0	0.5	91.5	12.4	0.1	12.5	79.0	86.3%
)	TOTAL	626.8	3.1	629.9	304.7	10.5	315.2	314.7	50.0%
	% in	99.5%	0.5%	% out	96.7%	3.3%			
	STA-1W, 0	Cell 2							
	WY2001	15.1	0.3	15.4	3.2	0.0	3.2	12.2	79.2%
	WY2002	26.0	0.5	26.5	4.0	0.0	4.0	22.5	84.9%
	WY2003	52.5	0.4	52.9	10.8	0.0	10.8	42.1	79.6%
	WY2004	39.5	0.3	39.8	18.7	0.0	18.7	21.1	53.0%
	WY2005	66.1	0.4	66.5	8.3	0.0	8.3	58.2	87.5%
	WY2006	-	-	-			-	-	-
	TOTAL	199.2	1.8	201.0	45.0	0.0	45.0	156.0	77.6%
	% in	99.1%	0.9%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
	STA-1W, 0	Cell 3							
	WY2001	7.8	0.3	8.1	1.7	0.3	2.0	6.1	75.1%
	WY2002	12.5	0.5	13.0	3.4	0.3	3.7	9.3	71.4%
	WY2003	16.2	0.4	16.6	6.7	0.3	7.0	9.6	58.0%
	WY2004	37.1	0.3	37.4	12.4	0.7	13.1	24.3	65.1%
	WY2005	28.4	0.4	28.8	12.9	0.2	13.1	15.6	54.3%
	WY2006	12.4	0.4	12.8	10.7	0.0	10.7	2.1	16.1%
	TOTAL	114.4	2.2	116.6	47.8	1.8	49.6	67.0	57.4%
	% in	98.1%	1.9%	% out	96.3%	3.7%			

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Table 5-34. Continued.

	Inflows Outflows							
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W, C	Cell 4							
WY2001	3.2	0.1	3.3	0.9	0.0	0.9	2.4	72.8%
WY2002	4.0	0.2	4.2	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.1	49.6%
WY2003	10.8	0.1	10.9	6.8	0.0	6.8	4.1	37.8%
WY2004	18.7	0.1	18.8	10.3	0.0	10.3	8.5	45.2%
WY2005	8.3	0.1	8.4	8.5	0.0	8.5	-0.1	-0.8%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	45.0	0.6	45.6	28.6	0.0	28.6	17.0	37.3%
% in	98.6%	1.4%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, C	Cell 5							
WY2001	41.5	0.9	42.4	4.5	0.0	4.5	37.9	89.4%
WY2002	121.1	1.4	122.5	22.5	0.0	22.5	100.0	81.6%
WY2003	80.0	1.1	81.1	40.6	0.0	40.6	40.5	49.9%
WY2004	57.7	0.9	58.6	12.6	0.0	12.6	46.0	78.5%
WY2005	108.1	1.1	109.2	11.4	0.0	11.4	97.8	89.6%
WY2006	39.2	1.2	40.4	1.7	0.0	1.7	38.7	95.8%
TOTAL	447.6	6.6	454.2	93.3	0.0	93.3	360.9	79.5%
% in	98.6%	1.4%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Cel	<u>ll 1</u>							
WY2002	11.6	1.0	12.6	0.3	0.0	0.3	12.3	97.6%
WY2003	14.7	0.9	15.6	0.7	0.0	0.7	14.9	95.5%
WY2004	36.4	8.0	37.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	34.6	93.0%
WY2005	30.5	8.0	31.3	2.5	0.0	2.5	28.8	92.0%
WY2006	32.8	0.9	33.7	1.0	0.0	1.0	32.7	97.0%
TOTAL	126.0	4.3	130.3	7.1	0.0	7.1	123.2	94.6%
% in	96.7%	3.3%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Cel	11 2							
WY2002	14.6	1.1	15.7	1.0	0.0	1.0	14.7	93.6%
WY2003	33.7	1.0	34.7	2.2	0.0	2.2	32.5	93.6%
WY2004	46.3	0.9	47.2	5.5	0.0	5.5	41.7	88.3%
WY2005	76.5	8.0	77.3	9.2	0.0	9.2	68.1	88.1%
WY2006	77.7	1.0	78.7	6.4	0.3	6.7	72.0	91.5%
TOTAL	248.8	4.8	253.6	24.3	0.4	24.7	229.0	90.3%
% in	98.1%	1.9%	% out	98.6%	1.4%			
STA-2, Cel	II <u>3</u>							
WY2002	20.0	1.1	21.1	2.4	1.7	4.1	17.1	80.7%
WY2003	31.8	1.0	32.8	3.1	1.2	4.3	28.5	86.9%
WY2004	47.7	0.9	48.6	4.5	1.9	6.4	42.2	86.9%
WY2005	70.5	8.0	71.3	12.3	2.3	14.6	56.7	79.5%
WY2006	71.2	1.0	72.2	6.5	1.9	8.4	63.8	88.4%
TOTAL	241.2	4.8	246.0	28.8	9.0	37.8	208.3	84.6%
% in	98.0%	2.0%	% out	76.2%	23.8%			

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Table 5-34. Continued.

		Inflows						
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
WY2005	16.4	-	16.4	21.3	-	21.3	-4.9	-29.9%
WY2006	56.0	-	56.0	56.4	-	56.4	-0.4	-0.7%
TOTAL	72.4	-	72.4	77.7	-	77.7	-5.3	-7.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
WY2005	21.3	-	21.3	6.5	-	6.5	14.8	69.5%
WY2006	56.3	-	56.3	15.3	-	15.3	41.0	72.8%
TOTAL	77.6	-	77.6	21.8	-	21.8	55.8	71.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2A							
WY2005	6.1	-	6.1	15.2	-	15.2	-9.1	-149.2%
WY2006	27.5	-	27.5	39.4	-	39.4	-11.9	-43.3%
TOTAL	33.6	-	33.6	54.6	-	54.6	-21.0	-62.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
WY2005	22.7	-	22.7	9.9	-	9.9	12.8	56.4%
WY2006	57.4	-	57.4	25.7	-	25.7	31.7	55.2%
TOTAL	80.1	-	80.1	35.6	-	35.6	44.5	55.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	7.3	-	7.3	8.8	-	8.8	-1.5	-20.5%
TOTAL	7.3	-	7.3	8.8	-	8.8	-1.5	-20.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	rth Flow-wa	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	20.6	0.7	21.3	0.5	1.2	1.7	19.6	92.2%
WY2002	31.9	0.6	32.5	2.2	1.0	3.2	29.4	90.2%
WY2003	31.3	0.9	32.2	25.3	2.6	27.9	4.2	13.19
WY2004	27.0	0.8	27.8	5.7	1.2	6.9	20.9	75.1%
WY2005	19.4	0.7	20.1	1.9	0.3	2.2	17.8	88.9%
WY2006	23.6	0.7	24.3	4.5	0.7	5.2	19.1	78.6%
TOTAL	153.8	4.4	158.2	40.1	7.1	47.2	111.0	70.2%
% in	97.2%	2.8%	% out	85.0%	15.0%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	13.0	0.7	13.7	0.9	3.4	4.3	9.4	68.9%
WY2002	19.3	0.6	19.9	0.9	2.0	2.9	17.0	85.2%
WY2003	19.5	0.9	20.4	1.8	2.8	4.6	15.7	77.2%
WY2004	20.1	8.0	20.9	2.5	4.8	7.3	13.6	65.1%
VV 12004			12.0	3.9	4.9	8.8	4.1	31.9%
WY2005	12.3	0.7	13.0	5.5	1.0	0.0		
	12.3 19.0	0.7 0.7	19.7	5.0	2.4	7.4	12.3	
WY2005								62.5%

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Table 5-34. Continued.

_		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cel	<u> 13</u>							
WY2001	3.0	0.1	3.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	2.7	86.6%
WY2002	4.2	0.1	4.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	3.8	88.5%
WY2003	5.6	0.1	5.7	0.2	0.2	0.4	5.3	93.3%
WY2004	3.1	0.1	3.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	2.7	82.9%
WY2005	1.9	0.1	2.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.5	76.6%
WY2006	2.8	0.1	2.9	0.9	0.2	1.1	1.8	61.6%
TOTAL	20.6	0.6	21.2	1.9	1.5	3.4	17.8	83.9%
% in	97.1%	2.9%	% out	55.5%	44.5%			
STA-6, Cel	l <u>5</u>							
WY2001	7.6	0.3	7.9	0.3	0.6	0.9	6.9	88.1%
WY2002	10.5	0.3	10.8	1.0	1.4	2.4	8.3	77.2%
WY2003	10.1	0.3	10.4	0.8	1.3	2.1	8.2	79.3%
WY2004	3.6	0.3	3.9	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.9	48.7%
WY2005	2.6	0.3	2.9	1.2	0.5	1.7	1.2	41.0%
WY2006	3.4	0.2	3.6	0.5	0.6	1.1	2.5	70.1%
TOTAL	37.8	1.6	39.4	4.8	5.5	10.3	29.1	73.9%
% in	96.0%	4.0%	% out	46.6%	53.4%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of nitrogen.

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 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-35.** Annual nitrite+nitrate-nitrogen budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

Inflows   Outflows   Netained	% Ret 25.0%
WY2006         0.4         -         0.4         0.3         -         0.3         0.1           TOTAL         0.4         -         0.4         0.3         -         0.3         0.1           % in         100.0%         0.0%         % out         100.0%         0.0%           STA-1E, Cell 4N         WY2006         0.3         -         0.3         0.1         -         0.1         0.2	
TOTAL 0.4 - 0.4 0.3 - 0.3 0.1 % in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%  STA-1E. Cell 4N  WY2006 0.3 - 0.3 0.1 - 0.1 0.2	
% in     100.0%     0.0%     % out     100.0%     0.0%       STA-1E. Cell 4N       WY2006     0.3     -     0.3     0.1     -     0.1     0.2	05.007
STA-1E. Cell 4N WY2006 0.3 - 0.3 0.1 - 0.1 0.2	25.0%
WY2006 0.3 - 0.3 0.1 - 0.1 0.2	
TOTAL 0.3 - 0.3 0.1 - 0.1 0.2	66.7%
	66.7%
% in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
STA-1E, Cell 4S	
<u>WY2006</u>	12.5%
TOTAL 0.8 - 0.8 0.7 - 0.7 0.1	12.5%
% in 100.0% 0.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
STA-1W, Cell 1	
WY2001 42.9 0.8 43.7 32.9 2.6 35.5 8.2	18.7%
WY2002 66.9 1.2 68.1 56.6 2.5 59.1 9.0	13.2%
WY2003 154.2 1.0 155.2 125.2 2.6 127.8 27.4	17.6%
WY2004 137.2 0.8 138.0 97.2 2.8 100.0 38.0	27.6%
WY2005 159.8 1.0 160.8 188.4 1.9 190.3 -29.5	-18.3%
WY2006 112.2 1.0 113.2 65.6 0.3 65.9 47.4	41.8%
TOTAL 673.2 5.9 679.1 565.9 12.7 578.6 100.5	14.8%
% in 99.1% 0.9% % out 97.8% 2.2%	
STA-1W, Cell 2	
WY2001 32.7 0.6 33.3 15.8 0.0 15.8 17.5	52.5%
WY2002 56.2 0.9 57.1 21.2 0.0 21.2 35.9	62.9%
WY2003 108.0 0.7 108.7 60.9 0.0 60.9 47.8	44.0%
WY2004 58.9 0.6 59.5 78.7 0.0 78.7 -19.2	-32.3%
WY2005 95.4 0.7 96.1 36.9 0.0 36.9 59.2	61.6%
WY2006	-
TOTAL 351.2 3.5 354.7 213.5 0.0 213.5 141.2	39.8%
% in 99.0% 1.0% % out 100.0% 0.0%	
STA-1W, Cell 3	
WY2001 2.1 0.6 2.7 1.2 0.1 1.3 1.3	50.1%
WY2002 3.3 0.9 4.2 5.5 0.2 5.7 -1.5	-36.7%
WY2003 28.4 0.7 29.1 11.6 0.5 12.1 17.0	58.6%
WY2004 46.5 0.6 47.1 3.0 0.4 3.4 43.7	92.9%
WY2005 98.4 0.7 99.1 11.0 0.4 11.4 87.7	88.5%
WY2006 65.6 0.7 66.3 30.9 0.1 31.0 35.3	53.2%
TOTAL 244.3 4.1 248.4 63.2 1.7 64.9 183.5	73.9%
% in 98.3% 1.7% % out 97.4% 2.6%	

Table 5-35. Continued.

-		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W, C	Cell 4							
WY2001	15.8	0.2	16.0	2.1	0.0	2.1	13.9	86.9%
WY2002	21.2	0.3	21.5	5.1	0.0	5.1	16.4	76.3%
WY2003	60.9	0.3	61.2	31.6	0.0	31.6	29.6	48.3%
WY2004	78.7	0.2	78.9	45.2	0.0	45.2	33.7	42.7%
WY2005	36.9	0.3	37.2	7.5	0.0	7.5	29.7	79.8%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	213.5	1.2	214.7	91.5	0.0	91.5	123.2	57.4%
% in	99.4%	0.6%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, C	Cell 5							
WY2001	87.3	1.8	89.1	0.3	0.0	0.3	88.8	99.7%
WY2002	255.3	2.6	257.9	2.0	0.0	2.0	255.9	99.2%
WY2003	158.1	2.1	160.2	19.3	0.0	19.3	140.9	88.0%
WY2004	54.1	1.7	55.8	18.4	0.0	18.4	37.4	67.0%
WY2005	173.7	2.1	175.8	75.7	0.0	75.7	100.1	56.9%
WY2006	36.7	2.2	38.9	5.1	0.0	5.1	33.8	86.9%
TOTAL	765.2	12.5	777.7	120.8	0.0	120.8	656.9	84.5%
% in	98.4%	1.6%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 1</u>							
WY2002	7.6	2.0	9.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	9.5	99.0%
WY2003	40.6	1.7	42.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	42.0	99.3%
WY2004	56.1	1.5	57.6	1.0	0.0	1.0	56.6	98.3%
WY2005	64.4	1.4	65.8	1.1	0.0	1.1	64.7	98.3%
WY2006	48.3	1.7	50.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	49.6	99.2%
TOTAL	217.0	8.2	225.2	2.9	0.0	2.9	222.3	98.7%
% in	96.3%	3.7%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>II 2</u>							
WY2002	14.6	2.2	16.8	0.8	0.0	8.0	16.0	95.2%
WY2003	73.4	1.9	75.3	2.6	0.0	2.6	72.6	96.5%
WY2004	102.5	1.7	104.2	22.6	0.0	22.6	81.5	78.3%
WY2005	182.1	1.6	183.7	51.3	0.0	51.3	132.4	72.1%
WY2006	127.4	1.9	129.3	33.1	0.9	34.0	95.2	73.7%
TOTAL	500.0	9.2	509.2	110.4	1.0	111.4	397.8	78.1%
% in	98.2%	1.8%	% out	99.1%	0.9%			
STA-2, Cel	<u>II 3</u>							
WY2002	20.9	2.2	23.1	1.4	1.3	2.7	20.4	88.3%
WY2003	82.7	1.9	84.6	3.7	2.1	5.8	78.7	93.1%
WY2004	145.3	1.7	147.0	23.7	7.5	31.2	115.8	78.8%
WY2005	168.5	1.6	170.1	50.1	7.2	57.3	112.8	66.3%
WY2006	90.8	1.9	92.7	60.8	6.6	67.4	25.3	27.3%
TOTAL	508.2	9.2	517.4	139.7	24.7	164.4	352.9	68.2%
% in	98.2%	1.8%	% out	85.0%	15.0%			

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Table 5-35. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
WY2005	22.0	-	22.0	2.5	_	2.5	19.5	88.6%
WY2006	205.1	-	205.1	30.8	-	30.8	174.3	85.0%
TOTAL	227.1	-	227.1	33.3	-	33.3	193.8	85.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
WY2005	2.5	-	2.5	6.6	-	6.6	-4.1	-164.0%
WY2006	30.8	-	30.8	20.4	-	20.4	10.4	33.8%
TOTAL	33.3	-	33.3	27.0	-	27.0	6.3	18.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2A							
WY2005	88.5	-	88.5	0.6	-	0.6	87.9	99.3%
WY2006	379.8	-	379.8	29.6	-	29.6	350.2	92.2%
TOTAL	468.3	-	468.3	30.2	-	30.2	438.1	93.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
WY2005	0.9	-	0.9	25.0	-	25.0	-24.1	-2678%
WY2006	42.0	-	42.0	86.0	-	86.0	-44.0	-104.8%
TOTAL	42.9	-	42.9	111.0	-	111.0	-68.1	-158.7%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	107.7	-	107.7	3.2	-	3.2	104.5	97.0%
TOTAL	107.7	-	107.7	3.2	-	3.2	104.5	97.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	rth Flow-wa	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	3.4	1.3	4.7	0.2	0.3	0.5	4.2	89.5%
WY2002	6.0	1.2	7.2	1.3	0.3	1.6	5.6	77.4%
WY2003	8.1	1.6	9.7	2.9	0.5	3.4	6.4	65.5%
WY2004	17.3	1.6	18.9	1.2	0.5	1.7	17.2	91.2%
WY2005	7.8	1.3	9.1	1.1	0.2	1.3	7.8	86.1%
WY2006	13.2	1.4	14.6	3.6	0.5	4.1	10.5	72.1%
TOTAL	55.8	8.3	64.1	10.3	2.2	12.5	51.7	80.6%
% in	87.0%	13.0%	% out	82.7%	17.3%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	a <u>y</u>						
WY2001	6.9	1.3	8.2	0.4	1.6	2.0	6.2	75.3%
WY2002	6.3	1.2	7.5	0.5	0.9	1.4	6.1	81.7%
WY2003	5.0	1.6	6.6	0.8	1.0	1.8	4.9	73.4%
WY2004	7.6	1.6	9.2	0.4	1.2	1.6	7.6	82.7%
WY2005	2.1	1.3	3.4	0.6	0.8	1.4	2.0	58.7%
WY2006	7.9	1.4	9.3	1.1	0.7	1.8	7.4	80.3%
TOTAL	35.8	8.3	44.1	3.8	6.2	10.0	34.2	77.4%
% in	81.1%	18.9%	% out	38.1%	61.9%			

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Table 5-35. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Cell	13							
WY2001	3.2	0.2	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	100.0%
WY2002	4.5	0.2	4.7	0.1	0.2	0.3	4.4	93.3%
WY2003	5.1	0.2	5.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	5.1	95.8%
WY2004	9.6	0.2	9.8	0.2	0.4	0.6	9.2	94.3%
WY2005	1.4	0.2	1.6	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.3	83.6%
WY2006	0.8	0.2	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.7	73.9%
TOTAL	24.6	1.2	25.8	0.7	0.9	1.6	24.2	93.7%
% in	95.5%	4.5%	% out	43.4%	56.6%			
STA-6, Cell	15							
WY2001	9.0	0.5	9.5	0.1	0.4	0.5	9.0	94.7%
WY2002	12.3	0.5	12.8	0.1	0.5	0.6	12.2	95.3%
WY2003	8.9	0.5	9.4	0.1	0.4	0.5	8.8	94.2%
WY2004	10.3	0.5	10.8	0.1	0.5	0.6	10.2	94.2%
WY2005	1.3	0.5	1.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.6	88.9%
WY2006	0.9	0.4	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.1	82.4%
TOTAL	42.7	3.0	45.7	0.6	2.1	2.7	43.0	94.1%
% in	93.5%	6.5%	% out	22.2%	77.8%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of nitrogen.

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 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-36.** Annual alkalinity budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows	1		
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1E, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	4,209	-	4,209	7,020	-	7,020	-2,811	-66.8%
TOTAL	4,209	-	4,209	7,020	-	7,020	-2,811	-66.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4N							
WY2006	7,020	-	7,020	1,191	-	1,191	5,829	83.0%
TOTAL	7,020	-	7,020	1,191	-	1,191	5,829	83.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, 0	Cell 4S							
WY2006	3,693	-	3,693	3,589	-	3,589	104	2.8%
TOTAL	3,693	-	3,693	3,589	-	3,589	104	2.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 1							
WY2001	39,083	5.2	39,088	26,017	2,245	28,262	10,827	27.7%
WY2002	40,400	7.8	40,408	40,652	1,668	42,320	-1,912	-4.7%
WY2003	63,066	6.2	63,072	67,143	1,228	68,371	-5,299	-8.4%
WY2004	57,601	5.0	57,606	56,957	1,371	58,328	-722	-1.3%
WY2005	50,941	6.2	50,947	62,809	615	63,424	-12,477	-24.5%
WY2006	42,764	6.5	42,770	40,262	123	40,385	2,385	5.6%
TOTAL	293,855	36.8	293,892	293,840	7,251	301,091	-7,199	-2.4%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	97.6%	2.4%			
STA-1W,	Cell 2							
WY2001	11,244	3.7	11,248	12,665	0	12,665	-1,417	-12.6%
WY2002	17,777	5.5	17,783	15,763	0	15,763	2,020	11.4%
WY2003	32,389	4.4	32,393	31,311	0	31,311	1,082	3.3%
WY2004	22,774	3.6	22,778	41,237	0	41,237	-18,459	-81.0%
WY2005	22,461	4.4	22,465	12,393	0	12,393	10,072	44.8%
WY2006	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
TOTAL	106,645	21.6	106,667	113,369	0	113,369	-6,702	-6.3%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 3							
WY2001	22,470	3.6	22,474	18,694	1,767	20,461	2,012	9.0%
WY2002	35,574	5.4	35,579	28,802	1,495	30,297	5,282	14.8%
WY2003	51,242	4.3	51,246	43,408	1,169	44,577	6,669	13.0%
WY2004	46,247	3.5	46,250	33,491	1,212	34,703	11,547	25.0%
WY2005	44,554	4.3	44,558	35,655	519	36,174	8,384	18.8%
WY2006	40,262	4.5	40,266	31,404	87	31,491	8,775	21.8%
TOTAL	240,349	25.6	240,375	191,454	6,250	197,704	42,670	17.8%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	96.8%	3.2%	, -	•	
, 5 111	. 55.570	-0.170	, 0 Jul	55.570	J.2 /0			

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Table 5-36. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W,	Cell 4							
WY2001	12,665	1.3	12,666	9,073	0	9,073	3,593	28.4%
WY2002	15,763	2.0	15,765	21,565	0	21,565	-5,800	-36.8%
WY2003	31,311	1.6	31,313	54,737	0	54,737	-23,424	-74.8%
WY2004	41,237	1.3	41,238	41,290	0	41,290	-52	-0.1%
WY2005	12,393	1.6	12,395	26,162	0	26,162	-13,767	-111.1%
WY2006		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	113,369	7.6	113,377	152,827	0	152,827	-39,450	-34.8%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 5							
WY2001	43,464	11	43,475	4,670	0	4,670	38,805	89.3%
WY2002	169,369	16	169,385	37,011	0	37,011	132,374	78.1%
WY2003	79,177	13	79,190	70,822	0	70,822	8,368	10.6%
WY2004	31,449	11	31,460	29,037	0	29,037	2,423	7.7%
WY2005	38,418	13	38,431	34,842	0	34,842	3,589	9.3%
WY2006	15,666	14	15,680	5,400	0	5,400	10,280	65.6%
TOTAL	377,543	78	377,621	181,782	0	181,782	195,839	51.9%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	<u>ell 1</u>							
WY2002	16,464	12	16,476	5,399	0	5,399	11,077	67.2%
WY2003	17,725	10	17,735	10,050	0	10,050	7,685	43.3%
WY2004	28,232	9	28,241	18,540	0	18,540	9,701	34.4%
WY2005	22,970	9	22,979	20,283	0	20,283	2,696	11.7%
WY2006	27,501	10	27,511	22,360	0	22,360	5,151	18.7%
TOTAL	112,892	51	112,943	76,632	0	76,632	36,311	32.1%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 2							
WY2002	27,951	14	27,965	28,933	60	28,993	-1,028	-3.7%
WY2003	45,516	12	45,528	32,111	21	32,132	13,395	29.4%
WY2004	39,323	10	39,333	35,403	38	35,441	3,893	9.9%
WY2005	59,891	10	59,901	53,462	6	53,468	6,433	10.7%
WY2006	58,252	12	58,264	40,637	701	41,338	16,925	29.0%
TOTAL	230,933	57	230,990	190,546	825	191,371	39,619	17.2%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	99.6%	0.4%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 3							
WY2002	45,485	14	45,499	27,829	8,594	36,423	9,075	19.9%
WY2003	56,340	12	56,352	34,118	5,303	39,421	16,930	30.0%
WY2004	47,675	10	47,685	36,978	5,380	42,358	5,328	11.2%
WY2005	58,191	10	58,201	44,582	4,006	48,588	9,612	16.5%
WY2006	48,030	12	48,042	36,017	3,681	39,698	8,344	17.4%
TOTAL	255,721	57	255,778	179,524	26,964	206,488	49,290	19.3%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	86.9%	13.1%			

Table 5-36. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, (	Cell 1A							
WY2005	35,725	_	35,725	44,208	-	44,208	-8,483	-23.7%
WY2006	109,833	-	109,833	149,262	_	149,262	-39,429	-35.9%
TOTAL	145,558	-	145,558	193,470	-	193,470	-47,912	-32.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	,	,	
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 1B							
WY2005	44,208	-	44,208	61,270	-	61,270	-17,062	-38.6%
WY2006	149,165	-	149,165	120,019	-	120,019	29,146	19.5%
TOTAL	193,373	-	193,373	181,289	-	181,289	12,084	6.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 2A							
WY2005	21,821	-	21,821	19,484	_	19,484	2,337	10.7%
WY2006	81,668	_	81,668	72,176	_	72,176	9,492	11.6%
TOTAL	103,489	-	103,489	91,660	-	91,660	11,829	11.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%	,,,,,,	,-	
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 2B							
WY2005	26,325	-	26,325	18,326	-	18,326	7,999	30.4%
WY2006	96,135	-	96,135	66,283	-	66,283	29,852	31.1%
TOTAL	122,460	-	122,460	84,609	-	84,609	37,851	30.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, (	Cell 3							
WY2006	26,291	_	26,291	30,049	-	30,049	-3,758	-14.3%
TOTAL	26,291	-	26,291	30,049	-	30,049	-3,758	-14.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	orth Flow-w	ay						
WY2001	9,904	8	9,912	4,461	2,391	6,852	3,060	30.9%
WY2002	20,034	8	20,042	14,918	2,028	16,946	3,096	15.4%
WY2003	20,343	10	20,353	19,334	1,863	21,197	-844	-4.1%
WY2004	23,203	10	23,213	17,033	1,984	19,017	4,196	18.1%
WY2005	18,720	8	18,728	12,371	846	13,217	5,511	29.4%
WY2006	23,587	9	23,596	19,597	1,449	21,046	2,550	10.8%
TOTAL	115,791	52	115,843	87,714	10,561	98,275	17,567	15.2%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	89.3%	10.7%			
STA-5, Sc	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	12,850	8	12,858	4,256	7,253	11,509	1,349	10.5%
WY2002	21,297	8	21,305	10,236	7,262	17,498	3,807	17.9%
WY2003	21,989	10	21,999	13,305	8,200	21,505	494	2.2%
WY2004	17,285	10	17,295	8,562	8,230	16,792	503	2.9%
WY2005	13,288	8	13,296	10,844	8,551	19,395	-6,099	-45.9%
WY2006	20,927	9	20,936	15,965	4,499	20,464	472	2.3%
TOTAL	107,636	52	107,688	63,168	43,995	107,163	525	0.5%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	58.9%	41.1%			

Table 5-36. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Ce	II 3							
WY2001	5,221	1.3	5,222	2,710	2,176	4,886	337	6.4%
WY2002	7,299	1.2	7,300	3,361	1,590	4,951	2,349	32.2%
WY2003	9,275	1.2	9,276	4,770	1,148	5,918	3,358	36.2%
WY2004	6,740	1.2	6,741	5,783	1,609	7,392	-651	-9.7%
WY2005	6,006	1.3	6,007	3,168	1,905	5,073	935	15.6%
WY2006	4,371	1.0	4,372	2,931	475	3,406	966	22.1%
TOTAL	38,912	7.2	38,919	22,723	8,902	31,625	7,294	18.7%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	71.9%	28.1%			
STA-6, Ce	II <u>5</u>							
WY2001	8,302	3.4	8,305	4,090	2,470	6,560	1,745	21.0%
WY2002	11,376	3.0	11,379	5,407	3,507	8,914	2,465	21.7%
WY2003	10,539	3.0	10,542	5,975	3,742	9,717	825	7.8%
WY2004	6,832	3.2	6,835	6,264	3,393	9,657	-2,822	-41.3%
WY2005	5,296	3.2	5,299	3,231	1,155	4,386	913	17.2%
WY2006	3,361	2.7	3,364	2,788	1,369	4,157	-793	-23.6%
TOTAL	45,706	18.4	45,724	27,755	15,636	43,391	2,334	5.1%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	64.0%	36.0%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of CaCO<sub>3</sub>.

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 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-37.** Annual calcium budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas.<sup>a</sup>

		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows	)		
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1E, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	1,628	-	1,628	2,613	-	2,613	-985	-60.5%
TOTAL	1,628	-	1,628	2,613	-	2,613	-985	-60.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4N							
WY2006	2,613	-	2,613	431	-	431	2,182	83.5%
TOTAL	2,613	0	2,613	431	0	431	2,182	83.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1E, C	Cell 4S							
WY2006	1,322	-	1,322	1,352	-	1,352	-30	-2.3%
TOTAL	1,322	0	1,322	1,352	0	1,352	-30	-2.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 1							
WY2001	11,557	1.1	11,558	7,624	661	8,285	3,273	28.3%
WY2002	14,103	1.6	14,105	13,570	569	14,139	-35	-0.2%
WY2003	21,882	1.3	21,883	23,078	424	23,502	-1,619	-7.4%
WY2004	19,966	1.0	19,967	19,488	472	19,960	7	0.0%
WY2005	17,833	1.3	17,834	22,295	217	22,512	-4,678	-26.2%
WY2006	14,739	1.3	14,740	13,766	42	13,808	932	6.3%
TOTAL	100,080	7.6	100,088	99,821	2,386	102,207	-2,119	-2.1%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	97.7%	2.3%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 2							
WY2001	3,262	8.0	3,263	3,853	0	3,853	-590	-18.1%
WY2002	6,046	1.1	6,047	5,243	0	5,243	804	13.3%
WY2003	11,158	0.9	11,159	10,907	0	10,907	252	2.3%
WY2004	7,871	0.7	7,872	14,117	0	14,117	-6,245	-79.3%
WY2005	8,247	0.9	8,248	4,293	0	4,293	3,955	48.0%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	36,584	4.5	36,588	38,413	0	38,413	-1,825	-5.0%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W, 0	Cell 3							
WY2001	6,594	0.7	6,595	5,620	525	6,145	450	6.8%
WY2002	11,637	1.1	11,638	9,481	491	9,972	1,667	14.3%
WY2003	17,620	0.9	17,621	14,516	397	14,913	2,708	15.4%
WY2004	15,692	0.7	15,693	11,147	407	11,554	4,138	26.4%
WY2005	15,464	0.9	15,465	11,973	177	12,150	3,315	21.4%
WY2006	13,766	0.9	13,767	10,609	30	10,639	3,128	22.7%
TOTAL	80,773	5.3	80,778	63,346	2,026	65,372	15,406	19.1%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	96.9%	3.1%			

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Table 5-37. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-1W,	Cell 4							
WY2001	3,853	0.3	3,853	2,568	0	2,568	1,285	33.4%
WY2002	5,243	0.4	5,243	6,277	0	6,277	-1,034	-19.7%
WY2003	10,907	0.3	10,907	15,003	0	15,003	-4,096	-37.5%
WY2004	14,117	0.3	14,117	11,186	0	11,186	2,931	20.8%
WY2005	4,293	0.3	4,293	6,781	0	6,781	-2,488	-57.9%
WY2006	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
TOTAL	38,413	1.6	38,415	41,815	0	41,815	-3,400	-8.9%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-1W,	Cell 5							
WY2001	13,864	2.3	13,866	1,434	0	1,434	12,432	89.7%
WY2002	59,627	3.4	59,630	12,452	0	12,452	47,178	79.1%
WY2003	28,296	2.7	28,299	24,185	0	24,185	4,114	14.5%
WY2004	10,454	2.2	10,456	9,873	0	9,873	583	5.6%
WY2005	14,023	2.7	14,026	12,095	0	12,095	1,931	13.8%
WY2006	5,699	2.8	5,702	1,691	0	1,691	4,011	70.3%
TOTAL	131,963	16.1	131,979	61,730	0	61,730	70,249	53.2%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce								
WY2002	4,744	2.5	4,747	1,371	0	1,371	3,376	71.1%
WY2003	5,209	2.1	5,211	2,755	0	2,755	2,456	47.1%
WY2004	8,633	1.9	8,635	5,240	0	5,240	3,395	39.3%
WY2005	6,983	1.8	6,985	6,105	0	6,105	880	12.6%
WY2006	8,400	2.2	8,402	5,778	0	5,778	2,624	31.2%
TOTAL	33,969	10.6	33,980	21,249	0	21,249	12,731	37.5%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 2							
WY2002	7,549	2.8	7,552	7,461	16	7,477	75	1.0%
WY2003	13,058	2.4	13,060	8,640	6	8,646	4,415	33.8%
WY2004	12,303	2.2	12,305	10,659	12	10,671	1,635	13.3%
WY2005	18,893	2.1	18,895	16,569	2	16,571	2,324	12.3%
WY2006	18,432	2.4	18,434	12,432	218	12,650	5,784	31.4%
TOTAL	70,235	11.8	70,247	55,761	253	56,014	14,233	20.3%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	99.5%	0.5%			
STA-2, Ce	ell 3							
WY2002	11,787	2.8	11,790	6,108	2,050	8,158	3,632	30.8%
WY2003	15,503	2.4	15,505	8,035	1,350	9,385	6,120	39.5%
WY2004	14,719	2.2	14,721	10,749	1,612	12,361	2,361	16.0%
WY2005	17,663	2.1	17,665	12,952	1,190	14,142	3,523	19.9%
WY2006	15,304	2.4	15,306	10,105	1,100	11,205	4,101	26.8%
TOTAL	74,976	11.8	74,988	47,949	7,301	55,250	19,737	26.3%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	86.8%	13.2%			

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Table 5-37. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1A							
WY2005	13,444	-	13,444	15,612	-	15,612	-2,168	-16.1%
WY2006	40,094	-	40,094	53,037	-	53,037	-12,943	-32.3%
TOTAL	53,538	-	53,538	68,649	-	68,649	-15,111.0	-28.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 1B							
WY2005	15,612	-	15,612	14,797	-	14,797	815	5.2%
WY2006	53,004	-	53,004	43,168	-	43,168	9,836	18.6%
TOTAL	68,616	-	68,616	57,965	-	57,965	10,651	15.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 2A							
WY2005	8,773	-	8,773	7,506	-	7,506	1,267	14.4%
WY2006	32,647	-	32,647	27,968	-	27,968	4,679	14.3%
TOTAL	41,420	-	41,420	35,474	-	35,474	5,946	14.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 2B							
WY2005	10,170	-	10,170	5,264	-	5,264	4,906	48.2%
WY2006	37,298	-	37,298	26,353	-	26,353	10,945	29.3%
TOTAL	47,468	-	47,468	31,617	-	31,617	15,851	33.4%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-3/4, C	Cell 3							
WY2006	10,747	-	10,747	11,518	-	11,518	-771	-7.2%
TOTAL	10,747	-	10,747	11,518	-	11,518	-771.0	-7.2%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%			
STA-5, No	rth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	3,793	1.7	3,795	1,336	810	2,146	1,649	43.5%
WY2002	9,781	1.6	9,783	5,284	843	6,127	3,655	37.4%
WY2003	10,046	2.1	10,048	6,229	743	6,972	3,076	30.6%
WY2004	8,213	2.0	8,215	5,667	681	6,348	1,867	22.7%
WY2005	6,727	1.6	6,729	4,502	306	4,808	1,921	28.5%
WY2006	8,479	1.8	8,481	7,135	524	7,659	822	9.7%
TOTAL	47,039	10.7	47,050	30,153	3,907	34,060	12,989	27.6%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	88.5%	11.5%			
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>ay</u>						
WY2001	4,759	1.7	4,761	1,932	2,974	4,906	-145	-3.1%
WY2002	9,151	1.6	9,153	4,714	3,230	7,944	1,208	13.2%
WY2003	9,416	2.1	9,418	5,914	3,578	9,492	-74	-0.8%
WY2004	6,090	2.0	6,092	2,897	2,841	5,738	354	5.8%
WY2005	4,675	1.6	4,677	3,712	2,967	6,679	-2,003	-42.8%
WY2006	7,459	1.8	7,461	5,540	1,582	7,122	339	4.5%
TOTAL	41,550	10.7	41,561	24,709	17,173	41,882	-321	-0.8%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	59.0%	41.0%			

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Table 5-37. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	$O_g$	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret
STA-6, Ce	ell 3							
WY2001	2,005	0.3	2,005	1,018	826	1,844	161	8.0%
WY2002	2,803	0.2	2,803	1,304	614	1,918	886	31.6%
WY2003	3,540	0.2	3,540	1,888	446	2,334	1,206	34.1%
WY2004	2,571	0.3	2,571	2,244	619	2,863	-292	-11.4%
WY2005	2,282	0.3	2,282	1,191	720	1,911	371	16.3%
WY2006	1,598	0.2	1,598	1,083	174	1,257	341	21.3%
TOTAL	14,799	1.5	14,800	8,728	3,400	12,128	2,673	18.1%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	72.0%	28.0%			
STA-6, Ce	ell <u>5</u>							
WY2001	3,133	0.7	3,134	1,616	954	2,570	564	18.0%
WY2002	4,293	0.6	4,294	2,113	1,347	3,460	834	19.4%
WY2003	3,989	0.6	3,990	2,405	1,461	3,866	124	3.1%
WY2004	2,600	0.7	2,601	2,424	1,302	3,726	-1,126	-43.3%
WY2005	1,999	0.7	2,000	1,185	430	1,615	385	19.3%
WY2006	1,229	0.6	1,230	1,021	501	1,522	-292	-23.8%
TOTAL	17,243	3.8	17,247	10,764	5,994	16,758	489	2.8%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	64.2%	35.8%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of calcium ion.

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 $<sup>^{</sup>b}$  I<sub>s</sub> = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O<sub>s</sub> = surface water outflow; O<sub>g</sub> = groundwater outflow; Retained =  $\Sigma$ inflow –  $\Sigma$ outflow; %Ret = (retained/ $\Sigma$ inflow)\*100.

**Table 5-38.** Annual chloride budgets for flow-ways and treatment cells in the Everglades Protection Area Stormwater Treatment Areas. <sup>a</sup>

		Inflows <sup>b</sup>			Outflows <sup>t</sup>	)			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Oq	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret	3
STA-1E, C	Cell 3								
WY2006	1,686	-	1,686	2,721	-	2,721	-1,035	-61.4%	-47.0%
TOTAL	1,686	-	1,686	2,721	-	2,721	-1,035	-61.4%	-47.0%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-1E, 0	Cell 4N								
WY2006	2,721	-	2,721	503	-	503	2,218	81.5%	137.6%
TOTAL	2,721	-	2,721	503	-	503	2,218	81.5%	137.6%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-1E, C	Cell 4S								
WY2006	1,643	-	1,643	5,433	-	5,433	-3,790	-230.7%	-107.1%
TOTAL	1,643	-	1,643	5,433	-	5,433	-3,790	-230.7%	-107.1%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-1W,	Cell 1								
WY2001	21,699	4.5	21,704	15,186	1,278	16,464	5,240	24.1%	27.5%
WY2002	20,309	6.8	20,316	22,767	885	23,652	-3,336	-16.4%	-15.2%
WY2003	36,778	5.5	36,783	39,792	722	40,514	-3,731	-10.1%	-9.7%
WY2004	31,869	4.4	31,873	32,101	766	32,867	-993	-3.1%	-3.1%
WY2005	23,649	5.4	23,654	28,476	282	28,758	-5,104	-21.6%	-19.5%
WY2006	22,738	5.7	22,744	21,706	66	21,772	972	4.3%	4.4%
TOTAL	157,042	32.4	157,074	160,028	3,999	164,027	-6,953	-4.4%	-4.3%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	97.6%	2.4%				
STA-1W,	Cell 2								
WY2001	6,254	3.2	6,257	7,200	0	7,200	-943	-15.1%	-14.0%
WY2002	9,416	4.9	9,421	9,236	0	9,236	185	2.0%	2.0%
WY2003	18,654	3.9	18,658	19,417	0	19,417	-759	-4.1%	-4.0%
WY2004	12,583	3.2	12,586	24,108	0	24,108	-11,522	-91.5%	-62.8%
WY2005	9,419	3.9	9,423	5,943	0	5,943	3,480	36.9%	45.3%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	56,326	19.1	56,345	65,904	0	65,904	-9,559	-17.0%	-15.6%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-1W,	Cell 3								
WY2001	14,185	3.2	14,188	11,333	1,093	12,426	1,762	12.4%	13.2%
WY2002	21,245	4.8	21,250	16,078	863	16,941	4,309	20.3%	22.6%
WY2003	31,802	3.8	31,806	24,930	698	25,628	6,178	19.4%	21.5%
WY2004	27,169	3.1	27,172	19,181	703	19,884	7,288	26.8%	31.0%
WY2005	21,433	3.8	21,437	18,359	258	18,617	2,820	13.2%	14.1%
WY2006	21,706	4.0	21,710	16,685	47	16,732	4,978	22.9%	25.9%
TOTAL	137,540	22.6	137,563	106,566	3,663	110,229	27,334	19.9%	22.1%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	96.7%	3.3%				

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Table 5-38. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows	;			
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Oq	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret	3
STA-1W,	Cell 4								
WY2001	7,200	1.1	7,201	6,765	0	6,765	436	6.1%	6.2%
WY2002	9,236	1.7	9,238	17,537	0	17,537	-8,299	-89.8%	-62.0%
WY2003	19,417	1.4	19,418	51,867	0	51,867		-167.1%	-91.0%
WY2004	24,108	1.1	24,109	39,146	0	39,146	-15,037	-62.4%	-47.5%
WY2005	5,943	1.4	5,944	26,333	0	26,333	-20,389	-343.0%	-126.3%
WY2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	65,904	6.7	65,911	141,648	0	141,648	-75,737	-114.9%	-73.0%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-1W,	Cell 5								
WY2001	22,742	9.6	22,752	2,931	0	2,931	19,821	87.1%	154.4%
WY2002	86,547	14.4	86,561	21,266	0	21,266	65,295	75.4%	121.1%
WY2003	47,868	11.6	47,880	42,432	0	42,432	5,448	11.4%	12.1%
WY2004	18,683	9.4	18,692	18,101	0	18,101	591	3.2%	3.2%
WY2005	18,019	11.5	18,030	18,073	0	18,073	-43	-0.2%	-0.2%
WY2006	8,089	12.0	8,101	3,823	0	3,823	4,278	52.8%	71.8%
TOTAL	201,948	68.5	202,017	106,626	0	106,626	95,391	47.2%	61.8%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-2, C	ell 1								
WY2002	9,210	10.7	9,221	3,777	0	3,777	5,444	59.0%	83.8%
WY2003	9,869	9.1	9,878	6,115	0	6,115	3,763	38.1%	47.1%
WY2004	14,522	8.2	14,530	10,602	0	10,602	3,928	27.0%	31.3%
WY2005	11,122	7.9	11,130	10,277	0	10,277	853	7.7%	8.0%
WY2006	12,675	9.2	12,684	14,079	0	14,079	-1,395	-11.0%	-10.4%
TOTAL	57,398	45.0	57,443	44,850	0	44,850	12,593	21.9%	24.6%
% in	99.9%	0.1%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-2, Ce	ell 2								
WY2002	16,230	11.9	16,242	19,339	37	19,376	-3,134	-19.3%	-17.6%
WY2003	24,062	10.1	24,072	18,894	12	18,906	5,166	21.5%	24.0%
WY2004	17,568	9.2	17,577	18,035	18	18,053	-476	-2.7%	-2.7%
WY2005	27,811	8.8	27,820	25,320	3	25,323	2,497	9.0%	9.4%
WY2006	27,003	10.2	27,013	19,821	333	20,154	6,859	25.4%	29.1%
TOTAL	112,674	50.2	112,724	101,409	403	101,812	10,912	9.7%	10.2%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	99.6%	0.4%				
STA-2, Ce	ell 3								
WY2002	26,679	11.9	26,691	22,372	5,902	28,274	-1,583	-5.9%	-5.8%
WY2003	30,516	10.1	30,526	26,804	3,459	30,263	263	0.9%	0.9%
WY2004	21,300	9.2	21,309	22,514	2,806	25,320	-4,011	-18.8%	-17.2%
WY2005	27,733	8.8	27,742	23,843	2,023	25,866	1,876	6.8%	7.0%
WY2006	22,605	10.2	22,615	21,807	1,965	23,772	-1,156	-5.1%	-5.0%
TOTAL	128,833	50.2	128,883	117,340	16,154	133,494	-4,611	-3.6%	-3.5%
% in	>99.9%	<0.1%	% out	87.9%	12.1%				

Table 5-38. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows	i	-		
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Oq	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret	3
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 1A								
WY2005	11,203	-	11,203	15,027	-	15,027	-3,824	-34.1%	-29.2%
WY2006	34,683	-	34,683	52,932	-	52,932	-18,249	-52.6%	-41.7%
TOTAL	45,886	-	45,886	67,959	-	67,959	-22,073	-48.1%	-38.8%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 1B								
WY2005	15,027	-	15,027	20,768	-	20,768	-5,741	-38.2%	-32.1%
WY2006	52,893	-	52,893	38,947	-	38,947	13,946	26.4%	30.4%
TOTAL	67,920	-	67,920	59,715	-	59,715	8,205	12.1%	12.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4, (	Cell 2A								
WY2005	6,657	-	6,657	6,589	-	6,589	68	1.0%	1.0%
WY2006	27,639	-	27,639	25,948	-	25,948	1,691	6.1%	6.3%
TOTAL	34,296	-	34,296	32,537	-	32,537	1,759	5.1%	5.3%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4, (	Cell 2B								
WY2005	8,847	-	8,847	6,960	-	6,960	1,887	21.3%	23.9%
WY2006	34,460	-	34,460	25,211	-	25,211	9,249	26.8%	31.0%
TOTAL	43,307	-	43,307	32,171	-	32,171	11,136	25.7%	29.5%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-3/4, 0	Cell 3								
WY2006	8,798	-	8,798	9,428	-	9,428	-630	-7.2%	-6.9%
TOTAL	8,798	-	8,798	9,428	-	9,428	-630	-7.2%	-6.9%
% in	100.0%	0.0%	% out	100.0%	0.0%				
STA-5, No	orth Flow-w	ay							
WY2001	4,778	7.2	4,785	1,688	1,021	2,709	2,076	43.4%	55.4%
WY2002	7,311	6.6	7,318	4,764	692	5,456	1,861	25.4%	29.1%
WY2003	7,348	8.9	7,357	5,701	608	6,309	1,048	14.2%	15.3%
WY2004	7,713	8.5	7,721	6,219	691	6,910	811	10.5%	11.1%
WY2005	6,649	7.0	6,656	4,525	305	4,830	1,826	27.4%	31.8%
WY2006	6,579	7.5	6,586	4,415	363	4,778	1,808	27.5%	31.8%
TOTAL	40,378	45.6	40,424	27,312	3,681	30,993	9,430	23.3%	26.4%
% in	99.9%	0.1%	% out	88.1%	11.9%				
STA-5, So	uth Flow-w	<u>vav</u>							
WY2001	3,503	7.2	3,510	1,297	2,091	3,388	123	3.5%	3.6%
WY2002	5,368	6.6	5,375	2,368	1,754	4,122	1,253	23.3%	26.4%
WY2003	5,212	8.9	5,221	2,981	1,890	4,871	350	6.7%	6.9%
WY2004	3,969	8.5	3,977	1,925	1,870	3,795	183	4.6%	4.7%
WY2005	3,564	7.0	3,571	3,325	2,452	5,777	-2,206	-61.8%	-47.2%
WY2006	4,576	7.5	4,583	3,922	1,043	4,965	-381	-8.3%	-8.0%
TOTAL	26,192	45.6	26,238	15,818	11,099	26,917	-679	-2.6%	-2.6%
% in	99.8%	0.2%	% out	58.8%	41.2%				

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Table 5-38. Continued.

		Inflows			Outflows				
	Is	Р	Σinflow	Os	Og	Σoutflow	Retained	% Ret	3
STA-6, Ce	<u>II 3</u>								
WY2001	1,742	1.2	1,743	628	605	1,233	510	29.3%	34.3%
WY2002	2,436	1.0	2,437	947	488	1,435	1,003	41.1%	51.8%
WY2003	3,152	1.0	3,153	1,566	383	1,949	1,204	38.2%	47.2%
WY2004	2,075	1.1	2,076	1,673	480	2,153	-77	-3.7%	-3.6%
WY2005	1,886	1.1	1,887	971	591	1,562	325	17.2%	18.9%
WY2006	905	0.9	906	472	87	559	347	38.3%	47.4%
TOTAL	12,196	6.4	12,202	6,257	2,634	8,891	3,312	27.1%	31.4%
% in	99.9%	0.1%	% out	70.4%	29.6%				
STA-6, Ce	<u>II 5</u>								
WY2001	2,669	3.0	2,672	922	665	1,587	1,085	40.6%	51.0%
WY2002	3,657	2.7	3,660	1,665	1,103	2,768	891	24.4%	27.7%
WY2003	3,469	2.6	3,472	1,979	1,236	3,215	257	7.4%	7.7%
WY2004	2,061	2.8	2,064	1,929	1,034	2,963	-899	-43.6%	-35.8%
WY2005	1,654	2.8	1,657	984	356	1,340	317	19.1%	21.1%
WY2006	699	2.4	701	465	255	720	-19	-2.6%	-2.6%
TOTAL	14,209	16.2	14,225	7,944	4,649	12,593	1,632	11.5%	12.2%
% in	99.9%	0.1%	% out	63.1%	36.9%				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All budget terms expressed as metric tonnes of chloride ion.

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 $<sup>^</sup>b$ I $_s$  = surface water inflow; P = precipitation; O $_s$  = surface water outflow; O $_g$  = groundwater outflow; Retained = Σinflow – Σoutflow; %Ret = (retained/Σinflow)\*100;  $\epsilon$  = chloride budget error [= r ÷ {(Σinflow+Σoutflow) ÷ 2}].

### STA PERFORMANCE SYNOPSIS

The performance of the STAs, beginning at start-up operations is shown in **Table 5-39** and a timeline showing the water year of operation for the STAs is shown in **Table 5-1**. The cumulative values in **Table 5-39** are higher by about 18 mt than reported in the 2006 South Florida Environmental Report – Volume 1, because the flows and loads delivered to the STAs during start-up are now included in the summation. The addition of STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-2, and STA-6 start-up, STA-2 (WY2001) and STA-5 (WY2000) partial water years changed the total STA loadings, increasing inflows by 189,648 ac-ft and 28,680 kg, outflows by 30,226 ac-ft and 11,122 kg, increasing load reduction by 17,558 kg from what was previously reported. From WY1994 to WY2006, the STAs combined have removed 809 mt of phosphorus that would have entered into the Everglades. The STA-3/4 outflow data contains draft estimated values based on some provisional flow data for WY2006. Upon completing review of the provisional flow data, the value may be revised and updated in the final report.

As multiple years of STA performance data are available, a brief synopsis of phosphorus removal performance can provide insights into the phosphorus removal trends of the STAs. The flows, TP loads, and FWM TP concentrations going into and out of each STA are presented in the appendices associated with this chapter. The water budgets and phosphorus mass balance calculations for each treatment cell for each STA (excluding STA-3/4) are presented in the *Analysis and Interpretation* section of this chapter. The concentrations of the other nutrient parameters measured within the STAs are also presented in that section. During WY2006, some of the effective treatment area was temporarily taken off-line for Long-Term Plan enhancements or plant rehabilitation (**Table 5-3** and under each STA section). Compared to last water year, the amount of loading received by STA-1W was lower and about the same for STA-2. For STA-3/4, the hydraulic loading rate (HLR) was slightly lower and the nutrient loading rate (NLR) was about the same. Both HLR and NLR were higher for STA-5 and STA-6 (**Figures 5-57** and **5-58**).

Long-term trends can be discerned by looking at the STA performance over the period of operation. The annual STA settling rates (**Figure 5-59**) indicate spatial and temporal variability within and among STAs, with all STAs at or above the initial design settling rate estimate of 10 m/yr. Time series plots of the load removal (**Figure 5-60**) show a constant TP load removal performance for STA-2 and STA-6 and a decline in load removal for STA-1W and STA-5. The STA combined cumulative load removal of 68 percent (**Figure 5-60**) is slightly lower than the 70 percent design assumption. The load removal in WY2006 was highest for STA-2, STA-3/4, and STA-6 (over 80 percent) and lowest for STA-1W (49 percent) and STA-5 (55 percent). The lower removal efficiency of STA-1W and STA-5 may have been due to high inflow nutrient concentrations (**Table 5-39**) and the temporary reduction in effective treatment area due to Long-Term Plan enhancements construction or plant rehabilitation. The impact of the multiple hurricanes in WY2005 and WY2006 also may have had some impact on performance.

The comparison of outflow TP concentrations versus inflow concentrations (**Figure 5-61**) shows a wide range of inflow and outflow values, with STA-1W and STA-5 having the highest concentrations. Much variability between the STAs, as well as within an STA, is also observed when comparing the STA TP load removal to inflow TP loading rate (**Figure 5-62**) and inflow hydraulic loading rate (**Figure 5-63**).

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### **Table 5-39.** STA performance for period of record since start-up operations.

2639

STA-1E (Start-up 9/04, Flow-through Start Date: 10/1/2005)

Inflow = S-319, G-311, S-

2640

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Water Year	Inflow ac-ft	Inflow TP kg	Inflow TP ppb	HLR cm/day	NLR g/m²/yr	Outflow ac-ft	Outflow TP kg	Outflow TP ppb	TP Rmvd kg	TP Rmvd %	TP Removal g/m²/yr	Cum Removal kg	Effective Treatment Area acres	Ave depth cm	HRT Days	Settling rate m/yr
Prior to flow- through, hurricane response, start	40.406	4.052		0.004		47.505	-		(3,219	669/		-			•	
9/04–4/05 Prior to flow-	19,426	4,853	202	0.691	0.511	17,565	8,071	373	)	-66%						
through, start 5/05–9/05	10,144	1,634	131	0.632	0.301	8,980	831	75	803	49%						
2006* Partial WY, 10/05–																
4/06	41,989	10,485	202	1.743	1.288	31,592	6,464	166	4,020	38%	0.520		3,146	29.2	41	2.6
Permit Total	71,559	16,971	192			58,137	15,366	214	1,605	9%						

Outflow = S-362

2641 **Table 5-39**. Continued

STA-1W

(ENR Start-up 10/93, Flow-

through: 8/1994; STA- \*Inflow: G250 for Water Year 94 - 6/99, G302 for

1W 2000) remainder

Outflow = G-251 for Water Year 95-99, G-251 + G-310 for

remainder.

Use Inflow G-250 (WQ ENR011) from 10/93 - 6/99, Use G-302 beginning in 7/99. G251 outflow WQ is ENR012.

Water Year	Inflow	Inflow TP	Inflow TP	HLR	NLR	Outflow	Outflow TP	Outflow TP	TP Rmvd	TP Rmvd	TP Removal	Cum Removal	Effective Treatment Area	Ave depth	HRT	Settling rate
4004*	ac-ft	kg	ppb	cm/day	g/m²/yr	ac-ft	kg	ppb	kg	%	g/m²/yr	kg	acres	cm	Days	m/yr
1994*, partial, startup 10/93	-	-				1	0	20	(0)							
1995*, partial																
WY, start-up																
5/94 - 7/94	1	0	148			=	-									
1995*, partial WY, start 8/94	92,364	15,452	136	3.462	1.714	95,333	2,718	23	12,735	82%	1.414	12,735	3,815	60	17	24.4
	02,00.	.0,.02		0		55,555	_,		,. 00	0270		,. 00	5,5.5			
1996	182,670	24,464	109	3.994	1.583	172,414	5,079	24	19,385	79%	1.254	32,120	3,815	60	15	24.2
1997	118,780	14,391	98	2.597	0.931	119,198	2,750	19	11,642	81%	0.753	43,761	3,815	60	23	17.6
1998	80,304	11,536	116	1.756	0.746	80,986	2,125	21	9,410	82%	0.609	53,171	3,815	60	34	12.0
1999	88,532	11,096	102	1.936	0.718	86,376	2,045	19	9,051	82%	0.586	62,223	3,815	60	31	13.2
2000	125,584	21,139	136	2.746	1.368	121,229	3,753	25	17,386	82%	1.125	79,608	3,815	60	22	18.4
2001	93,819	17,113	148	1.175	0.634	90,517	4,319	39	12,794	75%	0.474	92,402	6,194	54	46	6.1
2002	278,857	51,767	150	3.491	1.918	267,624	12,200	37	39,567	76%	1.466	131,969	6,670	60	17	19.0
2003	591,845	112,172	154	7.410	4.156	595,999	39,234	53	72,937	65%	2.702	204,907	6,670	61	8	30.1
	,	•				,									-	
2004	292,690	50,733	141	3.664	1.879	297,603	17,073	47	33,661	66%	1.247	238,567	6,670	59	16	15.6
2005	341,094	103,872	247	5.239	4.721	383,365	46,489	98	57,384	55%	2.608	295,951	5,436	60	11	18.1
2006	142,678	37,415	213	3.215	2.495	137,890	19,265	113	18,150	49%	1.210	314,101	4,181	23	13	7.6
Total	2,429,218	471,151	157			2,448,534	157,049	52	314,101	67%						

Table 5-39. Continued

### STA-2

(Start-up 6/99; flow record starts 7/99, Flow-through 10/00)

Inflow = S-6 + G-328

Outflow = G-335

		70 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				Camon	0 000									
Water Year	Inflow ac-ft	Inflow TP kg	Inflow TP ppb	HLR cm/day	NLR g/m²/yr	Outflow ac-ft	Outflow TP kg	Outflo w TP ppb	TP Rmvd kg	TP Rmvd %	TP Removal g/m²/yr	Cum Removal kg	Effective Treatment Area acres	Ave depth cm	HRT Days	Settling rate m/yr
2001* Partial WY, flow start 7/99	158,012	22,355	115	4.104	1.718	-	-	PP	3		J,	J				
2002	212,808	20,309	77	2.764	0.780	240,685	4,867	16	15,442	76%	0.593	15,442	6,430	45	16	18.0
2003	282,732	23,399	67	3.672	0.899	308,297	6,634	17	16,765	72%	0.644	32,207	6,430	45	12	20.7
2004	256,938	24,277	77	3.337	0.933	284,780	5,031	14	19,246	79%	0.740	51,453	6,430	45	13	23.8
2005	316,273	49,121	126	4.107	1.888	371,023	9,227	20	39,894	81%	1.533	91,347	6,430	46	11	30.3
2006	297,364	44,038	120	3.862	1.692	322,303	8,238	21	35,800	81%	1.376	127,147	6,430	46.63 44	15	27.3
Total	1,524,127	183,500	98			1,527,088	33,997	18	149,503	81%	5.745					

### STA-3/4

Start-up: E and C FW 10/03, W FW 11/03; Flow-through: E

FW 1/04, W FW 6/04, C FW 9/04

The STA-3/4 outflow data contains draft estimated values

based on some provisional flow data for Water Year

2006. Upon completing review of the provisional flow data,

the value may be revised and updated in the final report.

Inflow = G-370 + G-372

Water Year	Inflow ac-ft	Inflow TP	Inflow TP	HLR cm/day	NLR g/m²/yr	Outflow ac-ft	Outflow TP kg	Outflo w TP	TP Rmvd kg	TP Rmvd %	TP Removal g/m²/yr	Cum Removal kg	Effective Treatment Area acres	Ave depth cm	HRT Days	Settling rate m/yr
2004* Partial	ac-n	kg	ppb	Cili/uay	g/III /yI	au-ii	ĸy	ppb	ĸg	70	g/III /yI	ĸy	acres	CIII	рауъ	III/yI
WY, start 10/03	23,303	1,407	49	0.083	0.015	27,708	546	16	861	61%	0.009	861				_
2005	671,442	87,368	105	4.042	1.556	648,872	10,411	13	76,957	88%	1.371	77,818	13,871			35.8
2006	697,161	105,375	123	3.519	1.574	776,251	22,517	24	82,858	79%	1.238	160,676	15,780	51.8	14	23.2
Total	1,391,906	194,150	113			1,452,831	33,474	19	160,676	83%	2.400	239,355				

#### 2644 Table 5-39. Continued

STA-5

Start-up 12/30/98; Flow-through 10/99 Flow record starts in 9/99

Inflow = G-342 A-D

Outflow = G-344 A-D

Water Year	Inflow ac-ft	Inflow TP kg	Inflow TP ppb	HLR cm/day	NLR g/m²/yr	Outflow ac-ft	Outflow TP kg	Outflow TP ppb	TP Rmvd kg	TP Rmvd %	TP Removal g/m²/yr	Cum Removal kg	Effective Treatment Area acres	Ave depth cm	HRT Days	Settling rate m/yr
2000* Partial WY, start 9/99.	8,088	2,260	226	0.328	0.271	13,343	2,741	167	(481)	-21%					_	•
2001	50,459	15,517	249	1.023	0.931	39,978	4,770	97	10,747	69%	0.645	10,747	4,110	41.1	40	3.6
2002	159,258	49,118	250	3.230	2.947	131,005	12,567	78	36,551	74%	2.193	47,298	4,110	49.3	15	14.2
2003	170,203	58,094	277	3.451	3.486	160,518	26,881	136	31,213	54%	1.873	78,511	4,110	56.5	16	9.2
2004	153,080	48,078	255	3.104	2.885	136,466	16,407	97	31,671	66%	1.900	110,182	4,110	58.8	19	11.2
2005	119,910	24,420	165	2.947	1.776	121,427	12,196	81	12,224	50%	0.889	122,406	3,805	58.8	20	7.9
2006	216,514	53,027	199	4.391	3.182	201,102	23,702	96	29,325	55%	1.760	151,731	2,612	41.7	6	12.1
Total	877,512	250,514	231			803,838	99,264	100	151,249	60%						

2645

### Table 5-39. Continued

### STA-6

Start up 10/97, Flow-through 12/97 STA-6 outflow was measured at G606 from 1997 through 2/28/01; afterwards, G393 and G354 combined are the outflows.

Inflow = G-600

Outflow = G-393 and G-354

Water Year	Inflow ac-ft	Inflow TP kg	Inflow TP ppb	HLR cm/day	NLR g/m²/yr	Outflow ac-ft	Outflow TP kg	Outflow TP ppb	TP Rmvd kg	TP Rmvd %	TP Removal g/m²/yr	Cum Removal kg	Effective Treatment Area acres	Ave depth cm	HRT Days	Settling rate m/yr
1998* Partial WY,				•, <u>,</u>	g,,y.		9	PP~	9		g,,y.	9				
startup, 10/97	4,121	190	37													
1998* Partial WY, flow-through 12/97	26,101	1,675	52	7.516	1.427	23,984	481	16	1,194	71%	1.017	1,194	870	45.0	6	37.5
1999	40,120	3,112	63	3.851	0.884	24,035	588	20	2,524	81%	0.717	3,718	870	26.0	7	18.5
2000	59,848	5,345	72	5.745	1.518	59,261	1,115	15	4,230	79%	1.201	7,948	870	38.2	7	37.9
2001	39,395	6,813	140	3.781	1.935	26,718	986	30	5,827	86%	1.655	13,775	870	30.7	8	22.9
2002	53,437	4,536	69	5.129	1.288	30,466	563	15	3,973	88%	1.128	17,748	870	47.9	9	33.3
2003	56,252	5,360	77	5.399	1.522	35,666	1,046	24	4,314	80%	1.225	22,062	870	50.1	9	25.8
2004	52,674	3,424	53	5.056	0.972	38,682	515	11	2,910	85%	0.826	24,972	870	55.9	11	36.4
2005	34,035	3,255	78	3.267	0.925	22,187	515	19	2,740	84%	0.778	27,712	870	55.9	17	19.1
2006	40,467	5,183	104	3.884	1.472	26,312	848	26	4,335	84%	1.231	32,047	870	47.5	22	21.4
Total	406,450	38,894	78			287,312	6,656	19	32,238	83%						

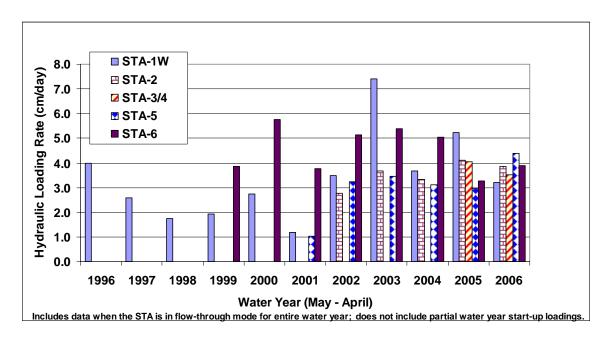
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Table 5-39. Continued 2648

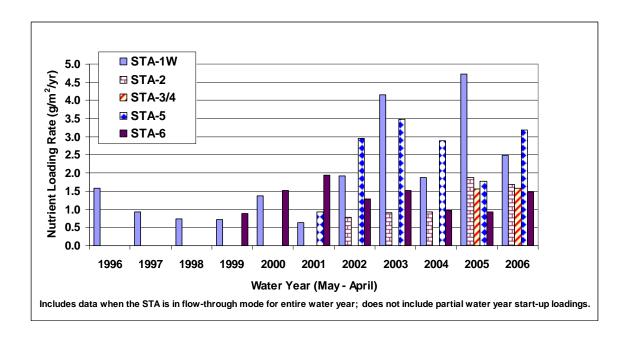
Total of all STAs	3												
Water Year	Inflow ac-ft	Inflow TP kg	Inflow TP ppb	HLR cm/day	NLR g/m²/yr	Outflow ac-ft	Outflow TP kg	Outflow TP ppb	TP Rmvd kg	TP Rmvd %	TP Removal g/m²/yr	Cum Removal kg	Effective Treatment Area acres
1994 (ENR section of STA-1W)	-	-				1	0						
1995 (ENR section of STA-1W)	92,364	15,452	136	3.462	1.714	95,333	2,718	23	12,735	82%	1.414	12,735	3,815
1996 (ENR Section of STA-1W)	182,670	24,464	109	3.994	1.583	172,414	5,079	24	19,385	79%	1.256	32,120	3,815
1997 (ENR Section of STA-1W)	118,780	14,391	98	2.597	0.931	119,198	2,750	19	11,642	81%	0.754	43,761	3,815
1998 (ENR Section of STA-1W, STA-6)	110,526	13,401	98	3.051	0.821	104,970	2,606	20	10,795	81%	0.569	54,556	4,685
1999 (ENR Section of STA-1W, STA-6)	128,652	14,208	90	2.533	0.754	110,411	2,633	19	11,575	81%	0.610	66,131	4,685
2000 (STA-1W, STA-5, STA-6)	193,520	28,744	120	3.572	1.309	193,833	7,609	32	21,135	74%	1.115	87,266	4,685
2001 (STA-1W, STA-2, STA-5, STA-6)	341,685	61,799	147	2.808	1.244	157,213	10,075	52	51,723	84%	1.144	138,989	11,174
2002 (STA-1W, STA-2, STA-5, STA-6)	704,360	125,730	145	3.337	2.114	669,780	30,197	37	95,533	76%	1.306	234,522	18,080
2003 (STA-1W, STA-2, STA-5, STA-6)	1,101,032	199,025	147	5.735	3.506	1,100,480	73,795	54	125,229	63%	1.711	359,751	18,080
2004 (STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, STA-6)	778,685	127,919	133	3.433	2.033	785,239	39,571	41	88,348	69%	1.207	448,100	18,080
2005 (STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, STA-6)	1,502,180	272,890	147	4.170	2.805	1,564,439	86,910	45	185,980	68%	1.511	634,080	30,413
2006 (STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, STA-6)	1,446,316	257,156	144	3.624	2.036	1,504,430	81,864	44	175,292	68%	1.312	809,372	33,019
Total	6,700,771	1,155,179	140			6,577,740	345,807	43	809,372	70%			

Walker Settling Rate: k = HLR In [ ( Cin - C\*) / ( Cout - C\*)]

Assume background TP concentration is c\*=4



**Figure 5-57**. The hydraulic loading rates for the STAs when the STA was in flow-through mode.

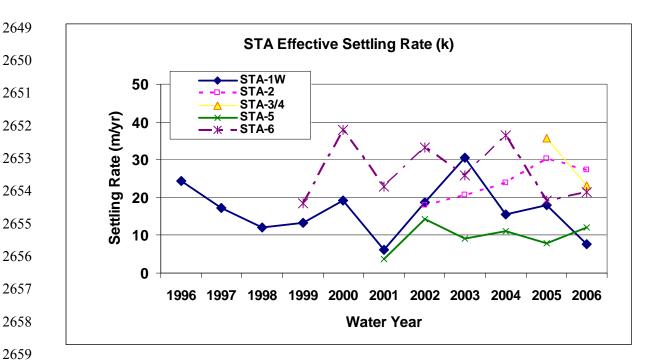


**Figure 5-58**. Nutrient loading rates for the STAs when the STA was in flow-through mode.

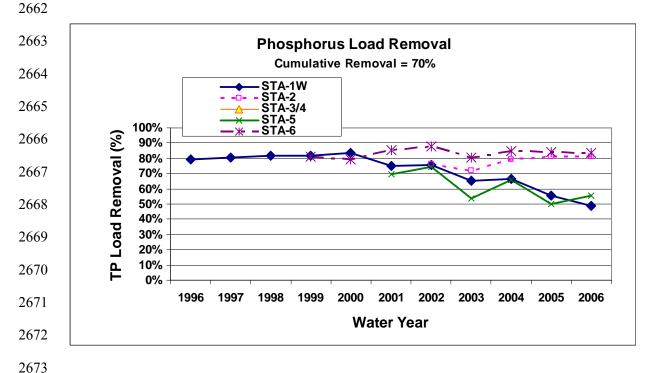
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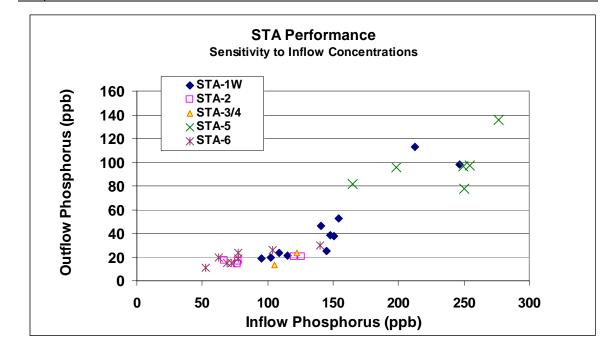


**Figure 5-59**. Effective settling rates for STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, and STA-6 for the period of record. In WY2006, STA-1W, STA-3/4, and STA-5 had short-term reduced effective treatment areas due to Long-Term Plan enhancements or vegetation rehabilitation.

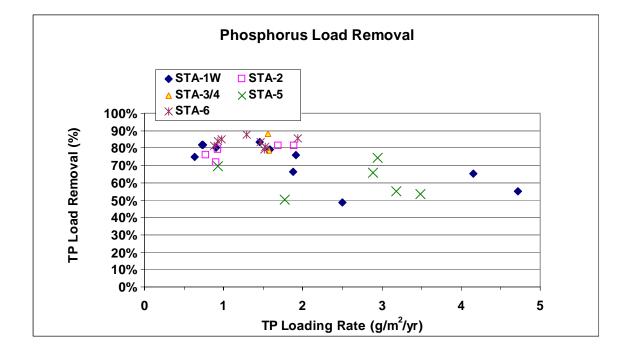


**Figure 5-60**. STA phosphorus load removal for the period of record. In WY2006, STA-1W, STA-3/4, and STA-5 had short-term reduced effective treatment areas due to Long-Term Plan enhancements or vegetation rehabilitation.

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**Figure 5-61**. STA outflow TP concentration compared to STA inflow concentration. In WY2006, STA-1W, STA-3/4, and STA-5 had short-term reduced effective treatment areas due to Long-Term Plan enhancements or vegetation rehabilitation.

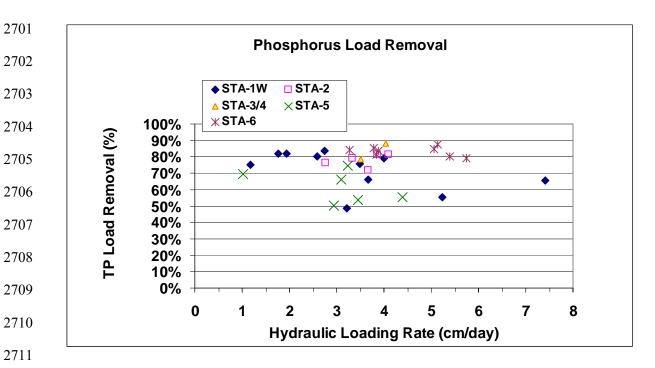


**Figure 5-62**. STA TP load removal compared to the inflow TP loading rate for the STAs when in flow-through mode. In WY2006, STA-1W, STA-3/4, and STA-5 had short-term reduced effective treatment areas due to Long-Term Plan enhancements or vegetation rehabilitation.

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**Figure 5-63**. STA TP load removal compared to the inflow TP loading rate for the STAs when in flow-through mode. In WY2006, STA-1W, STA-3/4, and STA-5 had short-term reduced effective treatment areas due to Long-Term Plan enhancements or vegetation rehabilitation.

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### STATUS OF OTHER LONG-TERM PLAN PROJECTS

# HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ASSESSMENT AND INTERNAL MEASUREMENTS

The steady-state performance model used in the design of the STAs (Burns and McDonnell, 1993) assumed plug-flow hydraulics. However, tracer studies conducted in STA-1W, Cells 1 and 4, have documented that flow patterns can depart markedly from ideal plug-flow conditions and that large short-circuits may exist (DBEL, 2000 and 2003). It is thought that hydraulic inefficiency can reduce TP removal in the STAs (Kadlec, 2000). The theory is that these non-ideal flow patterns typically will persist until flow is redistributed by some structural means, such as the addition of a levee perpendicular to the direction of flow that subdivides the treatment cell into two smaller areas.

The original intent of the Hydrologic and Hydraulic Assessment Project was to conduct tracer studies to characterize the hydraulics (i.e., retention time and flow distribution) of Cell 3 in STA-2 both before and after the construction of an internal levee. Similarly, the original objective of the Internal Measurements Project was to document the spatial variability of TP concentrations in surface water within Cell 3 based on synoptic grab samples collected during both tracer studies. The STA-2 Cell 3 pre-levee tracer and synoptic measurements were administered through a single contract which began in October 2004. The final report documenting the pre-levee tracer project and associated synoptic internal measurements is available on the District's web site at <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml</a>.

As a result of the recent proposal to delete the proposed STA-2 Cell 3 internal levee, the location of the second tracer and synoptic internal measurements is proposed to be moved to STA-1W Eastern Flow-way (Cells 1A, 1B, and 3) where a pre-levee tracer was already performed. The estimated start date for the STA-1W Cells 1A, 1B, and 3 post-levee tracer and synoptic study is in fall 2008 (FY2009) and the estimated completion date is December 2008 (FY2009).

### **ECP OPERATIONS MONITORING PROJECT**

The objective of the ECP Operations Monitoring Project is to collect water quality samples and monitor flow at inflow and outflow locations of all treatment cells within the STAs that are not covered under the operating permits. Most of the ECP operations monitoring structures are currently being monitored with the exception of some structures located in flow-ways undergoing Long-Term Plan enhancements. Additional monitoring stations are scheduled to come on line in WY2007 with the STA initial expansions which are included in the Long-Term Plan and are being implemented through Acceler8.

Flow is monitored on a continuous basis. Water quality samples analyzed for flow-proportional TP concentrations are collected weekly; all other parameters are monitored biweekly. These data will be used to assess the performance of each treatment cell and will contribute to the development of strategies for improving TP removal efficiency in the STAs as a whole.

During WY2006, flow and water quality monitoring in the STAs continued at the ECP operations monitoring stations listed in **Table 5-40**. Internal, biweekly grab sampling of STA-1E

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2756 began in June 2006, but auto-sampling equipment is not yet installed due to telemetry installation complications. The installation of monitoring stations in STA-3/4 was largely complete as reported last year, with the exception of the activation of monitoring stations at the new G-384 levee located in Flow-way 3. Flow-way 3 became flow capable in June 2006, and the District began telemetry and water quality instrumentation at this time. All ECP operations monitoring in STA-1W is ongoing with the exception of the structures in the Western Flow-way (Cells 2 and 4) and in the Northern Flow-way (Cell 5) which were closed for construction of the Long-Term Plan 2763 recommended enhancements and rehabilitation efforts. ECP operations monitoring in the 2764 Northern Flow-way of STA-5 was discontinued for most of WY2006. Following completion of the Long-Term Plan recommended enhancements this flow-way became flow-capable around June 2006. The Southern Flow-way of STA-5 was taken off-line in January 2006 to begin the 2767 scheduled Long-Term Plan enhancements. All ECP operations monitoring in STA-2 and STA-6 2768 is ongoing.

Table 5-40. Operational status of new and existing water quality monitoring sites at interior treatment cells within the STAs during WY2006.

Location	Description	# Sites	Status
STA-1E (not including groundwater monitoring)	New: S-366(B, D), S-367 (B, D), S-368 (B, D), S-369 (B, C), S-370 (B), S-372 (B, D), S-373 (B), S-374 (B)	13	Grab samples taken biweekly beginning in June 2007 with auto-sampler installation to be completed by end of WY2007.
	Existing: None	0	
	New: G-302	1	Auto-sampler installed.
STA-1W	Existing: G-303, G-305 (G, N), G-306(C, G), G-255, G-254 (B, D), G-253 (C, G), G-256, G-308, G-309, G-327A, ENR305, ENR306, G-250S, G-258, G-259	19	Routine monitoring ongoing in Cells 1 and 3. Cells 2, 4, and 5 were off-line during WY2006 for construction of Long-Term Plan recommended enhancements and rehabilitation efforts.
	New: None	0	
STA-2	Existing: G-329(B), G-330(D), G-331(D), G-332, G-333(C), G-334	1	Routine monitoring ongoing at all water quality stations. Auto-sampler installation under way at G-330(D).
	New: None	0	
STA-3/4	Existing: G-374 (B, E), G-375 (B, E), G-377 (B, D), G-378 (B, D), G-370 Seep, G-372 Seep, G-383	11	Routine water quality monitoring ongoing in Flow-ways 1 and 2. Flow-way 3 was off-line for Long-Term Plan enhancements.
	New: None	0	
STA-5	Existing: G342 (A-D), G-343 (B,C,F,G), G344 (A-D), G-349A, G-350A	6	Routine water quality monitoring ongoing in Southern Flow-way for portion of WY2006; was taken off-line for Long-Term Plan enhancements in January 2007. Northern Flow-way off-line during WY2006 for Long-Term Plan enhancements.
	New: None	0	
STA-6	Existing: G-602, G-603	2	All water quality stations on-line and monitoring ongoing

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#### **STA SITE MANAGEMENT**

The District's Operations and Maintenance Department, Environmental Operations Section, currently staffs three STA site managers (one for both STA-1W and STA-1E, one for both STA-2 and STA-3/4, and one for both STA-5 and STA-6). The primary responsibility of the STA site managers is to coordinate among various departments, divisions, and external stakeholders to facilitate resolution of day-to-day STA management and operation issues. Site managers maintain an onsite presence at STAs to ensure objectives of the STA program are met.

Site managers routinely report observations of changing environmental and site conditions, maintenance concerns, or infrastructure problems to appropriate District staff. Significant additional coordination between the District's Construction Department and the site managers has been and will be required during the build-out of the Long-Term Plan components. Additionally, site managers coordinate monthly vegetation management surveys with Vegetation Management and Field Operations staff to identify priorities and strategies to meet the overall vegetation goals of the STA program. Site managers also monitor daily stormwater operations and confirm that these operations are consistent with the established STA operation plans.

### **ACQUISITION OF SURVEY DATA**

The Acquisition of Survey Data project as described in the October 27, 2003, the Long-Term Plan was completed in FY2005. As new STA facilities and structures are completed, acquisition of any necessary survey data is collected on an as needed basis.

# ADDITIONAL FLOW AND WATER QUALITY MONITORING STATIONS

This project consists of establishing 47 new flow and water quality monitoring stations in the STAs. These additional monitoring stations are in STA-3/4 (two seepage pumps and nine culverts), STA-1W (two culverts) and STA-1E (19 stations). The instrumentation has been completed and flow computation has been implemented at G-258 and G-259 culverts in STA-1W. The registration in DBHYDRO has been completed for G-374B and E, G-375B and E, G-377B and D, G-378B and D, G-383, and seepage pumps G-370, and G-372 in STA-3/4. Currently, flow is computed at all STA-3/4 culverts using calibrated flow rating equations. Flow is also computed at the inflow pumps G-370, G-370S (seepage), G-372, and G-372S (seepage) using the pump manufacturers' curves at these sites.

Stilling wells have been installed at the following 19 stations in STA1-E: S-363B, S-364B, S-365A and B, S-366B and D, S-367B and D, S-368B and D, S-369A and D, S-370, S-371B, S-372B and D, S-373B, S-374B, and S-375. Certification and validation of these stage sensors and replacement of the gate sensors has been completed. During FY2006, three discharge measurements were made at S-319, one measurement was made at S-361, and one measurement was made at S-362. Additional measurements will be made as more opportunities come this rainy season. Installation of sensors at structures G-380B and E and G-381B and E has been completed.

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# REVIEW AND CORRECTION OF FLOW MEASUREMENT ANOMALIES

The goal of this project is to address flow estimate uncertainties, and to provide good quality flow data at all major flow stations in the STAs. Calibrated flow equations have been completed and implemented at 100 percent in STA-5 and STA-6, at 95 percent in STA-1W, and at 80 percent in STA-2. Theoretical flow equations for flow computation have been implemented at 100 percent in STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-2, STA-3/4, STA-5, and STA-6. In FY2006, the District will perform over 120 field flow measurements (60 in STA-3/4, and 63 in STA-1E) to complete flow rating calibration analyses at about 30 water control structures in STA-3/4 and in STA-1E.

### UPDATE AND MAINTENANCE OF HYDRAULIC MODELS

In February 2004, a 23-month work order was issued to Sutron Corporation, Inc. for the performance of two-dimensional (2-D) hydraulic modeling of the STAs. During FY2005 and early FY2006, linked cells models were developed for STA-2, STA-6 Section 1, STA-1W, STA-5, STA-3/4, and STA-1E. For each of these STAs, Existing Conditions models were developed and three flow conditions were simulated: Low Flow, Design Flow, and Peak Flow. In mid-FY2006, Sutron developed an updated model of STA-1W Cell 5 in support of the District's plan to address issues with the cell's performance as a result of severe hurricane damage. Reports describing the 2-D models developed by Sutron Corporation, Inc., are available on the District's web site at <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml">www.sfwmd.gov/org/erd/longtermplan/documents.shtml</a>.

#### OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

This project is complete; no activities were scheduled or completed for this project in FY2006.

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